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CANADA'S FRIENDSHIP FOR UNITED STATES IS LASTING, AVERS DUKE

Governor-General Says That Political Changes May Come but Dominion Sentiment Will Never Change

PLEASED WITH VISIT

Royal Guest Declares He Is Full of Admiration for Energy and Progress He Has Seen on All Sides of Him

NEW YORK—Canada can never be anything but most friendly to the United States and her admiration for this country is very great, according to the Governor-General, the Duke of Connaught, who will leave for his Canadian home tonight after nearly a week spent seeing the sights of this city and Washington .

"As Governor-General of Canada," said the duke today, "I wish to say that whatever political changes may take place in the Dominion the sentiment of the Canadian people is now and always will be one of friendliness toward the United States. I have been delighted with the opportunity of meeting President Taft, who, as has the entire American people, received me in so cordial a fashion.

"My visit to Washington was a pleasant one. On the spot where the British embassy now stands I witnessed an artillery review when I was last here 40 years ago. The appearance of the cavalry escort provided for me yesterday impressed me very much. They were a high type of soldier.

"I am full of admiration for the energy and progress which I have seen on all sides of me and will carry back to Canada the highest impressions of your country."

Fresh from his visit to President Taft in Washington, the duke returned to the residence of Ambassador Reid today greatly pleased with his reception at the capital. He said that he had enjoyed every minute of his stay and was enthusiastic in his praises of the hospitality extended.

He returned in his private car attached to a regular train and was buffeted by a crowd of early commuters. Nobody was at the station to greet the royal visitor and he was jostled by men and women alike as he entered the elevator to go to the street level.

The duke, duchess, Princess Patricia and members of the party continued their sight-seeing trips about the city today.

WASHINGTON—The Duke of Connaught arrived here late Thursday afternoon, was whirled to the British embassy, spent 40 minutes in the White House, where he was received by President and Mrs. Taft, motored back to the embassy, where he was the guest of honor at a dinner to which most of the prominent members of the diplomatic corps were invited, visited the National Press Club, and then sought his private car. He left about midnight for New York.

The Duke, the first royal visitor to Washington in many years, spent 40 minutes in the White House, and President Taft returned his call at the British embassy.

The reception in the White House lasted only 15 minutes and was as unceremonial as state department officials and the British ambassador could make it. The Duke was presented to the President by Ambassador Bryce, and then Mr. Taft presented him to Mrs. Taft and Miss Helen Taft. The members of the cabinet and their wives were presented by Major Butt.

Mrs. James Bryce, First Assistant Secretary of State Huntington Wilson and Second Assistant Secretary Adee were the only guests outside the cabinet. The duke's aide, Colonel Lowther, who came with him from New York, and the staff of the British embassy were presented to Mr. Taft. After the formal reception

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SOCIALISTS RETURN TO REICHSTAG WITH MEMBERSHIP OF 110

NEW YORK—A Berlin cable message to the New York Herald gives the details of the new Reichstag, as determined by the final result of the 33 re-ballots Thursday, as follows:

Socialists 110, National Liberals 46, Radical People's party 49, including 7 Progressives; Clericals, with Polish, Alsatian and Hanoverian Particularists, 122; Conservatives, allied parties, 69; Independent 1.

The results overthrow the working majority of the Conservative center in the last Reichstag, which is now able to muster only 102, counting every vote. This places the control in the hands of the National Liberals, who will be able to form a majority by throwing their strength with either the right or the left.

This makes the National Liberal leader, Herr Ernest Bassermann, a commanding figure in the next Reichstag.

The Socialists return as the strongest individual party, bringing their total up to 110 by winning 11 of the 21 reballots in which they participated. This is more than double their strength, which was 53 at the time of the dissolution, and 29 above the previous maximum, in 1903.

The Reichstag Center is the next strongest individual party, with 93 seats, which is a falling off of 10, said to be the result of widespread resentment at their share in the unpopular financial reform of 1909 and the prevalent high cost of living.

The Poles return with 19 members. They had hoped to play a big role and obtain important concessions for the Polish policy as an essential factor to the new government majority, but the extent of the opposition victory dashed their expectations.

One of the most striking features of the elections is the fact that the Clericals for the first time since 1881 are no longer the strongest party and no longer hold the casting vote among the parties. They have alone 93 members, the same number they had in 1877-78.

The Socialists particularly signalized the day by capturing Potsdam from the Conservatives, where Dr. Karl Liebknecht, son of the famous Socialist leader, was elected. His chief constituent is the Kaiser.

The honors of the closing Reichstag contests fairly belong to the members of the left, who won 25 of the 29 districts in which they contested. Only eight of a total of 35 fell to the members of the right and the center. Five old Conservative seats were lost to Socialists and two to Radicals.

In Marienburg, Herr von Oldenburg, Conservative, was defeated. The prominent leaders reelected include the Clerical, Dr. Johann Giesberts of Essen.

Chosen to Preside Over Chamber of Commerce of Boston Until November

JOSEPH B. RUSSELL

Because Joseph B. Russell is believed to be particularly adapted to lead the Boston Chamber of Commerce in the work of cooperation with the port directors in 1912 is announced as one of the reasons which moved the board of directors of the chamber to elect him president yesterday.

Being familiar with all phases of harbor and dock development and having strong financial connections in Boston, Mr. Russell was looked upon as the logical man to guide the chamber in its support of the great port pdoject. His election is taken to mean that the Boston Chamber of Commerce is to lend every assistance to the port directors.

Mr. Russell was second vice-president last year. He was formerly a director of the Merchants Association and since the consolidation in June, 1909, he has been a director and member of the executive committee of the chamber. He has been a member of the finance committee and of special committees from time to time.

He is treasurer of the Boston Wharf Company, vice-president of the State Street Trust Company, director of the Boston Consolidated Gas Company, the National Shawmut Bank, the Fitchburgh Railroad Company and numerous other business and financial institutions. He has been president of the Boston Real Estate Exchange and of the West End Street Railway Company.

J. Randolph Coolidge, elected first vice-president, has been one of the most active members of the metropolitan improvements committee.

The new officers of the chamber assumed their duties today and will serve only until November. This is because at the annual meeting of the chamber last Tuesday the bylaws were amended to provide for the annual election in November instead of January.

THE PUBLIC DEMAND FOR CLEAN JOURNALISM IS GROWING APACE, THANKS TO THE MONITOR'S APPEAL AND TO THE HEARTY COOPERATION OF ITS READERS IN PASSING IT ALONG

POSTAGE REQUIRED FOR MAILING TODAY'S PAPER
In United States.....1c To Foreign Countries.....2c

PROPOSED ANNEX TO THE BOSTON CITY HALL

Exterior of structure designed to care for present overflow as it will look on site of the old court house

DIST. ATTY. FRENCH DECIDES ON CHARGES MADE BY STRIKERS

Asa P. French, United States district attorney, has made his decision relative to the alleged violations of the immigration and the alien contract labor laws, charged by the members of the striking longshoremen's union. He will forward the decision to the special delegation that held a conference with him a week ago.

Mr. French declined to make public the contents of his decision, but said the decision would have to come from the union headquarters.

He received a communication a few days ago from Col. George B. Billings, immigration commissioner, relative to this change, in which Colonel Billings still maintained that there was no violation of the laws by steamship agents and captains for allowing their men to work on the docks.

DARTMOUTH CITIZENS OBJECT TO LINES OF CONGRESS DISTRICT

Congressional redistricting was taken up again today when the special committee opened its hearings at the State House, having before it the report of the special recess committee.

Herbert Wing of Dartmouth was first heard. He remonstrated against separating Dartmouth and New Bedford, saying that there interests are similar and that they are in the same senatorial district. He said the interests of Dartmouth would be better taken care of by a New Bed-

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HEAD OF COMMERCE CHAMBER TO WORK WITH PORT DIRECTORS

APPROVAL OF FINANCE BOARD IS SOUGHT FOR CITY HALL ANNEX PLAN

Edward T. P. Graham, the architect, sent the plans for the city hall annex to the Boston finance commission today and if the members affix their approval in time advertisements for bids to erect the structure will be published in the City Record Feb. 3.

All possible haste will be made after the plans are approved as Mayor Fitzgerald wishes to have the contract awarded before he goes South in the middle or latter part of February.

The plans as submitted today to the finance commission are changed only in the matter of a few minor details from those submitted to the mayor. The changes are all inside detail leaving the exterior as originally accepted by Mayor Fitzgerald.

As planned, there will be room for all the departments now located outside of city hall with two floors to spare. After letting the contract Mr. Graham will consult with the heads of the various departments and the mayor as to locations.

It is understood that the finance commission will oppose the proposition of placing the headquarters of the school committee in the new annex instead of in the proposed new High School of Commerce. The committee as a whole do not favor the annex plan for their administration quarters and it seems quite probable that the issue will be dropped.

REBELS ADVANCING ON PEKING CHECKED BUT GAIN VANTAGE

(By the United Press)

SHANGHAI, China—The republican forces today began a movement against Peking. A column of troops moving northward from Shantung province encountered the imperial army midway between Nanking and Tien-tsin and conflict resulted.

The imperialists tore up the railway tracks and used machine guns, but the republicans fought so well that the imperialists were forced to withdraw. The rebel advance, however, was temporarily halted and engineers were put to work to replace the rails. The imperialists are waiting reenforcements before resuming the engagement.

Despatches tonight from Wuchang state that the main section of the revolutionary army has started northward to cooperate against the capital. The troops are under the command of Gen. Li Yuan Hung, rebel commander-in-chief. Practically all the soldiers fought in the battles at Wuchang, Hankow and Nanking. They are plentifully supplied with ammunition and field artillery.

The influence of concession seekers, obtained by contributions to the revolutionary cause, is alleged by the Shanghai Gazette to have prevented President Sun from making peace.

MALDEN Y. M. C. A. IS AFTER 1,000 MEMBERS

Starting with a dinner in the association hall of the Malden Y. M. C. A. tomorrow night to the team captains and members, a campaign of seven days will open for new members. One thousand new members will be the goal which the campaigners are to endeavor to reach by Feb. 5.

During the days of the campaign suppers are to be served in the association hall each evening and reports will be made by the teams. The ladies' auxiliary of the association will furnish the suppers and members of the auxiliary will wait upon the tables.

General Secretary Samuel K. Nason of the association will be in active charge of the work. A year ago he conducted the campaign for $75,000 which was raised in 10 days and with which all indebtedness on the building in Pleasant street was paid, a swimming tank was installed and the building altered to contain 32 dormitory rooms, all of which are now rented. The members of the campaign committee are as certain of success in their present plan as they were in raising the funds at that time.

The membership of the association at present is between 400 and 450. Arrangements have been made by the teams regarding the membership rates for all who join during the campaign and a member

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CAMBRIDGE NOW AFTER GRAND TRUNK TERMINAL

Cambridge has begun a campaign to get the passenger and freight terminals of the proposed line of the Grand Trunk to Boston, located in that city. The movement is being engineered by members of the Cambridge Board of Trade. It has the indorsement of Mayor J. Edward Barry.

The tradesmen of the University city say that there are many advantages that the Grand Trunk can not afford to overlook. Among them is a large amount of vacant land on which to build their big terminals.

The publicity committee of the Board of Trade, consisting of Forris W. Norris, chairman; Reginald Mark Hull, secretary of the Cambridge Taxpayers Association; William L. Mowll, James J. Scully and James Hadley, met Cy Warman, general assistant to Edward H. Fitzhugh of the Grand Trunk railroad at luncheon at the City Club yesterday to urge their project.

Messrs. Mowll, Hull and Norris of this committee are also members of the publicity committee of the Cambridge Taxpayers Association. Messrs. Scully and Norris are members of the Cambridge industrial commission.

Milford is making efforts to get the proposed line of the Grand Trunk railway in Massachusetts to touch that town. Salem is seeking to be on the route of entrance to Boston from the north. Both these municipalities sent representatives before Grand Trunk officials at the Hotel Touraine yesterday to make their pleas.

UNITED SHOE CO. IS REASSURED BY MR. BRANDEIS

WASHINGTON—Louis D. Brandeis of Boston appeared before the judiciary committee of the House today in support of the Linroot-La Follette anti-trust bill.

Preceding Mr. Brandeis' argument, C. A. Littlefield, former congressman, representing the United Shoe Machinery Company, spoke briefly, saying that since these were two suits against the United Shoe Machinery Company in the courts he hoped that nothing would be done at the hearing that would in any way embarrass the company in those suits. Mr. Brandeis answered that he had no such intention.

Rate Differentials by Which Boston Alleges It Loses Export Business

Boston seeks to be placed on the same export freight rate basis as Baltimore, and wants the New York rate to remain the same as at present.

The Baltimore rate is three cents below New York on first-class freight, while Philadelphia's on the same class is two cents below New York.

On flour Baltimore is two cents below New York and Philadelphia one cent.

On grain Baltimore has a differential of 1½ cents below New York and Philadelphia a one-cent differential.

On the grain lake traffic Boston, Philadelphia and Baltimore have a differential of three tenths of a cent over New York.

BETTER SUPERVISION OF STATE FINANCES URGED IN MANY BILLS

Representatives of a number of cities and towns attended a hearing given on several bills providing for a state finance commission and regulation of the finances of towns before the joint committee on ways and means of the Legislature today.

Former Mayor Nathan Matthews of Boston, former President Allen T. Treadway of the Senate and Charles F. Gettemy, director of the bureau of statistics, were present.

Senate bill 74, accompanying the petition of Senator George H. Tinkham, providing for the election of finance commissions by cities and towns, and Senate bill 112, accompanying the petition of

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BOSTON GRAIN MAN CALLS DIFFERENTIAL FOREIGN SHIP SUBSIDY

WASHINGTON—"If the export differential favoring Baltimore is absorbed by the steamship companies it amounts to nothing less than a subsidy to foreign vessels," said George W. Eddy, grain exporter of Boston, at the rate hearing today before the interstate commerce commission.

"If it is absorbed by the grain exporters it is granting them a monopoly as far as export trade is concerned. Boston is an overflow port and receives business only after the other ports, including those of Canada, are filled to capacity. Canadian grain has been our mainstay in the export business and now that special rates have been granted to Canadian grain going through Baltimore and Philadelphia, Boston is in a serious predicament."

Charles S. Hamlin, counsel for Boston interests, rested his case after the testimony of Mr. Eddy.

Because Boston has abandoned its issue with New York and begun its fight to get the same export rate enjoyed at Baltimore, the latter city may virtually abandon its lake differential battle and seek to have the present import differential retained.

This has resulted, in the opinion of counsel representing respective interests, in sidetracking New York's entire fight for equality with the other cities, and places Baltimore and Philadelphia in the position of struggling for a continuance of the present differential on exports as well as making permanent the status quo decision on imports imposed in May last year.

Philadelphia cannot fail to get the same relative freight advantages should the present rates be disturbed, because of the Boston contention that the placing of Boston on the same basis with New York on the export inland rate has caused that port to lose business.

Should the differential be changed, authorities say that Philadelphia would necessarily obtain a lower rate than at present. Judging by the frequent questions of Commissioner Clarke, it is not likely that the differential will be altered.

One of Men Prominent in Seven-Day Campaign for Y. M. C. A. Members

FRANK M. SAWTELL

LEGISLATIVE INQUIRY INTO STRIKE CAUSES BEGINS AT LAWRENCE

Sub-Committee of Committee on Rules Meets Business Men and Confers With Operatives' Representatives

HAYWOOD TO TOUR

Former Miners' Leader Evades Questions as to Ordering a Textile Walkout Throughout New England

LAWRENCE STRIKE SITUATION

Legislative sub-committee begins inquiry into strike conditions by interviewing business men and strikers.

W. D. Haywood will leave tomorrow night for a tour which the strikers say will include New England textile centers. He evaded questions as to ordering a general walkout.

Mills show a slight gain in number of workers, many Italians returning to the looms.

One defendant in "dynamite cases" discharged; cases against seven others continued.

Lawrence business men look for early settlement and criticize legislative inquiry

LAWRENCE, Mass.—Grafton D. Cushing, speaker of the House, chairman of the sub-committee of the House committee on rules, and John F. Meaney, representative, of Blackstone, and Henry Bothfield, of Newton, come here today to follow out the plan of Governor Foss in investigating the strike conditions in Lawrence.

The first work of the sub-committee was a conference with Mayor Scanlon and Colonel Sweetser, commanding the militia. Mayor Scanlon told the members that a peaceful solution of the strike question was now really "up to the mill owners."

Colonel Sweetser, upon being questioned by Speaker Cushing, said in his opinion the present force of militia now doing guard duty around the mills is sufficient to maintain order.

A short conference with a committee of business men who are aiding the authorities in an effort to bring the opposing factors together brought out the fact that these business men are opposed to an immediate legislative investigation of conditions in the mills. One of these business men, a leader in civic affairs, said:

"There is every reason to believe the strike will be settled very shortly. An immediate legislative investigation may stop the negotiations we have been given every reason to believe are now going on between owners and striking operatives."

The committee here today made it plain that their sole purpose is to get preliminary data and information that may prove valuable to the general committee when it considers Governor Foss' special message of yesterday and the two resolutions urging an investigation introduced by Representative Morrill, of Haverhill, in the House and Senator Barlow in the Senate.

At 1 o'clock the sub-committee went into conference with J. J. Ettor and W. D. Haywood and the entire executive committee of the strikers, which comprises 48 operatives. The strikers gave in detail their side of the case.

Later the legislators visited the mills and talked with the officials in charge and with the operatives who are still at work.

Haywood to Leave

Just as the sudden coming of William D. Haywood, the former president of the Western Federation of Miners, put a different complexion on the textile strike, so the impending departure of this labor leader, who is now a prime mover in the Industrial Workers of the World, is keeping the community guessing as to what his leave-taking may mean.

It is said by many of the labor people that Mr. Haywood and J. J. Ettor are about to enter upon a campaign which will take them through the entire New England mill district in order to bring support to the strikers. The next few days should show whether the strike is to be extended or confined to its present area.

A slight gain was made by the mills today. Not more than 10 per cent of the operatives are at work, it is said. In some of the mills the percentage is a little larger, while in others it is considerably smaller.

At the Wood mill, employing 8000 to 9000, it is estimated that about 300 entered the gates this morning. Between 400 and 500 reported at the Arlington mill.

A victory for the strikers came today in the dismissing by Judge J. J. Mahoney of the case against Trinidad Bushara, who with seven others was arrested after the finding of dynamite sticks in the Syrian quarter.

The cases against the other defendants were postponed, when state and municipal police again admitted their cases "are not complete." Ten days will be given the police to perfect their case.

The strikers executive committee today decided to demand that state officials include in the investigation of strike con-

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THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

If you are looking for employment, or for an employee, the Monitor offers you an opportunity to supply your need without the expense of advertising.

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DETROIT IS AGAINST GIVING UP STREETS FOR THREE-CENT FARE

DETROIT—Why the people of Detroit voted against universal transfers and 3-cent fares during the day and early evening is now attributed to opposition to making any further deal with the Detroit United Railway Company.

The reason for the defeat of the ordinance is generally believed to be a decided opposition on the part of the voters to giving the Detroit United Railway Company a new lease of life on the main streets of the city. Many franchises expire soon, and the people apparently want an entirely new deal. By many the Hally-Thompson ordinance was looked upon as a grab by the traction company.

The municipal ownership clause in the franchise, which empowered the city to take over the lines at six months' notice, was knocked out by the supreme court several days ago, and this aided in the defeat of the grant, supporters of the grant declare.

A surprising feature of the balloting was the smallness of the total vote. Intense interest had been taken in the fight for two months by the newspapers, the Detroit Board of Commerce and the citizens generally, but out of a total registration of 80,000 the total vote barely reached 50,000.

DEMOCRATIC CITY COMMITTEE GETS READY FOR WORK

One hundred and fifty-four members of the Democratic city committee for 1912 met in Faneuil hall Thursday evening and organized with last year's board of officers reelected, and the old rules readopted.

The officers are Joseph A. Maynard, president; P. J. Brady and Morris L. Morrison, vice-presidents; Jeremiah McNamara, treasurer; Francis L. Daly and Andrew Badaracco, secretaries.

President Maynard urged all of the members to prepare for the coming fall national and state campaigns.

On motion of Councilor Timothy J. Buckley the meeting voted that the Hyde Park town committee be authorized to have representation in the Boston committee on the Boston basis, which is one delegate to every 200 voters. Hyde Park is to select such delegates as she chooses.

Brief remarks were also made by two of the unsuccessful councilor candidates, Owen A. Cunningham and Charles O'Brien.

HEARING ON LIGHTS ASKED

The Pressure Lighting Company of New York has sent to Mayor Fitzgerald a letter demanding a public hearing before any bids are accepted or contracts made by the city in response to the advertisement of Dec. 30, 1911, calling for bids for supplying the city with lamps or equipment for street lighting purposes.

AT THE THEATERS

BOSTON

BOSTON—"Trail of the Lonesome Pine."
CASTLE SQUARE—"The Middleman."
COLONIAL—"The Pink Lady."
HOLLIS—John Drew in "A Single Man."
B. F. KEITH'S—Vaudeville.
MAJESTIC—Marguerite Clark.
PARK—"The Country Boy."
PLYMOUTH—Miss Viola Allen.
SHUBERT—"The Never Homes."

NEW YORK

ASTOR—"The Red Widow."
BELASCO—David Warfield.
BROADWAY—"The Wedding Trip."
CASINO—"Sumurun."
CENTURY—"The Garden of Allah."
COHAN—"The Little Millionaire."
COLLIER'S—"Bunty Pulls the Strings."
CRITERION—Gertrude Elliott.
DALY'S—"Rose of Panama."
ELLIOTT—"Bird of Paradise."
EMPIRE—Ethel Barrymore.
GAIETY—Elsie Ferguson.
HARRIS—"The Talker."
HERALD SQUARE—"The Million."
HIPPODROME—Spectacles.
HUDSON—Mme. Simone.
KNICKERBOCKER—"Kismet."
LIBERTY—"Elevating a Husband."
LYCEUM—Mme. Nazimova.
LYRIC—"Little Boy Blue."
MANHATTAN—"The Faun."
NEW AMSTERDAM—"Ben-Hur."
NEW YORK—"The Pearl Maiden."
PARK—"The Quaker Girl."
REPUBLIC—"The Woman."
THIRTY-NINTH—"Butterfly on Wheel."
WALLACK'S—"Disraeli."

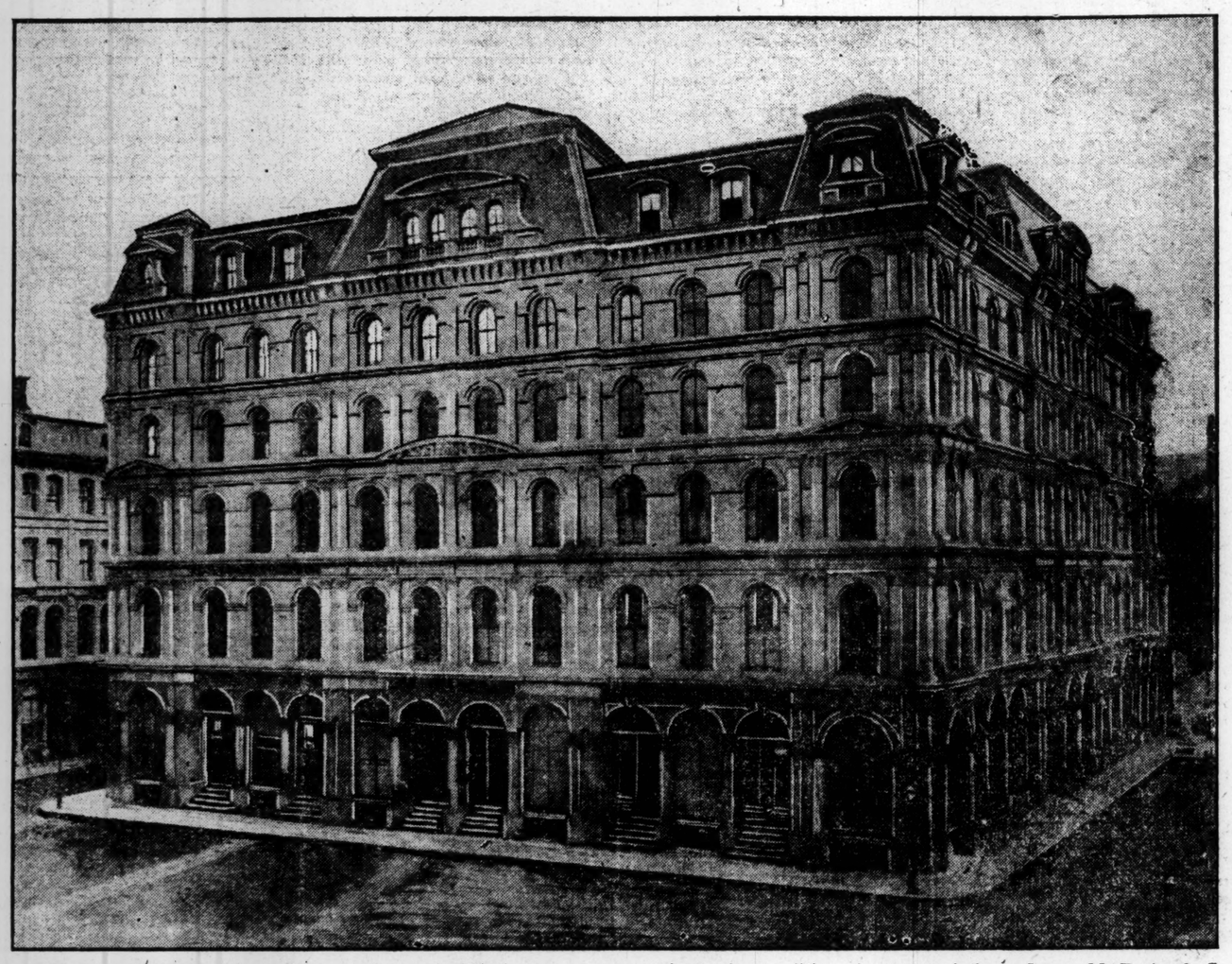
BOSTON CONCERTS

FRIDAY—Symphony hall, 2:30 p. m., fourteenth Symphony rehearsal; Katharine Goodson soloist.
SATURDAY—Jordan hall, 3 p. m., composers' recital. Symphony hall, 8 p. m., fourteenth Symphony concert; Katharine Goodson soloist.

BOSTON OPERA HOUSE

FRIDAY—8 p. m., "Faust."
SATURDAY—2 p. m., new production of "Haensel and Gretel," followed by ballet of "Coppelia." 8 p. m., "Cavalleria," followed by "Pagliacci."

HOUSES AND STREETS OF BOSTON THAT LIVE IN THE HISTORY OF THE CITY



The famous Beebe block, shown as it was in Winthrop square, was the business edifice of two noted firms, James M. Beebe & Co. and Parker, Wilder & Co., the latter still in existence. This building was destroyed by the fire of 1872 and then was succeeded by the present structure. Devonshire street started from the Old State House and was early known as Pudding lane to Water street; and from Water to Milk street was Joyliffe's lane and Black Jack alley; from Milk to Franklin place, now Franklin street, was Theater alley and Odeon avenue, and was extended from that point in 1858 to Otis and Winthrop places. The name of Winthrop place was changed in 1861 to Devonshire street, and Otis place to Otis street. In the center of what is now the entrance to Winthrop square, facing on Franklin street, was the Roman Catholic cathedral, which was torn down to make this extension to the square. This location contained the offices and warehouses of many Boston merchants, and the buildings in this vicinity through to Summer street were destroyed in the 1872 fire.

DOUBLE STANDARD IS IN FAVOR FOR PENSION BILL

WASHINGTON — It is believed that the Senate committee on pensions will at a meeting soon adopt what is known as the double standard, and that any pension legislation which is to be enacted at this session of Congress will follow closely the lines of the Senate committee's program.

At the last session of the sixty-first Congress the House, then under Republican control, passed the Sulloway bill providing for an addition of about $45,000,000 a year to the present pension roll of $160,000,000 a year. That bill was defeated in the Senate on a statement from the secretary of the interior that its passage would necessitate the finding of additional sources of revenue. The House early in this session, under Democratic control, passed the Sherwood bill providing for an addition of $75,000,000 a year to the pension roll, according to the estimates of the secretary of the interior.

The Sherwood bill meets in the Senate the same objection which the Sulloway bill met. It is therefore quite safe to say that the Senate committee will not report it, or any bill looking to the appropriation annually of a sum of money anywhere near $75,000,000. It is also safe to say that any modification of the Sherwood bill adopted by the Senate committee and passed by the Senate, will be accepted by the House.

The annual encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic last September passed resolutions advising that the Sherwood bill be made to "more nearly conform" to the Sulloway bill. The general pension committee of the G. A. R., named by the 1911 encampment, Judge Ell Torrance of Minneapolis, chairman, met in Washington a few days ago, and before appearing before the Senate committee, it adopted, by unanimous vote, a motion favoring the double standard.

At the hearing before the Senate committee which followed, this committee advocated this union of the principles underlying the Sulloway and the Sherwood bills, respectively, and since the committee was already inclined to the double standard, it is safe to predict that the bill it will report to the Senate will embody it.

The Senate committee seems disposed to limit the amount to be appropriated by its forthcoming bill to something like $20,000,000 to $25,000,000, although it might go as high as $30,000,000. There are before the committee 14 different sets of figures, which work out the double standard in as many different ways. These have been verified by the pension bureau, and have been the basis of the study members of the committee already have given the question. Of these 14 different plans, the eleventh and the thirteenth find most favor, and it seems probable that one or the other of them will be adopted by the committee when it is ready to draft its bill.

Plan No. 11 provides for an appropriation of $10,500,000 the first year, $30,500,000 the second year and $19,500,000 the third year with rapidly decreasing annual sums thereafter. It would increase the average annual pension $52.75. It would pay the 90-day men $18 a month, the one-year men $20 a month, the two-year men $22 a month and the three and four-year men $24 a month.

Plan No. 13 provides for an appropriation of $15,900,000 the first year, $41,000,000 the second year and $27,000,000 the third year with rapid decreases thereafter. It would give the 90-day men $18 a month, the one-year men $21 a month, the two-year men $24 a month and the three or four-year man $27 a month.

It is the desire of the Senate committee not to report a bill which will exceed the estimated revenues of the government. If the revenues will stand the No. 13 plan, that plan may be adopted, otherwise the committee will be likely to favor No. 11, or some plan which will preserve its essential features.

IDAHO IRRIGATION DEAL IS FINANCED

BOISE, Idaho—The Bully creek irrigation project, comprising about 30,000 acres of fine fruit and alfalfa lands located west and northwest of Vale, Ore., has been financed at a cost of $500,000. This information was given out by George E. Davis of Vale recently.

Water rights will cost $80 an acre, payable in 20 years. Water for the project will be impounded in two reservoirs to be located on Bully creek. The site for one of these is on the Anderson ranch, 20 miles west of Vale, and the other on the Lamberson ranch, 28 miles west of the same place.

PLAN TO SURVEY FOREST RESERVES

OLYMPIA, Wash.—E. P. Kingsbury, the surveyor-general of this city, has plans prepared for the surveying of 100,000 acres in the forest reserves.

The department is hampered by lack of money, so the Washington delegation in Congress will be urged to have the federal land department hasten the work and to secure the necessary funds to have the surveying completed so the lands can be assessed for taxation purposes.

BAR ELECTS JUDGE KING

BROCKTON, Mass.—The first meeting of the Brockton Bar Association in 11 years was held Thursday afternoon at the court house, the following officers being elected: Judge Charles C. King, president; Albert F. Barker, district attorney, vice-president; John McCarty, secretary; C. Harold Porter, treasurer; L. Franklin Garfield, Elmer H. Fletcher and Edward J. Barry, council.

D. K. E. DINNER POSTPONED

The annual dinner of the New England Alumni Association of the Delta Kappa Epsilon Fraternity will be held at the City Club Feb. 2. The date originally announced was Jan. 26.

WINTHROP WOMEN ENTERTAIN MEN AT ANNUAL MEETING

MRS. RUSSELL GARDNER

Winthrop Women's Club held its annual "men's night" in the parish house of the Episcopal church Thursday evening. Nearly all of the members of the club were present and many guests. Mrs. Russell Gardner, president of the club, conducted the after-dinner exercises.

The speaker of the evening was Robert Lincoln O'Brien.

The special committee in charge of the affair was Mrs. Fred W. Woodcock, Mrs. Harry M. Jones and Mrs. Walter E. Anderton.

OFFICERS ELECTED BY PEACE SOCIETY

NEW YORK—At the annual meeting of the New York Peace Society at the Hotel Astor on Thursday night Dr. Henry M. McCracken, chancellor emeritus of the New York University and one of the vice-presidents of the society, presided in the absence of Andrew Carnegie.

The following officers were elected for the year: President, Andrew Carnegie; vice-presidents, Dr. Lyman Abbott, Dr. Felix Adler, William S. Bennet, Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler, Joseph H. Choate, R. Fulton Cutting, John M. Farley, President Finley of the City College; Bishop David H. Greer, Justice Charles E. Hughes, John Henry Jewett, Henry M. McCracken, Prof. John Bassett Moore, Robert C. Ogden, Alton B. Parker, George Foster Peabody, Gen. Horace Porter, Senator Elihu Root, Jacob H. Schiff, Isaac H. Seligman, Albert Shaw, Albert K. Smiley, James Speyer, Melville E. Stone, Oscar S. Straus and Dr. Andrew D. White; secretary, Prof. Samuel T. Dutton; executive secretary, William H. Short; treasurer, Clark Williams.

VERMONT MEN NAME OFFICERS

In the Hotel Westminster with Charles H. Bradley presiding and a large attendance, the Vermont Association of Boston on Thursday night held its annual meeting.

The following officers were elected: Charles H. Bradley, president; Everett C. Benton and Harvey King, vice-presidents; Elmer E. Silver, secretary; Roland E. Chafey, treasurer; James Harry Holden, chaplain, and William M. Hatch, Albert H. Willis, Mansel H. Bush, George M. Dimond, George W. Bishop, George W. Brown, Timothy E. Byrnes, David T. Montague and Carroll W. Doten, executive committee.

Following the business meeting the assembly was addressed informally by Timothy E. Byrnes, vice-president of the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad, whose subject was "Vermont and Pioneers of the West."

C. F. SHAW PASSES AWAY

NEW BEDFORD, Mass.—Charles Frederick Shaw, prominent for many years in railroad and city affairs, passed away Thursday. He was born in this city Nov. 24. In August, 1862, he enlisted in company H, Thirty-eighth Massachusetts regiment, and rose to the rank of first lieutenant. After the war Mr. Shaw went West and engaged in the wholesale grocery business in East Saginaw, Mich., where he became police commissioner. He owned the East Saginaw street railroad. Returning to this city Mr. Shaw served in the board of aldermen and the state Legislature. For a number of years he was treasurer of the Union Street Railroad Company.

CHARITY CLUB ENTERTAINS

Many members of the Woman's Charity Club attended the entertainment given by the literary committee at the Vendome Thursday afternoon.

Mrs. William H. Converse, chairman, had prepared a program consisting of solos, duets, quartets and selections by Miss Marion J. Henderson, soprano; Miss Lillian V. Beatey, soprano; Miss Lillie Osgood Crocker, contralto, and Miss Abbie Conley, alto. Violin selections were given by Miss Lillian Chandler, with Mrs. Henry P. Ballard, accompanist.

SOMERVILLE MASONS HOSTS

Soley lodge, A. F. and A. M. of Somerville will hold its annual women's night in Endicott hall and adjoining apartments Monday evening, when 300 members and guests will be present. Edmund W. Curtis, worshipful master, is chairman of the committee, which includes the 14 subordinate officers and several members.

NEW HAVEN ENGINEER SPEAKS

W. S. Murray, electrical engineer of the New Haven road, spoke on "Electrification of the Trunk Road Lines" at the monthly meeting of the New England Street Railway Club at the American house last evening.

PHELPS IS ELECTROCUTED

Silas N. Phelps of Munroe Bridge was electrocuted at the state prison at Charlestown soon after midnight for shooting Emmett F. Haskins, a deputy sheriff of Franklin county.

AUTO OPERATORS ENTERTAIN

The Massachusetts Automobile Operators Association entertained about 300 members and guests last evening at a talk at its clubhouse, 204 Dartmouth street.

LOOSE LEAF BOOKS

Will save you money. See our large stock. We make to order. 57-63 Franklin St. Ward's

SPOKANE TO BUILD AN AUDITORIUM

SPOKANE, Wash.—A huge auditorium, with seating capacity of at least 10,000 and so constructed as to be available for all public gatherings, will undoubtedly be erected in Spokane this year.

The initial steps toward such an undertaking have been made and the proposition will soon be placed before the citizens either in the form of a municipal bond issue or by public subscription.

The necessity for such a building has been strongly in evidence during the four national apple shows held annually in the city since 1908 and also the crying need of such a building to house the ever-increasing number of national conventions which are being secured for the city.

It is believed such an institution can be made self-supporting through the constantly increased patronage which will follow the permanent housing of annual events here.

SENATE CONFIRMS MAINE COLLECTOR

WASHINGTON—The Senate confirmed the nomination of Willis T. Emmons as collector of customs at Portland on Thursday.

Charles M. Moses, who was collector for 12 years, was charged with pernicious political activity. Senators Gardner and Johnson had the Senate defer confirmation until Collector Moses presented his case to President Taft. The President refused to withdraw Mr. Emmons' nomination, which was obtained by Representatives Hinds and Guernsey, Republicans.

CLUB WILL ELECT OFFICERS

Boston Congregational Club will hold its annual meeting next Monday evening in Ford hall, when officers and regular standing committees will be elected for the ensuing year—a layman to be chosen president (according to the rules), to succeed a clergyman, the Rev. Edward M. Noyes. All other nominees will be named on the ballot supplied by the nominating committee.

Prizes of $20 in Gold

$10 First Prize
$5 Second Prize
$3 Third Prize
$2 Fourth Prize

Write a poem, prose or short story, limited to 100 lines, on the merits of the famous

Holeproof Hose

For Men, Women and Children

Send it to the advertising manager at Talbot Co. Contest closes April 1, 1912. Representatives of the various Boston papers will act as judges.

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Valentines W. B. Clarke Co. 25 & 28 Tremont St

Leading Events in the Athletic World :-: Western Basketball

WISCONSIN FIVE HAS LEAD IN THE WESTERN CONFERENCE LEAGUE

Fast Badger Basketball Team Is Yet to Be Defeated in Championship Race of 1912

PURDUE IS SECOND

WESTERN CONFERENCE STANDING

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Wisconsin	4	0	1.000
Purdue	2	0	1.000
Chicago	2	0	1.000
Minnesota	2	1	.667
Indiana	0	1	.000
Iowa	0	2	.000
Northwestern	0	3	.000
Illinois	0	3	.000

THIS WEEK'S GAMES

Friday—Nebraska at Minnesota, Lake Forest at Knox.

Saturday—Wisconsin at Chicago, Purdue at Illinois, Nebraska at Minnesota, Wabash at Notre Dame, Crane at Culver, Lake Forest at Monmouth, DePaul at St. Viator's.

CHICAGO—By defeating Minnesota last week in a decisive game Wisconsin's basketball squad secured a firm hold on the top position in the percentage column, and a hold that is not likely to be wrested loose in the near future. The Badgers have won four straight games and in those games have showed a rare brand of basketball of the championship-winning type which excells any other performances seen in the West this year. Not until they meet Purdue do the Wisconsin five appear to be scheduled for a really hard game, for the most sanguine Maroon adherents have little hope of a Chicago victory over Wisconsin in the game to be played on the Bartlett gymnasium floor tomorrow night. Chicago has won from Northwestern and Illinois, but even the lineup presented in those first two games would not measure up well with Wisconsin, and the Maroons have been weakened since the Illinois game by the practical loss or Norgren's services.

Purdue has only two comparatively easy games, against Northwestern and Indiana, but will meet a stronger competitor in Illinois tomorrow night. However, the Boilermakers are strong this year and are expected to administer a fourth defeat to the down-state team. Illinois has four veterans on the team in Hall, Woolsfon, Dahringer and Leo, with four other available men of varsity calibre in Gates, Lagario, White and Lewis to draw on. Hall at forward and Woolston at guard are the stars and they play a fast game, but the Illinois defense has been too ragged to withstand such aggressive veterans as Captain McVeagh at center, Barr and Malarkey at forwards and Stockton and Johnson at guards.

The Chicago-Illinois contest was one of the most closely fought. Goettler played a star game at forward and Molander at guard, for the Maroons, Molander scoring eight points from three throws, and three field baskets. Hall and Woolston led the Illinois both in attack and defense.

Without Sauer and Norgren in the lineup Chicago has little hope of victory over Wisconsin, according to Coach Page. The Maroons are all light in comparison and though they are playing fast, aggressive basket ball and in good team work, the forward trio are all six-footers, and Captain Scoville and Van Riper are playing a magnificent game at guards. Paine has been playing a hard game at center, but Coach Page is contemplating using Pollack at the position.

The Wisconsin-Minnesota game was a great exhibition of basket ball between two great teams, the Gophers losing chiefly because of Wisconsin's supreme defense, in which Van Riper was the central figure, stopping Captain Lawler's fierce attacks. Stangl and Johnson were not to be denied by the Gopher guards.

Iowa put up a plucky battle against Minnesota and held the visitors even in the second half, despite the one-sided score in the first period. Malden and Hanna proved equal to the task of stopping Lawler and held him to two baskets in the entire game. The Hawkeyes need development of team work rather than individual playing.

Indiana started out the season weak, losing a ragged game to Purdue. The Hoosiers are inexperienced players and show a lack of team work. Center Graves and guard Davis are the best players.

This week's games promise to set Wisconsin for the time being at least pretty well out of reach of all the conference teams except Purdue, and the Boilermakers are expected to climb a notch after Wisconsin by winning from Illinois. Minnesota will rest, as far as the conference race is concerned, being engaged in a double bill with Nebraska.

HUTCHINS WINS AGAIN

Constantine Hutchins of the Boston A. A., Massachusetts squash champion, advanced another step at the Boston A. A. Thursday in his endeavor to repeat his win of the individual championship of the Massachusetts Squash Racquet Association tournament. He defeated H. W. Read of the Boston A. A. in the second round after four games, 12-15, 15-11, 15-8, 15-3. In the first round Norman W. Cabot of the Tennis and Racquet Club defeated S. J. Beals of the Boston A. A., 15-10, 15-8, 15-10.

THREE NEW WORLD RECORDS ARE MADE IN INDOOR MEET

G. F. Bonhag, P. McDonald and J. J. Eller All of Irish-American A. C. Are the Successful Athletes

NEW YORK—Three new world's records were established at the Irish-American A. C. games at Madison Square Garden Thursday night.

G. V. Bonhag, the wonderful distance runner of the Irish-American A. C., clipped nearly 18s. from the world's mark in the 5000-meter race, covering the distance in 15m. 5 4-5s. The world's record was 15m. 23s., made by Louis Scott at Celtic park last summer.

P. McDonald, the giant weight thrower of the Irish-American A. C., put the 18-pound shot to a new mark. He hurled it 44ft. 1½in., beating the mark made by Ralph Rose four years ago at Travers island by more than 5ins. Without leaving the arena McDonald started in the 56-pound weight event and won it with a throw of 16 feet. Matt McGrath second and J. J. Cahill third.

J. J. Eller followed with a new record in the 75-yard hurdle race. Twice he clipped a fifth of a second from his old figures of 9 1-5s. In his trial heat he defeated his opponents by two feet in the fast time of 9s. and repeated in the same time in the final.

G. P. Kimball of the Boston A. A., starting from the 25-yard mark, won the mile run. He was followed home by Bromilow, a 32-yard man, and Soutar from 65 yards. The time was fast for the conditions, being 4m. 27 1-5s.

The Irish-American A. C. quartet of champions—M. W. Sheppard, H. H. Gissing, A. R. Kiviat and J. Rosenberger ran a sensational race in the one-mile relay, but were beaten out for first honors. That they lost was due entirely to the liberal handicap allotted to McKenna, Frick, Richmond and DeGrouchy of the New York A. C.

The Irish-American A. C. champions ran to their best form and finished second. The Irish-American A. C. second team was third. The time was 3m. 27 1-5s. The summary:

1000-yard run, handicap—Won by E. Gilmore (2 yards), Dominican Lyceum, New York; T. A. Dolan, Fordham University (35 yards), second; R. J. Egan, I.-A. A. C. (10 yards), third. Time, 2m. 21s.

75-yard run, handicap—Won by F. J. Reynolds, N. Y. A. C. (12 feet); D. J. Ferris, Loughlin Lyceum (14 feet), second; F. E. Holloway, N. Y. A. C. (10 feet), third. Time, 8 1-5s.

One-mile run, handicap—Won by G. P. Kimball, Boston A. A. (25 yards); J. Bromilow, Jr., I.-A. A. A. C. (32 yards), second; P. Soutar, Jr., Pastime A. C. (65 yards), third. Time, 4m. 27 1-5s.

16-pound shotput—Won by P. McDonald, I.-A. A. C., distance 44ft. 1½in.; A. J. Reich, I.-A. A. C., second, 37ft. 7½in.; J. J. Frank, I.-A. A. C., third, 37ft. ½in.

75-yard run, scratch—Won by A. T. Meyer, I.-A. A. C.; C. B. Clark, Xavier A. C., second; H. Helland, Xavier A. C., third. Time, 8 1-5s.

High jump, handicap—Won by Charles Martens, Mott Haven A. C. (5 inches), hight 5ft. 9in.; E. Jennings, Pastime A. C. (2 inches), second, 5ft. 11in.; H. J. Grumpell, N. Y. A. C. (scratch), third, 5ft. 11in. Actual performances.

5000-meter run, handicap—Won by G. V. Bonhag, I.-A. A. C. (scratch); G. J. Obermeyer, National A. C. (80 yards), second; T. J. Collins, I.-A. A. C. (50 yards), third. Time, 15m. 5 4-5s.

75-yard low hurdles, handicap—Won by J. J. Eller, I.-A. A. C. (scratch); Bob Eller, Georgetown University (3 feet), second; J. M. Ross, N. Y. A. C. (6 feet), third. Time, 9s.

NINE FOOTBALL GAMES FOR TUFTS

MEDFORD—Manager Bush of the Tufts College football team has announced the schedule of the varsity eleven for 1912. The schedule calls for nine games, the largest number attempted by a Tufts team for many years. New Hampshire State College, Bowdoin, Wesleyan, Massachusetts State, Springfield Training School and Trinity will all appear on the home grounds.

Connecticut State, Brown and Worcester Polytechnic have been dropped. Amherst, Bowdoin, New Hampshire State, West Point and Trinity being taken on. Bowdoin reappears after two years, Amherst after three years and West Point after a two years' lapse. Trinity plays here for the first time in more than 10 years. The schedule:

Sept. 28, Amherst at Amherst.
Oct. 5, University of Maine at Orono; 12, New Hampshire State at Tufts; 19, Bowdoin at Tufts; 28, Wesleyan at Tufts.
Nov. 2, Massachusetts Agricultural at Tufts; 9, Springfield Training school at Tufts; 16, West Point at West Point; 23, Trinity at Tufts.

HARVARD HOCKEY TEAM BEATS B. A. A.

Harvard's hockey team defeated the B. A. A. seven in a hard 40-minute practise game at the Arena Thursday afternoon, the match ending with the score 3 to 1 in favor of the Crimson. Capt. Fred Huntington was back in the game for Harvard. Blackall and Duncan did the scoring for the collegians, the former caging the puck twice, while Hicks made the only successful shot for the B. A. A. The line up.

HARVARD		B. A. A.
Palmer, Baldwin	f.	J. W. Foster
Duncan, Morgan	f.	Hicks
Huntington, Adams	f.	Osgood
Pierce, Reeves	f.	Leslie
Blackall, Wingate	c.p.	Heron
Willets	p.	N. Foster
Houston	p.	H. Foster
Gardner, Smart	g.	Canterbury

DORCHESTER HOLDS MEET

An interclass track meet will be held at the Dorchester high school this afternoon. This meet is open to all of the classes, and it is expected that several school records will be broken. An unusually large number of boys will participate in the meet, and there is considerable rivalry between the classes.

ONLY FEW SCHOOL HOCKEY GAMES FOR TOMORROW

Harvard Freshman-Arlington High Match in Stadium Should Be Fine Contest — E. H. S. vs. St. Marks

Tomorrow there will be but few school games played in this vicinity. The Harvard freshman-Arlington high game scheduled for the Stadium means a lot to both teams. Arlington high has not been defeated in any of the games played this season and the freshmen hold the same record, although Arlington has met comparatively stronger and a greater number of teams.

English high journeys to Southboro, where they will line up against the St. Marks school seven. Although the Southboro team has not made a very good record this season, they are improving, and at present English high is not in its best form.

Melrose high has cancelled its game with Stone school. The Stone seven however, was not over anxious to play the game, as they have lost the bulk of their attack. Charles Foote, who went west with the Intercolonial team. He will return for the games next week.

Milton Academy meets Andover at Andover, and the contest should be close. The Milton team feels the loss of its star men of last season, and has not made as strong a showing this year. Malden high should gain a victory over Chelsea high at Malden. Winchester meets the Highland Athletic Club at Winchester.

Worcester Academy plays its second game of the season, meeting Hope Street high, last year champions of Rhode Island.

TWENTY-FOUR MEN ANSWER HARVARD BASEBALL CALL

Early-season baseball work for the Harvard battery candidates started at the Hemenway gymnasium when 24 battery candidates reported for practise to Coach Sexton. Of this total 11 were varsity candidates and 14 were out for the freshman team. It is expected the number will be greatly swelled later, as there are many available men who are at present playing hockey.

Coach Sexton spoke to the men about the necessity of regular practise and gave an outline of the plan of campaign for the first part of the season. The work at the chestweights in the gymnasium will be kept up until the regular practise starts at the baseball cage on Soldiers field, after the mid-year examinations are over.

W. B. Young, the varsity catcher two years ago, was the only varsity veteran to report at the initial work. Reeves, the regular catcher last year, is still busy at hockey, but will be in fine shape when the regular work starts. Felton and Beebe, both ineligible last spring, are expected to be the mainstays of the team in the box this year.

The candidates out are as follows:

Varsity—B. Beaman '14, F. O. Bergquist '13, G. F. Bird '13, H. C. Bird '14, D. W. Buffum '14, W. Bulkeley '14, H. H. Loomis '13, N. S. Waterman '14, A. W. Welch '14, W. B. Young '13.

Freshman—F. J. Bassett, H. B. Caldwell, H. L. Chapin, R. B. Frye, L. Hemenway, C. A. Herter, J. E. McCauley, A. D. Macdonnald, F. H. Mahn, H. A. Packard, E. M. Robinson, P. B. Watson, L. M. Wright.

HARVARD MEN IN C. A. C. INDOOR MEET

Coaches Donovan and Quinn of the Harvard track team are very anxious to find out just what to expect from the candidates who are to report to them in the spring at Soldiers field. Therefore, every man who has shown ability has been entered in the coast artillery corps meet in the South armory, Irvington street, tomorrow night.

Nearly 100 Harvard athletes are entered. The best are Capt. Paul R. Withington, who will be a member of the half-mile team which will compete against the Boston Athletic Association; John B. Cummings, the hurdler; Moffit, the high jumper; Charley Brickley, the freshman shot-putter; Pete Fernald, Francis O'Brien, W. A. Barron, all members of the quarter-mile relay team, and Percy H. Keays, the shot-putter.

DETROIT CLUB RELEASES SEVEN

DETROIT, Mich.—Seven members of the Detroit American league baseball team were released Thursday, according to announcement by President Navin. Six will go to the Providence club of the International league, recently purchased by Mr. Navin. Outfielder Drake, Infielder Lathers and Pitcher Lively will go to Providence in trade for Outfielder Perry.

The same club secured, by outright release, Catcher Schmidt, Pitcher Renfer and Catcher Reynolds. Ralph Stroud has been released to Buffalo. Schmidt's release marks the passing of an American league veteran. He was practically valueless to the Detroit club as a catcher last season, but he did well as a pinch hitter.

STANLEY HEADS YALE GOLFERS

NEW HAVEN, Conn.—J. C. Stanley was Thursday evening elected captain of the Yale golf team for the coming season. He is a member of the class of 1913 in the Sheffield Scientific school, and his home is in Great Barrington, Mass.

BASEBALL MATERIAL AT COLBY COLLEGE IS MOST PROMISING LOT

Number of Veterans Available Around Which to Build Fast Nine for State Championship Series

WATERVILLE, Me.—Prospects for a strong baseball team at Colby College this season look very bright. Although the team suffered somewhat by graduation last June, there is still abundance of good material on hand with a number of veteran players around whom to build. E. R. Bowker '13 is captain of the team this year and his experience in diamond work has well fitted him as a leader. He made good his freshman year, playing third base on the varsity team, the position he again played last year. During vacations he has played on the Squirrel Island, Berlin, N. H. and Dixfield, Me., teams. He will probably be seen in his old position this year unless he is needed more elsewhere.

L. S. Sturtevant, '12, captain of the team last year, will probably do the bulk of the catching this year although he is also an exceptionally good outfielder. He has played for Colby for the three years he has been in college and has always been a mainstay of the team. Another veteran of two years' experience on the varsity is Granville Reid, '13, who will probably again be the choice for first base. Roy Good, '13, also a football and track athlete of no little ability, will again be a candidate for an outfield position and judging from his playing last year, he should have no difficulty in holding the position at center field which he has had since being in college. Good can also play behind the bat if he should be needed.

H. J. Clukey, '13 will probably be first choice for shortstop as he has been a member of the varsity team in this capacity for two years. Ivan Howell, '13, a former Coburn captain and third baseman, however, will be out for the shortstop berth and is likely to make the other candidates work to beat him out. W. A. Mooers, '14, who as a freshman made his letter in the outfield last year, will be a prominent candidate for a place this year.

On the pitching staff will be Bernard Tibbetts, '12 and John Burroughs, '14, of last year's team and a number of new men who come to Colby with reputations made in preparatory schools. Tibbetts has made his varsity letter three years. Burroughs is expected to be a mainstay of the team this year. He is a former Brewster Academy star. Frank James, '15, although without college experience is expected to make good under the influence of expert coaching. Another freshman, who is expected to make a name for himself, is William Pendergast, the old Boston English High pitcher.

There are a number of new men who will be out for positions on the team. H. W. Nutting, '14, who played first base on the varsity in 1909, is back in college and will be a prominent candidate for his old position or some other place in the infield. B. G. Priestley, '15 from Somersworth, has played an outfield position and has a reputation as a batsman. Fraser '15, from Dorchester high, will be out for second baseman; LaFleur, '15, a former Waterville High star will be out for an infield berth; Lowney, '15, the backstop of last year's Tilton Seminary team, will try for the same position on the Colby team, as will also Weston, '15 a former catcher of Higgins Classical Institute.

Athletic-Director Adams, in discussing the prospects for this year, seemed very optimistic as to Colby's chances in the championship series with the other Maine colleges, and with the material available it now looks as if the Blue and Grey would be able to develop one of the best teams in a number of years.

MUNICIPAL A. A. NAMES COMMITTEE

Fifteen men were selected Thursday afternoon by the advisory board of the Municipal Athletic Association to act as an executive committee to carry out the plans of the association. The committee is made up as follows:

For three years—The Rev. R. Kidner, Frank A. Goodwin, Hugh C. McGrath, E. B. Mero, the Rev. Charles O'Brien. For two years—W. M. Murphy, A. J. Lill, Jr., Mrs. Agnes C. Buiger, Maj. F. H. Briggs, Miss Hope W. Nary. For one year—Dr. A. E. Garland, Frank S. Mason, Carl L. Schrader, Robert A. Woods, O. L. Hebbert. President J. B. Macenbe is chairman of the committee, ex-officio.

REULBACH TO STAY IN CHICAGO

CHICAGO—Pitcher Edward Reulbach, on whom President Murphy of the Chicago National League Club was given waivers and whom Murphy talked of selling to a minor league club, signed a year's contract with Murphy Thursday. Pitcher Seril Slapnicka, a recruit, was disposed of to the Louisville club of the American Association by President Murphy, who also announced that he had received a signed contract from Outfielder Ward Miller, formerly of the Montreal and Cincinnati teams.

CALL YALE FOOTBALL MEN OUT

NEW HAVEN, Conn.—The call for winter football practise was issued at Yale today.

ANDOVER FIVE IS PREPARING FOR HARD SCHEDULE

Eight Games Will Be Played by Varsity Basketball Team, the First Coming Next Wednesday

ANDOVER, Mass.—The interclass basketball series at Phillips Andover Academy, which is preliminary to the choosing of the academy five according to the new athletic system, has been played off. As a result the best men among the classes have been chosen to compose the varsity squad. The coaches claimed four men from 1912, three from 1913, six from 1914 and one from 1915.

The following are the men selected: Washburn '12, Shelton '12, Hequembourg '12, Bickford '12, B. M. Thompson '13, Cochran '13, Poole '13, Captain Dillon '14, Derby '14, Gault '14, Huntress '14, O'Brien '14, James '14 and Eadie '15.

The team will be greatly handicapped in the loss of former Capt. Benjamin Hay. He has decided to quit the game this year. Last year Hay held down his position at left guard in a remarkable fashion, and was a valuable member of the team.

Dillon will lead this year's team. His playing last year earned for him the reputation of being one of the best that ever played for Andover. Under his guidance the new material ought to be developed into a winning five.

B. M. Thompson at center and Shelton at right guard both promise to be good men at their respective positions. They showed up very favorably in the interclass series and have been showing great speed in the varsity practise. Bickford and Washburn also promise to be valuable players to the team. Coach Oswald Tower has charge of the players and will put them through some hard practise before the first game.

Manager Black has arranged an excellent schedule for the season, having filled in the two dates which were before open. The first game will be played next Wednesday with Stearns school. The Stearns school has the reputation of having a set of good basketball players. The complete schedule is as follows:

Jan. 31, Stearns school.
Feb. 3, M. I. T.; 7, Harvard 1913; 10, Dartmouth freshmen; 14, New Hampshire State; 17, Cushing Academy at Ashburnham; 24, Yale freshmen; 27, Brown second.

TECH SEVEN WINS FROM SYRACUSE

SYRACUSE, N. Y.—Hockey players from the Massachusetts Institute of Technology defeated the seven of the Syracuse Arena Hockey Club at the Arena Thursday night. The visitors excelled Syracuse in team work and speed, particularly in the first period when they scored four goals. In the second period the locals put up a splendid defense and managed to make more accurate shots. They pressed the visitors hard and scored two goals, while the Tech men added one.

M. I. T.		SYRACUSE.
Ranney	g.	Duggan
Eichorn	p.	Hilliard
Stucklen	c.p.	Callaghan
Sloan (capt.)	c.	Davis, Marlow
McLeod	r.	Crassweller
Storke, Whittlesey	l.w.	Turton
Yerrance, Fletcher	r.w., l.w.	Delima (capt.)

Referee, Northcot of Syracuse University. Judge of play, Long of Syracuse. Timers, Delima and Fowler. Goal umpires, John and James Ayling. Penalties, Eichorn 1m., Hilliard 2m., Sloan 1m., Turton 2m., Delima 1m., Delima, 2m., Delima 1m., Stucklen 2m. Goals, first period, Sloan 5m., Storke 7m. 58s., Eichorn 4m. 50s., Storke 30s.; second period, Stucklen 9m. 58s., Callaghan 4m. 20s., Marlow 3m. 10s. Time of periods, 20m.

PALM BEACH GOLF SEMI-FINAL TODAY

PALM BEACH, Fla.—Two New England and two Metropolitan golfers are playing today in the semi-final round of the first flight of the New Year golf tournament here. H. J. Topping of Greenwich and H. P. Farrington of Woodland are the New England survivors, and as they are not in the same bracket one or both may be in the final tomorrow. Topping won his match from A. F. Southerland of the Essex County Club, 4 and 2, while Farrington defeated H. K. Bolton of Chicago by 3 and 2.

L. E. Martin of Allston defaulted to J. R. Hyde, the Florida champion, from the South Shore Field Club. Hyde will oppose Topping, while Farrington will play V. B. Hubbell of Englewood. In the beaten eight of the first flight R. J. Allyn, Hartford, and V. C. Longley, Wannamoisett, are in different halves of the semi-final and should win their matches today.

MICHIGAN ELEVEN TO HAVE SIX GAMES

ANN ARBOR, Mich.—The University of Michigan athletic board of control announced the following as the Wolverine 1912 football schedule:

Oct. 5, Case at Ann Arbor; 12, M. A. C. at Ann Arbor; 14, Ohio State at Columbus; 25, Syracuse at Syracuse.
Nov. 9, Pennsylvania at Philadelphia; 16, Cornell at Ann Arbor.
The open date, Nov. 2, may be filled by Nebraska.

BOSTON SIGNS THOMAS

The signed contract of Catcher C. B. Thomas was received at the Boston American League headquarters this morning. Thomas comes from Sacramento. He was bought from Oakland by Boston in 1910 and sold to Sacramento under an optional agreement, which has been taken up.

Famous Goal Tender Who Is Leading Ithaca Seven in Intercollegiate Series

CAPT. M. D. VAIL '12
Cornell varsity hockey team

HARVARD SEVEN TO PLAY CORNELL TOMORROW NIGHT

Ithacan Team Said to Have Developed Greatly Since First of Season—Hard Match Therefore Expected

Harvard's hockey seven is to face the Cornell team at the Boston Arena tomorrow night and close followers of the game look for a close contest. Cornell has been developing very fast the past few weeks. Harold Flack, manager of the Ithacan team, in a communication to the Arena declares the seven in fine condition.

Cornell was handicapped at the start of the season, as it had only two veterans to play hockey—Captain Vail, goal, and E. M. Scheu, the center. L. B. Smith, cover point, however, comes from Nova Scotia and gained some experience playing with a Canadian team. Under Coach Hunter's direction the team has made steady progress.

E. A. Hill, who plays rover for Cornell, played fullback on the football team last fall, and Nisbet, subpoint, pitches on the baseball team. O. M. Clark, point, was on the freshman football team and freshman crew last year and was also president of the freshman class.

The Ithacans will arrive in Boston tomorrow and will go immediately to the Arena for a practise match.

ARRANGING OHIO STATE DATES

COLUMBUS, O.—Football dates for the coming season at Ohio State are being arranged and Otterbein, Michigan, Ohio Wesleyan, Case, Oberlin, Pennsylvania State and Michigan Agricultural College has been secured, leaving three open dates as yet on the schedule.

CHICAGO BILLIARDIST WINS

CHICAGO—Walter Lauben of Chicago, western champion, defeated Charles Warren of Boston, 50 to 48, in 90 innings of three-cushion billiards here Thursday night.

BROOKLYN SIGNS NICOL

LAFAYETTE, Ind.—Hugie Nicol, Purdue athletic director, has signed as scout for the Brooklyn Nationals. Last season Nicol was chief scout for Griffith's Cincinnati Nationals.

BIG EIGHT HOLDING IMPORTANT MEETING IN CHICAGO TODAY

Question of Summer Football Is to Be Acted Upon by Colleges in the Western Conference

SCHEDULES ALSO UP

CHICAGO—Big things are expected to transpire at the Palmer house today when the representatives of the "Big Eight" Conference universities meet for their annual discussion of rules and matters of mutual interest. Summer baseball is the topic scheduled for discussion that is absorbing most interest at least to outsiders who are looking on, and the conference committee is expected to hand down a final ruling on this question which has been agitated so much during the past few months.

At present it looks doubtful that the ruling will be changed or modified to permit college athletes to play summer baseball for money and yet compete in intercollegiate athletics. Illinois and Minnesota are strongest in favor of the new rule, and Chicago, Wisconsin and Purdue are as strongly opposed to it. Indiana is thought to be against it, Northwestern is against it on most counts, and Iowa has not said much one way or the other.

Coach George Huff of Illinois is the originator of the idea, and he is respected universally as a college baseball coach. His contention is that summer baseball merely gives a man more experience in the game and a chance to help him earn his way through college, while it will not do any man any harm. He further contends that the rule prohibiting summer baseball now is a farce, as nearly all college baseball players who are good enough to get money for their services play summer baseball any way, under cover. He believes that it will be more conducive to morals to permit the practise than to have men do it on the sly.

Coach Stagg of Chicago is the leading opponent to the professional element entering university athletics. He says that the fact that men do not obey the rule is no argument for the abolition of that rule, but on the contrary demands more rigid and effectual enforcement of the rule. He regards the countenancing of professionalism in any degree as dangerous and a concession to the worst evil with which college athletics have to contend. In fact it is as a protection against this element that the conference exists and has rules. He also says that to allow summer baseball would give the man who used the privilege an advantage over the man who did not use it, in giving him more experience, and would tend to encourage others to play summer ball who would not otherwise think of it.

The question has been smouldering for years, and has been brought to an issue recently by the charges preferred by Coach Ehler of Wisconsin, against Capt. Earl Pickering of the Minnesota football team.

Director Hammett of Northwestern says that he is strongly for pure amateur athletics, provided all members of the conference will agree to enforce the present rule and establish an effective system for its enforcement. At present it is a farce, he states, and unless it can be made effective he believes it would be better to throw the gates open for summer ball, at least for a trial. He will vote against the new rule except as a last resort.

PITCHER TYLER SIGNS

Two more contracts were received at the Boston National's headquarters this morning. One was from Gowdy, the first-baseman and catcher and the other from George Tyler, the left-handed pitcher. Tyler called at headquarters this morning and after talking with President Ward, signed. Mr. Ward leaves for New York tonight and Manager Kling goes to Chicago.

SPECIAL SALE in BOYS' DEPARTMENT
(Second Floor)
On SATURDAY, January 27th
Will begin the Final Clearance Sale of Winter Clothing and Furnishings in Macullar Parker Company's Boys' and Youth's Departments. This sale will include all Broken and Odd Lots, and Greatly Reduced Prices have been made, causing especially attractive values on seasonable goods.
Youths' Overcoats and Ulsters
Were $28 to $40. Now $20 to $25
Youths' Sack Suits
Were $25 to $35.
Now $18, $22, $25
Juvenile Wool, Wash Sailors and Russians at Special Low Prices.
Boys' Overcoats and Reefers
Were $10 to $18. Now $6 to $10
Boys' Knickerbocker Suits
Were $11 to $18.
Now $8, $10, $11, $12
Boys' Shirts and Blouses
Were $1.50.....Now 85c
MACULLAR PARKER COMPANY 400 Washington Street

LEGISLATIVE INQUIRY INTO STRIKE CAUSES BEGINS AT LAWRENCE

(Continued from page one)

ditions urged by Governor Foss in a special message to the state Senate yesterday an investigation of charges that 'some one inimical to the strikers" put the dynamite in a vacant house.

Other conspicuous features today are the attitude of Mr. Haywood and Mr. Ettor, who was first in command of the striking mill operatives, and the published letter of Dudley M. Holman, secretary of Governor Foss, in which Mr. Holman in unmeasured terms sides with the strikers and denounces a certain mill owner. The demands of the strikers, the attempt to get the workers and the manufacturers into conference, the failure of the state board of conciliation and arbitration in the premises, are consequential features. But the semi-official declaration coming from the State House, as well as the pronounced activity of the socialistic element in the issue now hold public attention.

"I am going away tomorrow evening," said Mr. Haywood in discussing his plans with a reporter for the Monitor. "As for my destination, I can hardly outline that now. The situation is more than promising. We have won our case. This may not appear so upon the surface, but we have ways of knowing.

"No," declared the former miners' leader emphatically. "Socialism, as such, has nothing to do with the present issue. This is a labor problem. These people have been laboring under conditions that could no longer hold good. They went on the strike, and in my long experience as a labor man I have never seen a finer showing of cooperation than when they organized after going out on strike."

Won't Tell Plans

"It is said, Mr. Haywood, that there will be an attempt to enlist the further sympathy of textile workers throughout the state. Is this so?" was asked.

"We already have considerable support among the workers of New England," he answered. "What we may do now will depend upon conditions as they develop. What I have seen in Lawrence only leads to one conclusion; these people, the 20,000 men and women on strike, are not away from work because they want a vacation. They need work, and they need it badly. But the very fact that they came out as they did shows that there at least must be some ground for dissatisfaction.

"Nobody wants to go to work more so than do the Lawrence textile operatives. Let the mill agents only show a proper conciliatory attitude and we will not deny them all the hearing they want. But there is to be no meddling in this affair. The go-betweens who want to bring the workers and the operators together, have already bungled the job.

"Why, look at the affair of last Wednesday evening. There we were, every mill represented. Almost 50 men and women, representing every mill and every department in the mills, waited in the council chamber of the city hall. These people were in earnest. They had considered the situation from every point of view. They had some sort of an idea of what they could do and what they could not do for themselves and their fellow workers.

"And what was the result? Well, everybody knows now what happened. A few of the mill agents appeared at city hall, but these few didn't come into the council chamber for a conference. They didn't have authority, it was said. Do you think such a bungled job fails to leave its impression?"

Peace Comes First

Mr. Haywood again was asked whether he could say if a concerted movement was on foot to call a general strike. He evaded the question, but replied instead that nothing would be left undone to bring about a settlement direct between the strikers and the mill operatives, but that, on the other hand, if the situation required it no stone would be left unturned to win the case.

"I do not want to say anything against the state board of arbitration. But the board does not fit in here. I have had experience with these boards in general. They may mean well, but they do not seem to go very far. Of course, the men are suspicious of the attitude of such boards of conciliation as favoring the side of the employers. I do not say that the Massachusetts board is not well meaning enough.

"I feel that the letter of Mr. Holman is going to help the workers. Since the secretary to the Governor sees fit to write as he did in his personal capacity, why he cannot get away from his feelings in his official capacity as right hand to the Governor of the state. Whatever explanations may have followed the publication of the letter, these can only stand apart from what was contained in that letter. The fact is that we have at last a semi-official opinion as what the strike signifies. That is enough for us at present.

"As I have said, the campaign is on. Whether it is to be confined to Lawrence, whether it is to spread through New England, whether it is to spread throughout the country, there are others besides the textile operatives to decide that."

John N. Cole, former speaker of the House of Representatives, entered the Wood-Holman controversy today by calling Mr. Holman's letter "cruel and unjust." He said Mr. Wood had spent his own money in improving housing conditions for operatives at Lawrence and that the American Woolen Company's president was responsible for increases in wages.

Speculation is general as to what will be done in the matter of a legislative inquiry. The next 24 hours may show the significance of this phase. When once the gates of inquiry are opened there is no telling where the questions and answers may lead. Much is already said about the political issues involved. There is the tariff problem, with Governor Foss's attitude on revision.

On the train leaving Lawrence for Boston, Wednesday night, Willard Howland, chairman of the state board of conciliation and arbitration, spoke to the Monitor reporter, who had attended the meeting which had ended without any real progress.

"Whether any good will result from this result from this meeting or not, is problematic," said Mr. Howland. "Our intentions were absolutely fair. It is not true that we desired to force the issue. The board of course is anxious to do the work for which it was designed. It appears that all of the mill owners were not notified properly. Hence the absence of a number from the meeting.

"Of course, Mr. Ettor, as spokesman for the representatives of the mill operatives made it very emphatic, as you know, that they would only meet the manufacturers as a body. It seems unfortunate that the agents did not do so. had come into that meeting there might have been a way by which they could have dealt with their individual employees. Still, when that was brought up incidentally, Mr. Ettor sat down on the proposition hard.

"The fact is that for the first time since the organization of the board, 26 year ago, a situation has developed unlike any other that has arisen in New England, or for that matter anywhere else. But this is my contention: since the board originated at the behest of the labor element in Massachusetts, it would seem that the workmen should be the first to take advantage of the board's existence.

"The board is much more than an arbitration body. Primarily, it is conciliation we work for. If in any way we can bring contending elements together, and let them talk over their differences, then a start has been made. There are cases on record where after a certain amount of natural pride was put aside, the way for agreement was made smoother.

"I do not know whether this board will be called in again. In fact, I admit that the workers came reluctantly to the meeting on Wednesday evening. At the same time it is easy to understand the feelings of Mr. Ettor and his associates. They had work of their own to do in carrying out the details of their plans, and when they discovered that the time was wasted, why naturally they did not relish it.

"In all labor difficulties, the board has found that it is much easier to deal with a body thoroughly organized. The Lawrence strikers only came together after the strike began and that they stand solid seems to signify that they mean to act in the future as a unit. Our experience in Brockton and elsewhere shows me that where it is a case of a mill owner on one side and his employees on the other, things move much smoother than where there is disorganization."

Haywood Is Scored

The Rev. George L. Perin of the Franklin Square house, which provides lodgings for working girls, said today:

"The importation of W. D. Haywood into the Lawrence strike controversy from any point of view must be looked upon as unfortunate.

"Besides, Haywood knows nothing about the textile industry. My sympathies are with the Lawrence strikers and they need leadership, but the leadership of such men as Haywood can do them nothing but harm."

Governor Foss' Message

In his message urging a legislative inquiry into strike conditions in Lawrence, which was read in the Senate and referred to the committee on rules, Governor Foss said: "I call your attention to the serious condition existing in the city of Lawrence, where an extensive strike of factory operatives has occurred. Disturbances of the peace having arisen, I have been compelled to order 12 companies of militia to that city to safeguard public and private property, and the public (including the unemployed operatives themselves) from outbreaks of disorder and lawlessness.

"Not the slightest approach to anarchy can be tolerated in this commonwealth and I shall not hesitate to employ every means at my command to maintain law and order; but the duty of the state does not end here, and I should perform but the smaller part of my duty if I failed at this juncture to recommend a searching investigation of all the facts relating to the strike, including the condition of the striking operatives.

"The immediate cause of the strike is reported to be a reduction of wages consequent upon the operation of a law enacted last year, by which the hours of labor of certain classes of factory employes were reduced from 56 to 54 per week. Investigation may show that some reduction of wages was necessary; when the law in question was under consideration it was fully understood that such a reduction might occur, at least temporarily.

"But it further appears that the striking employees believe that they have other grievances than the recent reduction of wages. It is alleged that for years employers have pursued the policy of bringing into their mills the cheapest grade of labor obtainable in this or in foreign countries, and by fines and other methods have reduced wages far below that decent standard which American citizens should enjoy. If these things are true, their truth should be established by public investigation, and the facts should be given the widest publicity. If not true, their effective denial is equally important.

"In view of the character of the questions in dispute, it seems plain that the manufacturers should at least be willing to discuss the matter in a spirit of compromise. The importance of some immediate action on the part of the Legislature is manifest by the failure of the representatives of the manufacturers to join in a conference after an understanding to do so had been reached.

"A further pertinent and important consideration is that the industry in which the strike originated is one that has been especially favored by tariff laws designed, and only justified, on the ground that they protect and elevate American labor. One purpose of the investigation should be to determine how far the advantages conferred by national law upon the immediate beneficiaries of the protective system have been, and are today, shared with the laborers who are supposed to be the ultimate beneficiaries.

"It is a fact that the protection now afforded by the schedule of the tariff applicable to the industry concerned has been declared by the President of the United States to be excessive and indefensible.

"It therefore seems to be especially appropriate for the state, which has been called upon to intervene, to determine how far the beneficiaries of government favors have complied with the terms under which those favors were granted.

"I therefore recommend that immediate action be taken by the General Court to provide for a full investigation by special legislative committees or by a commission appointed by the Governor of the cause of the present strike in the city of Lawrence. Such an investigating committee or commission should have full power to summon persons with books and papers, and to ascertain all the facts bearing upon the strike."

HOLYOKE, Mass.—Twenty-four employees in the winding department of No. 1 mill of the American Thread Company's plant here struck yesterday because the management refused an advance in wages. The employees have been doing piece work. They claimed the 54-hour law has curtailed wages and asked an advance on their piece work rate. One hundred girls employed by the American Writing Paper Company in its Holyoke mills have quit work.

POLITICS SAID TO BE CAUSE OF THE LAWRENCE STRIKE

The Boston Financial News today says:

"The situation in the Lawrence mill strike is, unfortunately, directly traceable to politics and for that reason is all the more deplorable, but at the same time it has an educational value that should be thoroughly studied by the citizens of the commonwealth. It appears to be clear that the operatives themselves had nothing to do with the agitation that brought about the passage of the 54-hour law and were in fact, surprised when they found they had lost two hours' work and two hours' pay per week. It seems to be simply and clearly a case of political interference with the conduct of a great business through legislation passed because of fear of offending the labor vote.

"It is obvious that labor leaders would lose their positions unless they were at the same time labor agitators, for less intelligent labor is only held in line through boastful promises and assurances of impossible conditions. This creates a very dangerous condition of affairs and one that is constantly causing serious loss to employees who can ill afford it.

"The position of the employer is not a pleasant one, under the circumstances, for he is placed in between his natural sympathies for those in distress and the necessities of his business. It is not the effort to secure larger pay that employers object to so much, for that is a natural right of the employed, but it is the attitude of opposition and the demand that men having no connection with a given business or industry be consulted in regard to the conditions under which the business shall be carried on.

"There is now added to this attitude of labor the unsettlement that comes from ill-advised legislation, such as the 54-hour law. That law has not only reduced the incomes of the operatives directly concerned, but of others, for the various departments of a mill must be coordinated one to the other, and a uniform day or week must be observed. A case came up in a factory some time ago where piece workers asked that the steam be turned on so they could work one half of the noon hour, they preferring to take one half the time for luncheon and utilize the other to increase their incomes.

"The employer was willing, but the law provided a heavy fine for each operator found at work during the noon hour. Hence the operators in this case lost so much income because of a law limiting the work of the individual to provide more work for the lazy and less efficient and, incidentally, the law adds to the cost of conducting the business.

"It is unfortunately true that the employer must meet competition, and, as the Legislature and executive head of Massachusetts cannot make laws for the whole country, the Lawrence mills must meet the competition of mills in other states. The employer, no matter how humane and kindly disposed toward his employees, must produce goods at a cost that will permit him to compete, and he must also be left free in the exercise of his discretion to the greatest possible extent.

"Harassed by demands for higher wages, foolish legislation and the demand that outside influences be consulted in the conduct of the business, the employer of today has troubles all his own. There is always the middle way, and that the employer is ready to follow and consult with committees of his own employees, which seems to be the bone of contention in the Lawrence strike. The average employer of labor in this country, if brought into direct contact with his employees, will settle differences promptly, but that is what the leaders of the operatives in Lawrence are trying to prevent, because it leaves them out of the reckoning."

BETTER SUPERVISION OF STATE FINANCES URGED IN MANY BILLS

(Continued from page one)

John O. Hall, for legislation restricting the borrowing power of cities and towns to certain purposes, were taken up first.

Senator Tinkham said that his bill provided for local self-government strictly and would not be offensive to cities and towns, politically or otherwise.

Asked if he wished to displace the comptroller of county accounts, whose office was established not long ago, he said it would not affect the county feature, but had included that so the committee might report if it deemed best.

Mr. Hall said that 27 cities of the state borrowed in excess of their receipts for current expenses. He told the committee that the bane of the present method is that expenditures are concealed from the people, and crop up in six or eight years.

He said he did not wish to see continued a method which led to an incoming administration finding itself so loaded with financial burdens imposed by previous administrations that it cannot do the work required of it.

Governor Foss in his last inaugural address said that the state is spending $15,000,000 a year under an unbusinesslike and wasteful plan which does not provide for coordinating the various expenses in advance. Also that the investigation of last year disclosed the need of applying modern business methods to these expenditures. He proposes a state finance board to supervise state and county expenses, to pass upon estimates, to introduce uniformity and efficiency, and to outline for the Legislature a fair distribution of annual expenses.

Senator Tinkham has a bill, Senate 73, providing for a state finance commission, and another, Senate 74, for the election by every city and town of the commonwealth, excepting Boston, of a finance commission.

His state commission bill is similar in some respects to that of Speaker Cushing, but provides for the appointment by the Governor of a board of five to include the Lieutenant-Governor and the state auditor, both of whom shall serve without compensation. Section 2 provides for inquiry and recommendations to the Legislature regarding methods of carrying on the state's business. This bill provides for a fine of $50 or 30 days imprisonment for failure of any person to respond to a summons to appear at an investigation by the commission.

DARTMOUTH CITIZENS OBJECT TO LINES OF CONGRESS DISTRICT

(Continued from page one)

ford congressman than by one from some other city or town. House Chairman Wolcott pointed out that under the plan proposed by the recess committee Dartmouth would be represented by the same congressman as at present. To change Dartmouth over into the New Bedford district would make a difference of about 14,000 in the population of the two districts. Mr. Wing said that public sentiment in Dartmouth is strongly against the change.

Selectman Charles D. Howland of Dartmouth indorsed the remarks of Mr. Wing, though he said he felt the town could not be better represented than by Mr. Greene. Attleboro wants a change, he said, and this might make it possible to change Dartmouth. Mr. Wolcott pointed out that the population of Attleboro is over 16,000 and of Dartmouth only 4000.

Representative Sweeney of Attleboro proposed that Dartmouth and Westport be exchanged for Mansfield and Easton. The latter towns he would put in the fifteenth district, while Dartmouth and Westport he would put into the sixteenth and Bridgewater into the fourteenth or Harris district. The town of Rockland, he said, is also desirous of coming into the fourteenth. Mr. Wolcott pointed out that this would make a wide divergence into the population of the districts and would leave a peninsula running down from the fourteenth into the sixteenth district.

Mr. Sweeney said the interests of the district are more important than making a pretty map.

Representative Martin of North Attleboro favored the plan of Mr. Sweeney, saying the proposed changes are favored by all the towns affected.

Representative Barnes of Mansfield also urged that the business interests of Mansfield would be better served by the proposed change.

Thomas C. Thacher of Yarmouth said he wished to protest against the so-called Cape-New Bedford district as proposed. From 1853 to 1894 the congressmen came exclusively from New Bedford and Fall River. He said he favored the plan submitted to the recess committee by F. P. Goss of Barnstable. He said that the father of the proposed plan was Congressman Greene. He proposed that Fall River and New Bedford be kept in the same district even though it be necessary to carve some of the wards of one of the cities as is done in Boston.

Augustus L. Thorndike of Brewster said the Cape would be better represented by a congressman from one of the towns than by one dominated by either of the textile cities. Mr. Parks asked if the congressmen that have represented the district in the past have neglected the interests of the towns. Mr. Thorndike said they had not but he thought the district would be well represented by Mr. Harris. Mr. Parks said that the district first proposed by Congressman Harris would have put Mr. Harris out of Congress, as it included New Bedford.

RATIONAL GOLF

By STEVEN ARMSTRONG

In this country, where cross hazards abound, an article in defense of such bunkering may seem on a par with carrying coals to Newcastle, but we are a younger country and liable to just the same reactions as the older lands. The wave of protest which swept all such hazards from off the old St. Andrews links for instance, resulted in the members of that club becoming famous for their wonderful running-up shots, especially their approach putting. Yet Kirkaldy lost to Sayers recently on a strange course, because he did not show the adaptability of his opponent but clung too tenaciously to his beloved putter for short approaches. Softly be it spoken, for in my estimation, no other links so nearly reach the ideal as the old course at St. Andrews, yet the chip shot is seldom needed there except when one gets off the line and stymies oneself by a bunker, but the chances are the ball will be found in heather or gorse and, much as one enjoys them for the beauty they lend the landscape, they are not conducive to neatly lofted approaches to the green.

In most cases one is fortunate to get out in any direction without needing more than one shot. Garden Smith wrote in a recent article on this subject: "John L. Low has said many wise things about golf, but he has probably never said anything wiser than that 'there is hardly such a thing as an unfair bunker.'

"It is the failure to remember or recognize this fundamently right golfing attitude that has caused all the dogmatic, empirical and monotonous green architecture from which golf has suffered for the last 10 or 12 years. It is to this departure from the essential spirit of golf that we owe the heresy that the only correct length for holes is the full shot and its multiples, the theory that blind shots and cross bunkers are 'not golf' and that the correct measure of the excellence and difficulty of a course is the number of strokes which a first-class professional requires for its negotiation. We have never ceased to protest against these theories, and it is comforting to find that at last they are beginning to be abandoned. Golfers and even green architects are now recognizing that the excellence of a hole does not depend on the number of full shots required to reach it; that a course, the par of which is 60, may provide much better golf than one whose par is 80, and that no bunker is unfair or bad which can be avoided by the exercise of skill and judgment.

"These remarks are brought out by a recent deliverance of H. G. Hutchinson in Country Life, who indorses a plea by Taylor for the reinstatement of the cross bunker. Taylor would also like to see it restored as a carry from the tee, but Mr. Hutchinson, while ignoring this, expresses himself in favor of the cross-hazard as a guard for the putting green, because 'it gives a shot that needs the finest skill of any that the game offers, and has now fallen into undeserved disuse and neglect.'

"The cross hazard, if it be placed at a reasonable distance from the teeing ground, besides giving interest to the tee shot, has the extreme advantage and merit of punishing the topped or mis-hit tee shot, no matter in what direction the ball is proceeding. The diagonal cross hazard, which Mr. Hutchinson so much prefers, is doubtless a very good one, but it fails in this particular. We have seen a rubber-cored ball run 160 yards in ordinary weather, and, provided the ball proceeds parallel to the diagonal of the bunker, it goes unpunished, and, as its perpetrator joyfully exclaims, 'it is just as good as a better.' The main object urged against the cross hazard for the tee and second shots is that, owing to the wind, it often traps a good shot. But on what principle is it demanded that a good driver should always have the guarding hazards well within his compass, and on what principle is it held, as it has been held for some years, that the player who hits a good tee shot is to have all further obstacles removed from his path?

"If a player has any doubts about ability to carry the hazard he may either play short or take the risk. If he takes the risk and is caught, he has only himself to blame, and we submit that it is not sportsmanlike, in that event, to say that the hazard is unfair. The principle that a player should be rewarded for playing a good tee shot or brassie by having an easy shot to play next time is a thoroughly vicious one, and it has worked out in golf for the last 10 years to the result that a man is reckoned a first-class player if he has only two shots in his bag—the drive and the putt.

"But these ideas and all the impoverishment and monotony that have fallen upon golf are almost entirely due to the rubber-cored balls, and we feel certain that the establishment of a standard ball will have the best effect in modifying many of the extreme views now held in regard to golf and golf architecture. It is satisfactory to find that the best golfing opinion is now pretty well made up as to the necessity for a reasonable measure of standardization in regard to the ball, and we feel confident that in the coming year the necessary steps will be taken to bring it about."

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COMMITTEE OBJECTS TO IMPEACHING JUDGE BY ABOLISHING COURT

A new rule was laid down by the legislative committee on judiciary today when it informed Felix McGettrick, an attorney, that he could not indirectly impeach or remove the judge of the municipal court of Brookline by a bill to abolish that court on the grounds of alleged incompetency or inefficiency of the presiding justice of that court. The issue was raised by Mr. McGettrick desiring further time to put in a list of names of people of Brookline who are opposed to this court because of the alleged "incompetency" of the judge.

Senator Charles H. Pearson objected at once. House Chairman Channing Cox said: "I also object, Mr. McGettrick, because you are trying to obtain from this committee, if this bill should be reported, legislation which would be of the nature of a quo warranto procedure against the judge of this court and that the committee on judiciary has no power to do."

Senator Allen of Melrose said that the constitution provides the method for the impeachment or removal of a judge and that the petitioner for this bill, Mr. McGettrick, was trying to get the committee to do indirectly by his bill that which is not permitted by the constitution. He asked him why he did not proceed as provided by the constitution. Mr. McGettrick replied that he had thought his petition and bill was the shorter and more direct method. Senator Pearson said if any names were to be put in, he demanded that the street and number should be given in each case, for "this is the most extraordinary proceeding that I have ever heard of."

Senate Chairman Mulligan asked Mr. McGettrick if the persons of whom he desired to give the committee a list would testify as to the abolishment of this court for any other reason than the alleged "inefficiency" of the judge. Mr. McGettrick said that he would not put their names in as in favor of this bill on any other ground. Then a poll of the committee was taken and House Chairman Cox stated that the committee on judiciary was unanimous in refusing to hear any such evidence on the ground that it would be transcending its powers under the constitution.

Mr. McGettrick's bill provides that the municipal court of Brookline shall be abolished, and all its records, files and dockets shall be turned over to the clerk of the superior court of Norfolk county; that the Governor and council shall appoint a special justice of the peace for the town of Brookline who shall have and exercise all the jurisdiction and power heretofore executed by the municipal court of Brookline, and to whom shall be paid by the town of Brookline such salary as may be established by the voters of said Brookline.

Mr. McGettrick said in the first place Brookline is not a municipal corporation, next, that therefore a municipal court in that town is an anomaly; that while it should be a court of record, that as a matter of fact the clerk does not keep the records up, and he was beginning to enter upon what he termed the "misconduct" of the judge of the Brookline court in the Country Club case, when the committee stopped him. The ground appeared to be that Judge Perkins did not entertain a complaint brought by Mr. McGettrick against the officers of the Country Club because Mr. McGettrick wouldn't state whom he represented, but it also appeared that the judge did proceed against the officers of the Country club upon the regularly entered complaint of the chief of police of Brookline and did fine them $100 and costs.

Chairman Cox said emphatically: "Mr. McGettrick, this committee will not hear evidence as to the competency or incompetency of the judge of this court, as it is wholly beyond its powers and jurisdiction."

Mr. McGettrick said he would offer nothing further if such was the attitude of the committee. In opposition Senator Pearson said he would not say a word except to call upon the citizens of Brookline present who opposed this bill to rise and about everybody in the room stood up. Then he asked any citizen of Brookline other than Mr. McGettrick who favored this bill to rise and nobody stood. The hearing was then closed.

BURNS DINNER GIVEN BY PRESS CLUB OF CHICAGO

CHICAGO—The Chicago Press Club celebrated the one hundred and fifty-third anniversary of Robert Burns with a "Bobby Burns" dinner Thursday night. Frank Comerford was toastmaster.

The program included a reading of the "Cotter's Saturday Night," by J. Reid of Glasgow, a Burns story by Dr. George F. Butler, Scotch songs by Mrs. F. S. Hodge and Alfred Hiles Bergen and the reading of original poems by Nixon Waterman of The Christian Science Monitor.

An impromptu number, which was warmly received was the singing by Sibyl Sammis MacDermid of a song, the words of which were by Mr. Waterman and the music by James MacDermid. The Press Club will give a luncheon in honor of Mr. Waterman on Friday.

MAYOR TO SIGN GARBAGE PACT CONDITIONALLY

Mayor Fitzgerald said he would sign the garbage contract this afternoon if the city law department decided that a contract can be drawn in accordance with the specifications of the Boston Disposal & Development Company of Brooklyn, N. Y., which will compel that company to dispose of the garbage in a sanitary manner. If not, the mayor says the garbage contract will have to be readvertised and new bids asked for.

BROCKTON POLICEMAN DISMISSED

BROCKTON, Mass.—Chester W. Osborn, the policeman who was suspended by Mayor Howard on Dec. 27 and who was given a public hearing on Tuesday on charges of untruthfulness preferred against him by Edward Gilmore and William H. Powers, has been dismissed from the force by the mayor, who finds him guilty of the charges. "The case will certainly be carried to court for a review of the evidence," the officer's counsel said.

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NO CLEAR-CUT ISSUE APPEARS IN FRENCH SENATE ELECTIONS

(Special to the Monitor)

PARIS—It is difficult from the returns from the senatorial election to see any very pronounced results either for or against any particular political group.

This is owing to there being no definite and fixed issue before the country either on strict party lines or of policy, a condition produced by the general confusion of issues, the pronounced individuality of the candidates, and the conflict of local interests, all of which have tended to remove the present election altogether beyond purely party politics.

The retiring members can be classed as follows: Conservatives 7, Progressists 27, Republicans Left 12, Radicals and Radical Socialist 52 and Republican Socialists 2.

Results show that constituencies have returned the following: Radical and Radical Socialists, reelected, 34; Radical and Radical Socialists, new members, 19; Republican, left, reelected, 7; Republican, left, new members, 9; Socialist independent, reelected, 1; Socialist, United, elected, 1; Republican Progressists and Moderates, reelected, 17; Republican Progressists, new members, 5; Conservative and Liberal, reelected, 2; Conservative and Liberal, new members, 3. The returns for the seats in the colonies of Guadeloupe and Reunion are not yet to hand.

Messieurs Boissy d'Anglas, Delpech, A. Boyer, Francis Charmes and Admiral de Cuverville are amongst the retiring senators who have been defeated at the polls. Amongst the new members are specially noticed M. Dujardin-Beaumetz, M. Paul Doumer, M. Chastenet, M. Jean Morel and M. Pelletan.

On the whole the elections passed off quietly without any disturbance whatever. The victory of M. Paul Doumer in Corsica is noticeable for the fact that he was bitterly opposed, and that both he and his colleagues, MM. Gavani and Gabrielli were elected with a very substantial majority, is regarded as a serious blow to the Combes regime.

Many will regret the defeat of M. Constans, the late ambassador at Constantinople.

Perhaps the most marked feature of the present election is that no fewer than 57 members of the Chambre sought admission for the Senate, which tends to show that the Senate, as the arena for political activity, is rising in favor among the deputies. Another feature is that the general preference has been for men of moderate views.

The above elections which are triennial are for renewing one third of the members of the Senate. Under the constitution of 1875 it consisted of 300 members, composed of 75 life members and 225 whose mandates were renewable every three years.

The elections are worked alphabetically, the present series being from A to G, that is from the department of Ain to that of Gard, with the addition of the colonies of Algeria, Guadeloupe and Reunion.

DARTMOUTH MEN TO HOLD REUNION

A large number of Dartmouth students will gather in the Hotel Somerset this evening on the occasion of the forty-seventh annual reunion and dinner of the Association of Dartmouth Alumni in Boston and vicinity, when a tribute will be paid by students to the leadership of Dr. Ernest F. Nichols, president of the college and the special guests of the association. Dr. Benjamin Tenney '83, head of the association will preside.

Among those to be entertained as the special guests and speakers of the evening are Grafton D. Cushing, Harvard '85, speaker of the Massachusetts House of Representatives; Congressman Samuel W. McCall '74, of the Boston alumni; Albert O. Brown '78, of Manchester, N. H., of the board of trustees, and Prof. Craven Laycock '96, assistant dean of the college.

Gen. Charles K. Darling '85, is to lead the procession to the banquet hall at 6:30 p. m. Between speeches there will be singing of Dartmouth songs. The association is the oldest and largest of the alumni by numbers in the college.

SPAIN WELCOMES TAFT MESSAGE

NEW YORK—According to a Madrid cable message to the New York Herald the Spanish press and people warmly welcomed a congratulatory cable message from President Taft to King Alfonso.

The message read: "I have great pleasure in extending to your majesty the cordial felicitations of the government and people of the United States on this auspicious occasion, and my own best wishes for your welfare and the continued peace and prosperity of the Spanish kingdom."

MEXICO THANKS KING OF ITALY

NEW YORK—Senor Don Francisco de la Barra, the special envoy from Mexico on Monday was received by King Victor Emmanuel, to whom he presented the thanks of Mexico for the participation of Italy in the centennial celebration in 1910, says a Rome despatch to the New York Herald.

The King was most cordial. He showed great interest in and intimate knowledge of Mexican affairs. Senor de la Barra was a guest at a state dinner at the palace in the evening.

EVERETT FRIDAY CLUB HAS HOME DAY EXERCISES

MRS. FLORENCE WATSON CADIEU

Home day is being observed by the Friday Club of Everett this afternoon in Whittier hall. The entire program will be furnished by members of the club. Mrs. Florence Watson Cadieu, the president, will preside at the meeting.

Mrs. Clara E. Wasgatt, wife of former Mayor Herbert P. Wasgatt of Everett, is to give an address on present day housekeeping, while Mrs. Ella L. Battles will give a contrasting address on housekeeping in colonial times. Mrs. Jeanette Bradbury Chase, contralto, will be the soloist of the afternoon.

ITALIAN WARSHIP BOMBARDS FORT

NEW YORK—One of the Italian war ships cruising in the Red sea in search of vessels conveying contraband of war or Turkish troops renewed the bombardment of Sheik Said, a small fort between Mocha and Bab-el-Mandeb on Thursday, says a Perim message to the New York Herald.

The Italian vessel fired a large number of shells, to which the Turks, who are concentrated there to the total of nearly 5000 men, replied from three batteries. No casualties are reported on the Italian side.

MEDFORD BUILDING $1,000,000 IN YEAR

Building in Medford for 1911 passed mark $1,000,000 for the first time in the city's history. In 1910 it was about $100,000 below that mark. The amount of building has been done near Winter Hill and the Somerville line.

Building Inspector Harvey A. Hopkins says that he issued permits for 234 new buildings and 38 permits for alterations. The value of new building, estimated by contractors from the figures of their contracts, amounted to $1,077,000. Of the permits 81 were for single dwellings, 82 for two-family houses, 47 for three-family houses, eight for business blocks with apartments above, 10 for garages and two for municipal buildings.

AT RAILROAD TERMINALS

The Central Vermont railway's private car Champlain, occupied by Vice-President E. H. Fitzhugh and party, was attached to the Boston & Maine road's Montreal express from North station at 11:30 o'clock this morning en route to Montreal, Canada.

James Lang, superintendent of the Boston Terminal Company power house, has a large force of men installing overhead steam pipes in the midway at the South station.

The New Haven road received at First street freight terminal, South Boston, last evening, a solid train of California oranges, routed via steamer Maryland, with Union freight delivery at Boston.

Members of the Boston Opera Company arrived at North station over the Portsmouth route, Boston & Maine road, by special parlor car train at 11:30 a. m. today from Portland, Me., making the run in three hours.

Edwin W. Foss, third trick train director in pneumatic tower No. 1, Boston Terminal Company, South station passenger yard, accompanied by Mrs. Foss, is spending his vacation with his brother, a passenger conductor on the Delaware & Hudson road at Whitehall, N. Y.

The New Haven road's acetylene gas plant at Providence, R. I., is being rushed to capacity because all cars equipped with the light are needed in service and must hurriedly be recharged.

Fred Butler, master mechanic, of the Boston & Albany road's Allston shops, turned out yesterday three Atlantic type grasshopper engines for service between Boston and Springfield, Mass.

The Adams Express Company received at South station over the Pennsylvania and New Haven roads yesterday a shipment of prize Pittsburgh yard draft horses consigned to the Ames estate at North Easton, Mass.

Lester Lockman, assistant signal engineer of the Boston Elevated road, has two electro pneumatic machines in position at Harvard square, Cambridge terminal, which represent the latest type of the interlocking machine, constructed by the Union Switch & Signal Company of Swissvale, Pa.

BAY STATE NEWS BRIEFS

ARLINGTON

The corporation of the Symmes Arlington Institute has reelected H. A. Phinney as its president. The other officers have been chosen as follows: Vice-presidents, George G. Allen and Louis B. Carr; clerk, Earl A. Ryder; treasurer, John L. Taylor; board of trustees, Dr. Charles A. Dennett, Louis B. Carr, William N. Winn, O. W. Whittemore, Frank Bott, George G. Allen, P. A. Hendrick, Frank L. Maguire, John L. Taylor, Frank V. Noyes, John A. Easton, Edwin S. Farmer, George A. Kimball, Robert W. Pond and H. A. Phinney.

These officers of the Francis Gould post, 36, G. A. R., have been installed at Grand Army hall: Commander, H. M. Smith; senior vice-commander, E. L. Sterling; junior vice-commander, the Rev. Trueman T. Weed; quartermaster, S. C. Frost; surgeon, David Chenery; adjutant, John Ewart; patriotic instructor, the Rev. Trueman T. Weed; chaplain, the Rev. Charles L. Hubbard; officer of the day, Alfred H. Knowles; officer of the guard, Charles H. Prentiss; sergeant major, Henry Clark; quartermaster sergeant, Leander D. Bradley.

MALDEN

Booker T. Washington was the speaker before the pupils of the high school at the vocational session Thursday, speaking on the work of Tuskegee College. On the platform was Miss Ella M. Willcox, former member of the Malden school board, whose brother is a trustee of the Tuskegee College, and who was spoken of by Dr. Washington.

At the annual meeting of the High School Field Corporation held Thursday at the home of former Councilor Alfred E. Cox these trustees were elected: A. E. Cox, Charles R. Elder, George E. Hanscom, Dr. Frank W. Plummer, W. H. Winship, Joseph Wiggin. Mr. Cox was reelected president, Mr. Elder treasurer and Thornton Jenkins, submaster at the high school, was reelected secretary. As a committee to have charge of the field the trustees elected Dr. F. W. Plummer, Joseph Wiggin, Thornton Jenkins and Newell N. Babcock.

WAKEFIELD

At the meeting of the 1905 Literary Club Thursday evening, the cast for Dickens' "Cricket on the Hearth" was selected. The play will be staged at the coming guest night of the club and those taking part will be Miss Camilla Moses and Miss Elizabeth F. Ingram, teachers in the high school; Miss Bessie E. David, a teacher in the Warren school; Mrs. Eunice W. Alden and the Misses Gertrude Redfearn, Irene Norton, Marion Lane and Mrs. Grace R. Bent, all members of the club.

Asa A. Boothby, president of the Wakefield Club, has appointed Charles S. Young, Leon E. Jordan, Elmer C. Richardson, William A. Prescott, Conant W. Ruth and Harry G. Gowing as executive committee and Rufus C. North, C. Orne Bayrd, Zina B. Malcolm, George H. Stout and Robert W. Peterson as membership committee.

READING

The third of a series of campfires under the auspices of the Sons of Veterans camps of this section was held in G. A. R. hall Thursday night under the auspices of Gen. J. F. Reynolds camp of this town. Members of Veteran post, G. A. R., were present as guests and an address was given by John D. Brooks of Natick.

ROCKLAND

Hatherly lodge, I. O. G. T., has elected these officers: Chief templar, Mrs. Nina Poole; past chief templar, Miss Jennie Smith; vice-templar, Mrs. Alice Wheeler; marshal, Ralph Mabee; secretary, Miss Hattie Smith; treasurer, Miss Emma Burgess. The officers will be installed Friday evening, Feb. 2.

QUINCY

The Rev. John L. Crane of Wakefield has accepted a call to the pastorate of the Calvary Baptist church and he will assume his duties Feb. 1.

The annual meeting of the Quincy Yacht Club will be held in Colonial hall on Thursday evening.

PLYMOUTH

Howard lodge, Knights of Pythias, of West Bridgewater will be entertained Jan. 30 by Pilgrim lodge of this town. The committee of arrangements consists of A. M. Watkins, Joseph Marrah, James Townsend, William Robbins, John Watkins and Harry Holmes.

LEXINGTON

These appropriations have been made by the town: For the town expenses $1250, for the suppression of gypsy and browntail moths $3150, for the inspection of meat, etc., $449, for soldiers relief $150, for constructing a fence in East Lexington $175.

WHITMAN

The United Men of Whitman has chosen Harold B. Huntley as chairman of the membership committee, Leva B. Anderson has been elected chairman of the civics committee and George H. Bates of the Bible study committee.

STOUGHTON

Woman's Guild of Trinity church has elected: President, Mrs. William Merritt; vice-president, Mrs. Charles Darling; secretary, Mrs. Emma Evans; treasurer, Mrs. William Longdon.

MIDDLEBORO

Alvin C. Howes has been chosen chairman of the committee appointed to investigate the needs of a local fire department. Walter Chipman has been chosen secretary of the committee

MELROSE

Mayor Charles E. French will send his list of appointments to the aldermen again at its next meeting together with many additional appointments. The next meeting will be held Feb. 5 and the appropriations committee will then commence on the annual budget.

Work on the erection of the new city auditorium building in Main street, opposite the high school building, commenced today, when a survey of the property was made and the lines of the building were staked. The contract price for the erection of the building is $58,000, while the association and city have purchased $9000 worth of granite which will be used by the contractor, which is not included in the contract price.

DORCHESTER

Although considerable interest has been manifested in the Acacia Club, there is still lacking the necessary support to warrant the acquisition of a suitable house and grounds. Some definite action must be taken at once, according to the officers, if they acquire the Chadwick estate on Cushing avenue and one of two plans should be adopted; to bring the membership up to 300 and to have a less number of members finance the proposition. The next meeting of the club, to see whether these points can be gained, will be held on Tuesday evening, Jan. 30, at 8 o'clock in the hall of the second floor of the Masonic apartments at Uphams corner.

STONEHAM

New officers elected by the Congregational church are: Assistant clerk, Miss Alice Bell; junior deacon, Ernest Bell; deaconess, Miss Alice Brown; superintendent of Bible school, J. W. Hibbs; president of Y. P. S. C. E., W. Padilla Grey; trustee, Louis Byries; auditor, Myron Peffers; collector, Guy W. Trombetta; assistant collector, Norman Lister; moderator, H. H. Patten; treasurer, E. L. Clapp; assistant treasurer, H. W. Parker.

EVERETT

A lease of land adjoining the Lafayette school, owned by Solomon Shute, has been secured by the city, and the pupils will use the lot as a playground.

Principal Arthur Lee of the Malden high school gave an address at the meeting of the Mt. Washington School Association in the school hall Thursday evening on school education and vocation training.

MEDFORD

The troop of Wellington boy scouts have leased permanent quarters in a store on Middlesex avenue, where they are to hold drills and entertainments.

As a committee to make arrangements for the annual dinner of the Medford Club, the members have elected: Ernest B. Moore, Harry C. Jackson, Jr.; Harold H. Lamont and Charles M. Hayden.

NEEDHAM

The Needham Heights M. E. church has voted unanimously to ask the conference authorities to reappoint the Rev. Edward E. Marsh as pastor for another term.

Application has been made to the Grand lodge for a charter for a lodge of Good Templars in this town.

MILTON

Frank E. Davidson, chairman of the general committee of the Men and Religion Movement has been chosen to be the speaker at the Lower Mills M. E. church on Jan. 28, to tell of some of the work accomplished.

BROOKLINE

Dr. Frank Melbourne Greene, professor of art in the Boston Art Museum and Simmons College, will lecture on "Art for Home and School" Feb. 8, before the Ladies' Aid Society of St. Mark's church.

HANOVER

The ladies auxiliary of the West Hanover fire department has appointed a committee to make arrangements for a valentine party, to be held at Liberty hall on the evening of Feb. 14.

WEYMOUTH

The Old Colony Club held a meeting in the chapel of the Union Congregational church Thursday afternoon. Miss Mary Boyle O'Reilly of Boston delivered an address on "People We Pass."

NORWELL

The Young Peoples Society of the Universalist church are rehearsing for a dramatic entertainment which is to be given early next month at Union hall.

NEW AIR RECORD MADE

NEW YORK—A Berlin despatch to the New York Herald says that a new endurance record for a flight in an aeroplane carrying the aviator and three passengers was created Thursday at the aerodrome at Johannisthal by Dr. G. L. Ulich, who, with three companions, stayed one hour and 35 minutes in the air in his Harlan monoplane.

TUFTS CLUB TO GIVE CONCERT

ARLINGTON, Mass.—The Tufts Glee and Mandolin clubs will give their annual concert this evening in the Arlington town hall. Nathan C. Harris is leader of the Mandolin club and F. Brigham leads the Glee club. C. L. Scott will be the reader.

QUINCY MILL SCORCHED

QUINCY, Mass.—Fire in the granite polishing mill of Reed & Vandret on Vernor street, this forenoon, caused damage of about $6000. The loss is covered by insurance. The cause is thought to have been an overheated furnace.

More Than A Million Miles

Individual owners have put their Winton Six cars to a test of strenuous service covering, in four years, *more than a million miles.*

Sworn statements of 170 owners show that:

Fifty Winton Sixes ran 744,426.2 miles on total repair expense of $170.27, averaging 22,8 cents per 1000 miles, *the world's lowest record.*

All these 170 Winton Sixes ran 1,873,791.8 miles on total repair expense of $2249.22, the whole repair expense averaging just $1.20 per 1000 miles —*less than one-eighth of a cent per mile.*

This was the most exhaustive automobile test the world has ever known.

It is the only kind of test that proves anything for individual buyers—the test of service in the use of the owner.

We have published all the figures in detail in our Upkeep Book and shall be glad to send you a copy. This book is full of interest for every man who owns a car and pays repair bills.

The $3000 Winton Six has a 48 H. P. self-cranking motor (fifth year of success) 130 inch wheel base, spacious and comfortable *four-door* body with operating levers *inside*, electric dash and tail lights, Booth Demountable rims, and 36 x 4½ inch tires all around. Compare it with cars costing $5000 or more.

The Winton Co. guarantees every statement made in Winton Six advertising to be true without qualification.

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PENNSYLVANIAN OPENS DEBATE IN HOUSE FOR LOWER STEEL TARIFF

WASHINGTON — Representative A. Mitchell Palmer of Pennsylvania opened the argument in the House today in favor of the iron and steel tariff revision bill reported by Mr. Underwood as chairman of the ways and means committee.

"For a Pennsylvanian representing a rich industrial district to openly and strongly advocate a reduction in the duties on steel and iron and their various products, presents an anomaly which would have been stranger to contemplate a generation ago than it now is," he declared. "Mine is one of the so-called protected industry districts. The Pittsburgh millionaires have been able heretofore to convert the smoke of their chimneys into Republican votes only because labor has been slow to awaken.

"Andrew Carnegie said that the iron and steel industry had reached a point where it needed no tariff protection. Charles M. Schwab declared to a gathering of manufacturers in Philadelphia that a protective tariff was necessary.

"There are thinking men everywhere who declare that whatever justification may have originally existed for a prohibitive tariff behind which the infant steel and iron industry might grow to its full size, the present lordly dimensions which it has attained make further coddling unnecessary.

"The present bill does not travel far enough beyond the Cummins' amendment to frighten the supporters of that measure—the only section of the Republican party to whom the public can look for assistance and relief from tariff taxation—from journeying to the limit fixed in this measure."

The attitude of the Republicans toward the Democratic revision program was indicated at Thursday's meeting of the committee when Representative Payne moved that consideration of the iron and steel schedule be deferred until a report had been received from the tariff board. This was lost by a strict party vote.

GOETHE'S ERLKING TO BE RECITED

An entertainment is to be given in the girls' high school this afternoon by members of the German classes under the direction of Miss Alva Foster. The main part of the program is to deal in various forms with Goethe's "Erlking." The German poem is to be recited in four parts by Misses Rosenkranz, Lidman, Blank and Goldberg. An original metrical translation is to be given by Miss Olga Fehr and Miss Lilliath Robbins. Miss Florence Brown is to sing Schubert's musical version of the poem, and Miss Elizabeth Claire Forbes is to play Liszt's transcription for the piano. In addition Miss Lillian Green is to give a violin solo from Wagner's "Tannhaeuser."

EXPRESSED BOY IS HOME FINALLY

LYNN, Mass.—When employes of the American Express Company could not find the assignee for a boy who arrived here Thursday night as an express package, they took him to the police station where a policeman signed the receipt. Later the boy was delivered to his aunt, Mrs. Irwin Ricker.

The boy is the son of Mr. and Mrs. John Ross of 604 Essex street, Lynn. He had been visiting in Deerfield, N. H., and when he wanted to come home his parents sent word to express him here.

MEN OF NAVY PRAISED

C. H. Dickens, chaplain in the navy, speaking at the Church of St. John the Evangelist last night, said that the navy is no longer a reform school, but a place where young men from better class homes go for training and experience.

NEED OF BOSTON DRY DOCK QUESTIONED IN ORDER UP IN SENATE

Senator Tinkham evidently takes issue with the directors of the port of Boston who think that a dry dock is necessary to the development of the port.

When the port fund bill was reached in the Senate this afternoon he introduced an order demanding an inquiry into the statement that there are "30 vessels in the foreign trade calling regularly at Boston which cannot be dry docked at any commercial dry dock" and "eight steamers owned in and trading at Boston and not docked here."

The port directors are requested to obtain replies from the agents of the companies owing these vessels to the following questions:

"What do they dry dock their ships for?

"How many times a year, for the last five years, would they have dry docked any vessel in Boston if it were possible to do so.

"Whether dry dock charges and cost of repairs are higher on the Atlantic coast than in foreign ports, particularly European ports."

The same inquiries are to be made in relation to the sentiment that there are "37 steamers running into New York which cannot be dry docked there," and "89 steamers which cannot be dry docked at any commercial dock there," and "19 vessels which cannot be dry docked in the United States at all," are the following additional subjects to be investigated:

"Inquire whether labor and cost of repairs are higher in Boston than in New York or Newport News.

"Whether the building of a dry dock is the first essential step in the development of the port of Boston.

"Whether, if the building of a dry dock is the first essential step in the development of the port of Boston, it should not be built from the appropriation of $0,000,000 now at their disposal."

OVER $4000 PAID LONGSHOREMEN AS STRIKE DUES

Over $4000 in strike benefits is being paid the longshoremen members of Noddle Island Assembly, K. of L. today at Hibernian hall, Charlestown. Each striker is receiving $5 and will get this sum weekly so long as the strike continues.

A committee of the longshoremen's trade council is today investigating the report made at a meeting of the council yesterday that a small number of strikers from the Lawrence mills went to work with the non-union forces at the Charlestown docks yesterday.

The special convention of District Assembly 30, K. of L., Original, which met Thursday night at Roughan building, again voted full support, financial and otherwise, to the striking longshoremen and the East Boston freight handlers who are out.

The steamship agents report favorable progress in the loading and unloading of their vessels.

PROF. JAGGAR HAS WORK IN HAWAII

In order that he may perfect plans for the Massachusetts Institute of Technology volcanic laboratory at Halemauman, in the Hawaiian islands, Prof. T. A. Jaggar, Jr., has been granted leave of absence for the remainder of the year.

Prof. Frederick H. Billings of the University of Kansas, will come here. His degree includes A. B. from Stanford, A. M. from Harvard and Ph. D. from Munich.

He was for six years professor of botany and bacteriology at the University of Louisiana and associate professor of the same at the University of Kansas.

CANADA'S FRIENDSHIP FOR UNITED STATES IS LASTING, AVERS DUKE

(Continued from page one)

tea was served in the red room of the White House by Miss Helen Taft.

The President's return call at the embassy was most informal. Only Major Butt accompanied him, and he was received in the drawing room, where the Duke talked with him about 20 minutes. The President walked back to the White House. Thursday night Mr. Taft was the guest of Postmaster-General Hitchcock at a cabinet dinner and the duke was the guest of Ambassador Bryce at a dinner at the embassy, which he left shortly before midnight to visit the National Press Club.

CENTRAL BOSTON BOULEVARD IS BEING URGED

Senator Francis J. Horgan and Representative Sanford Bates of Dorchester, before the legislative committee on metropolitan affairs today, urged the immediate building of a highway or boulevard from central Boston through Dorchester to points to the southward.

The hearing was on a bill introduced by Senator Horgan authorizing the city of Boston to borrow $5,000,000 for the purpose of widening and laying out streets. It was provided in this bill that among other improvements that should be made should be this proposed thoroughfare.

LABOR OPPOSES SIR EDWARD GREY

(By the United Press)

BIRMINGHAM, Eng.—Delegates to the national convention of the Labor party today unanimously adopted a resolution calling for a change in the foreign office. Sir Edward Gray, the foreign minister, was criticized as a diplomat whose policies were promoting unnecessary hostility between England and Germany. The resolution was introduced by Keir Hardie, leader of the Socialists in the House of Commons.

The convention also censured the Italian government for the conditions in Tripoli and Russian for her actions in Mongolia and in Persia.

PLAY GIVEN TO AID SUFFRAGISTS

An amateur performance of "Her Great Match," a drama in four acts by Clyde Fitch, was given in the Plymouth theater yesterday afternoon for the benefit of the Massachusetts Suffrage Association. The play was produced under the direction of Mrs. Benjamin F. Pitman and Miss Alice Carpenter, the latter one of the group of suffragists, who, with Miss Margaret E. Foley, followed the Republican party candidates over the state during the recent campaign.

The cast was composed of amateurs with one exception—Mrs. John Craig (Mary Young), who played the leading role of Joe Sheldon, the American girl. Mrs. Pitman played Her Royal Highness the Grand Duchess of Hohenhetstein and

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FASHIONS AND THE HOUSEHOLD

PRETTY SERGE AND SILK FROCK

The skirt is made in two pieces

THE dress that is closed at the front is extremely fashionable and is sure to be liked by busy mothers, for the little girl can slip it on and off with ease. This one is made of serge and is trimmed with taffeta edged with broadcloth, and the shield is made of the cloth. The combination of materials is new and fashionable and the dress one of the prettiest possible.

The blouse is made with front and back portions and with one-piece sleeves that are sewed to big armholes. The skirt is made in two pieces and the front gore is a very small one, forming only the box plait. It is trimmed to match the collar, and, consequently, the dress gives a princess effect.

The model is a good one for the serge illustrated, for cashmere, henrietta cloth, challis and all similar light weight wools and it is charming for the linens, piques and all washable materials.

For the trimming can be used contrasting material or contrasting color, as liked, and the edges of the collar and the trimming can be left plain as in this instance, or scalloped, and such treatment will be exceedingly smart throughout the coming season as well as the present one.

For the 10 year size will be required 4¼ yards of material 27, 3½ yards 36, 2 yards 44 inches wide, with 1 yard of satin and ½ yard of broadcloth for the trimming.

The pattern (7301), cut in sizes for girls of 8, 10 and 12 years of age, can be bought at any May Manton agency, or will be sent by mail. Address 102 West Thirty-second street, New York, or Masonic Temple, Chicago.

WHEN MEAT PRICES ARE HIGH

Less expensive foods are recommended

TO TAKE the place of meat when prices run up, the following dishes are proposed by the Pittsburgh Sun.

Fish Pie—Required: One pound and a half of cooked fish, two onions, one pint of milk, one ounce of butter, one ounce of flour, chopped parsley, salt, cayenne, two hard-boiled eggs, pastry.

First fry two tablespoonfuls of minced onion in a tablespoonful of butter till cooked, then add the flour, and lastly the milk. Season all with salt, cayenne pepper and chopped parsley. Free the fish from the skin and bone, grease a pie dish, set in a layer of fish, then some sliced egg, and so on till the dish is full. Pour over the sauce, which should be cold. Cover the pie with paste and bake.

Egg Fritters—Required: Four eggs, pastry, egg and breadcrumbs, seasonings, frying fat.

Boil the eggs for four minutes and a half, carefully remove the shells, and enclose them in some pastry rolled out very thin. Brush over with beaten egg, roll in breadcrumbs, season with pepper and salt, and fry in deep fat. Serve with or without gravy.

Baked Savory Rice—Required: Four tablespoonfuls of rice, one or two tablespoonfuls of thick tomato sauce, one ounce and a half of butter, pepper and salt.

Put the rice into plenty of boiling water with a little salt, and boil till tender. Drain it and leave it in the pan at the side of the fire to dry a little. Now add the tomato sauce, enough to make it red, but not wet, the butter cut in small pieces, pepper and salt to taste. Lightly grease a cake pan, put in the rice, and bake for an hour. Turn out and serve very hot.

Make a batter with the flour, milk and eggs, and let it stand while the tomatoes are being prepared. Pour boiling water over them and remove the skin, and take a little of the pulp from the center of each. Mix the breadcrumbs, butter (oiled), pulp, herbs and seasoning in a bowl, adding a little milk if necessary. Stuff the tomatoes with this and stand on a well-greased pudding pan, pour the batter over, and bake in a good oven for three quarters of an hour. Cut into neat squares and serve very hot. Hand grated cheese with this dish if liked.

LET CHILDREN DO THE CHORES

One way proposed to reduce the cost of living

WE talk sadly of the higher cost of living, but I wonder if we ever stop to think that this higher cost has been brought about by ourselves, and that we can today control it, and by what seem very small matters, says the editor of the Ladies Home Journal. For example, the parents and grandparents of the present generation of youth were educated by doing the chores. This was commonly a matter not only of discipline, but of necessity as well. The chores had to be done, and the boys and girls had to do them. There were snow to be shoveled, wood to be split, fires to be made; there were rooms to be swept, clothes to be mended, meals to be prepared and served. The "hired man" had duties of his own, and the "hired girl" was busy. The young folks had to help out. They had a definite share of the domestic responsibilities.

The chores educated the children. They taught them habits of punctuality, of thoroughness and of perseverance. They made them think. They were an apprenticeship in the world's work. In the colonial days, when every gentleman could harness a horse, and every lady could bake bread, the boys and girls matured early. We celebrate, for example, the birthday of George Washington, and teach our youth what a great man he was. But do we realize that Washington was already a man, doing serious work and giving orders, at an age when our sons are still schoolboys? The chores took the children out of the dependent class and made them partners in the domestic business—cooperative, self-reliant. Often the children hated them. So much the better! They thus learned one of life's greatest lessons: the lesson of doing what we don't like to do.

Then we changed the old conditions, and upon this change hang two of the ills that we complain so much about: the cost of living and the irresponsibility of children. The cost of living is increased by the employment of persons to do the work for which the children were formerly responsible. Of course those who are comfortably fixed in this world's goods are under decided difficulties in this matter. In the case of the children the chores would be an artificial imposition. The boys know that it is not necessary for them to stoke the furnace, and the girls know that it is not necessary for them to make the beds. But, after all, the well-to-do are in the minority. The rest of us may find it well worth while to dispense with some of our present domestic service and let the children do the chores.

APPLE DAINTY

Select firm large apples, core, peel and boil carefully till nearly tender. Put them into a baking pan, cover with a thick syrup and bake until brown. Then fill the cores with orange marmalade and set back in the oven for 10 minutes. Serve very cold with sugar and cream. —Newark News.

TRIED RECIPES

CHOCOLATE NUT PUDDING

ONE cupful of chopped nuts, one cupful of soft breadcrumbs, two cupfuls of scalded milk, one half teaspoonful of salt, two eggs, three fourths cupful of sugar, juice and grated rind of one lemon, two squares of chocolate, one tablespoonful of cream, some whipped cream.

Mix the breadcrumbs with the scalded milk, then add the nuts, salt, well-beaten yolks of the eggs, sugar, strained lemon juice and grated rind, melted chocolate, stiffly beaten whites of the eggs, and cream. Mix carefully, pour into a well-buttered mold and bake in a moderate oven for half an hour. Serve with whipped and sweetened cream.

TASTY NUT FLOAT

One teacupful of chopped nuts, one quart of milk, four eggs, one teacupful of sugar, one tablespoonful of cornstarch, a few slices of stale cake, one teaspoonful of vanilla extract, one half pint of whipping cream, one teacupful of fruit juice.

Heat the milk, but do not let it boil; beat up the eggs and sugar very light, add them to the milk and then add the cornstarch dissolved in three tablespoonfuls of cold milk; stir over the fire till thick. Place some slices of stale cake in a glass dish and pour the fruit juice over them. Add the vanilla extract to the custard and pour it over the cake. Beat up the cream, then stir the nuts into it and spread it over the top of the custard. Garnish the top with English-walnut meats or bits of fruit jelly.

PECAN CUSTARD

Two thirds cupful of chopped pecans, six eggs, two cupfuls of milk, two cupfuls of sugar, four tablespoonfuls of flour, one tablespoonful of butter.

First mix the flour with one cupful of sugar. Cream the butter with the second cupful of sugar, then add the eggs, well beaten, the flour, sugar and nuts. Beat the whole for three minutes. Pour into a buttered dish and bake in a slow oven. This mixture may also be baked in a crust as for pies.

GERMAN NUT LOAF

One cupful of chopped walnuts, one cupful of Sultana raisins, one teaspoonful of salt, four cupfuls of flour, four heaping teaspoonfuls of baking powder, one half cupful of sugar, one egg, two cupfuls of milk.

Sift together the flour, baking powder, sugar and salt, add the nuts, raisins, the egg, well beaten, and the milk. Mix well together, put into well-buttered pans, and allow to stand for 20 minutes. Bake in a slow oven for 55 minutes. Cut in thin slices and spread with butter. This makes delicious sandwiches for luncheons or parties.

HICKORYNUT CAKE

One cupful of broken hickorynut meats, 1½ cupfuls of sugar, one half cupful of butter, two cupfuls of flour, three fourths cupful of milk, two teaspoonfuls of baking powder, whites of four eggs, well beaten, one teaspoonful of vanilla extract.

The butter and sugar are creamed together, then add the milk, flour, baking powder, whites of eggs, the vanilla extract and the nut meats. Mix carefully and turn into a buttered and floured cake-tin. Bake in a moderate oven till ready.—Ladies Home Journal.

EARLY CHOICE OF MATERIALS

One may buy now what pleases and make up later

EVEN if the materials are not to be made up until much later it is wise, many women insist, to buy them now when the novelties are first shown. Many a woman has seen in January something that appealed enormously to her fancy and later on has searched for it in vain. The choice things are picked up quickly, and though other lovely stuffs are sure to come there may be nothing among them quite to fill the place of the early offering one failed to get.

It is safe enough to choose cottons, linens, foulards, etc., now. As for making them up, that's a different matter, and yet provided one is willing to be conservative even that problem may present no staggering difficulties. The frock made now may not by the time June is here speak the very last word of modishness, but there's no reason why it should not be quite modish enough to pass muster, and after all the charm of the summer frock is so largely a matter of texture and color and becomingness that it does not demand ultra smartness.

Certainly it seems as though it would be hard to fail of success in connection with many of the new materials, and on all sides one hears encouraging rumors about the persistence of the general lines which have prevailed all winter. Introduce a few unaggressive plaits into your new skirt, set your sleeves into a flat armhole instead of having them unreservedly kimono—the armhole seam may be far enough below the shoulder point to emphasize the shoulder line in kimono fashion if one wants it so—drop your waist line to normal, have your suit coat quite as short as that of the winter, and you will surely be within the safety zone. It is quite possible that you might retain your kimono sleeve and short waist and still be there.

If one is to judge from the Riviera models and the Palm Beach models, which are their American prototypes, the popular one-piece short frock is to remain the cornerstone of the foundation of women's wardrobes. It appears in all the spring and summer materials in a host of models conforming to familiar types but each with its own individual note, says the New York Sun.

Many of the models, particularly in serge and in linen, are like corresponding little frocks of the winter season, made for wear with separate guimpes, and any one who has experienced the comfort of such an arrangement in connection with her general utility frock will be unwilling to change for a frock with sewed-in guimpe. Of course many of the one-piece serges and linens have turndown collars of embroidered batiste or linon or of lace, or a Dutch neck finish, the designers apparently having confidence in another summer season of bare throat effects, but others call for a guimpe with high collar and with or without sleeves, and a neck finish that admits of an adjustable guimpe is a boon.

Where guimpe sleeves are not needed a yoke and collar guimpe harnessed down by an arrangement of tapes may be all that is necessary, but even such a guimpe fits much better if made part of a plain sleeveless underwaist of sheer stuff and the yoke and sleeve guimpes call for such a body.

CANNED FOODS ARE WELCOMED

Make possible greater variety in winter

CANNED foods are now prepared for the home far more carefully than they would be were they picked by the housewife's own hand and cooked in her own kitchen. The manufacturers invite and desire inspection of their admirably appointed works. The one and sufficient preservative is heat, held continuously at a given point until the work of sterilization is complete. Cans and rubbers are likewise sterilized, as is every part of the machinery with which the foods come into contact, writes Marion Harland in the Washington Herald.

I am thus circumstantial in statements relative to this important subject because in times past I shared fully in the popular distrust of canned foods, and did not hesitate to declare my sentiments. There has been a great and beneficent change in the conditions we once deplored.

It is an unspeakable comfort to numberless housemothers to be able to order green and succulent adjuncts to the heavy meat dishes which belong to the season.

Now, as to the treatment of canned foods in order to make them palatable to the eater. Many persons do not relish them because they maltreat them as they would not think of handling fruits and vegetables just gathered. The most skillful canner does not pretend to do more than to give you cooked, unseasoned material to be prepared by yourself as you may judge best.

None of the canned foods should be turned directly from the just opened tin or glass into the saucepan, or the dish in which fruit is to be served. Open the jar several hours before cooking or serving, and turn the contents into an uncovered dish. The air takes off the "close" taste inevitable to food that has been hermetically sealed. You "aerate" it by this simple process.

In my home we add sugar to canned fruit before sending it to table. It is usually too tart for the palates of those who like "sweet things sweet." Cream is passed with peaches and berries after they are sugared. A delicious conserve is made by turning the sirup from canned peaches, adding a cupful of sugar for a quart jar, and boiling the sirup for half an hour after the sugar is dissolved. Then pour it boiling hot over the peaches; cover closely, and do not use until next day. As the fruit is not cooked in the sirup it does not lose flavor.

I asked my grocer last week the price of a certain brand of pickled peaches, and was told "80 cents!" This for a quart jar!

I bought a quart can of a brand I knew I could trust, and when it came home drained off every drop of the sirup and brought it to a boil in a saucepan. At this point I added a cupful of vinegar with a few blades of mace, six whole cloves, and as many pepper corns. Bringing it to a quick boil in a covered saucepan to keep the strength of the vinegar, I poured it upon the peaches left in the jar, screwed down the top and set aside for four days. We had pickled peaches as good as those of the fancy brand, at a cost of 30 cents, counting all ingredients. In these days of high prices it is no mean achievement to save 50 cents upon one quart of sweet pickle.

PARIS FASHIONS THEN AND NOW

Edouard La Fontaine makes some comparisons

I HAVE been away from Paris for some time, writes Edouard La Fontaine in the February Delineator. When I left her she had quite made up her mind to widen her skirts to discreet dimensions, and had gone out of her way to drop them from her shoe tops to the floor. She even spread rumors abroad that she was about to take to crinolines. She turned suddenly about on the length of sleeves, covered the dimples in her elbows for as much as a week, and cried aloud for high collars. She cut the hoods on her evening cloaks a la religieuse and affected ecclesiastical reds and purples.

When I came back I was not very much surprised to find that her mood had modified. I went at once to the Ritz for my Sunday night dinner, for it is there that one sees Paris at her best, as far as her frocks are concerned.

The women were very wonderful in evening gowns and wraps most brilliant in hue and daring in cut. Vivid carmine pink was the predominating note of color, but there were several dresses in lace over flesh-colored satin. The gowns were quite as long as Paris had promised—in places. In back and sometimes at one side the skirts swirled off into long serpentine trains that lay for a meter or so on the floor whenever they succeeded in uncoiling themselves. In front many of the skirts were quite short, with slashes, sometimes filled in with lace or chiffon.

No one would call the new skirts wide exactly—in fact, many profess to see no change in width whatsoever. But that, perhaps, is because the change is coming so gradually that you scarcely notice it from one day to another. But after one has been away from Paris for several months as I have been, the change, though not marked, is at least apparent. Most skirts are still less than two yards wide, but they are no longer fitted in so that they are narrower at the feet than at the hips. The line from the hips to the floor is perfectly straight—the silhouette that has been advocated by America for the past season or so in contradistinction to the extreme top-shaped outline of the French figure.

Nearly all the Paris houses, I am told, are putting a little more width in their new skirts, but the matter is still in the experimental stage, and the few inches they bring themselves reluctantly to put in in cutting they are quite apt to take out again in fitting, showing quite plainly that they are working with no definite aim or plan, but are feeling their way not only with their customers, but with themselves.

One thing has not changed at all since I have been away from Paris, and that is the position of the waistline. The high waistline predominates. Even Creed, who represents perhaps the most conservative element in Paris, is making his tailored skirts with the raised waistline—something which he has not done until this season. The houses that are looked upon as the most extreme in their models are using the high empire line, with no fitting at all in the skirt from the waist to the hipline. The other houses trim their sails more closely to the wind of popular approval, and use a waistline that is not tryingly high, and a skirt that gives some hint of the curve of the figure.

Silk will be the material of the year this spring unless all indications fail. There is a beautiful silk called broche, which is really a brocade in weave, but not in color. The designs are usually of flowers in varying sizes. One of the Place Vendome houses is making a broche crepe de chine which is much the same thing that is called broche silk crepon in another dressmaking quarter. The broches are used principally for afternoon and evening gowns, though I have seen three-piece suits made of it, but it hardly seems a suitable material for that purpose. Epingle or silk poplin is much better and will be worn a good deal.

WORTH KNOWING

Cold water and one teaspoonful of ammonia and soap will take out machine grease when other means would not answer on account of colors running.

* * *

When purchasing a roast of veal have the butcher lard it with salt pork. This will make the meat juicy instead of being dry, and it will have a fine flavor that can be had in no other way.

* * *

Tar stains may be removed from dress goods by moistening with olive oil. Let stand a half hour, then wash with tepid lather. Do not wring, but let the water drip as it hangs up.—Today's Magazine.

FLORIDA DELIGHT

Soak one box of gelatine in two-thirds cup of cold water 10 minutes. Meantime place in a saucepan a pound of granulated sugar with two-thirds cupful of strained grapefruit juice and boil 20 minutes. Add the grated rind of one Florida orange and one-fourth pint more of grapefruit juice; let boil up again and pour the mixture, an inch deep, into shallow straight-sided granite pans dusted thickly with a mixture of powdered sugar and cornstarch. Let cool, then chill; cut into cubes and roll in the sugar and starch mixture.

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¶ When all is said and done, the representative advertiser needs those two distinctive qualities for the success of his business, and the most direct way to engage the attention of such a class is to use the mediums which such a clientage regularly reads.

¶ The Monitor is proving itself the favorite medium of those newspaper readers whose choice of newspaper contents lies in the absence of everything that is unwholesome and exaggerated, and whose appreciation of honest and clean advertising is promptly felt by the many high-class advertisers who are steady patrons of this newspaper. The Monitor is proving profitable to them, and it is a decidedly advantageous medium for every advertiser who wants the interested attention of strong purchasing power.

RISE IN PRICE OF STRAW PLAIT

This will make ladies' hats more expensive

THE Board of Trade returns disclose the fact that the straw plait which is used in the manufacture of hats, is likely to be scarcer than ever this year, the supply having decreased by 2,250,000, says a London special to the Monitor. Large quantities of straw plait come from China, more from Japan. The revolution in the one and the unfavorable season in the other have contributed to this result. The Japanese plait is in great demand and the prices of chip, tagal and rustic straws have risen from 10 to 25 per cent. Italian straws have also advanced to an exorbitant extent, on account of the lack of straw on the market. Ladies' straw hats will be considerably more expensive in consequence this spring.

Some of the manufacturers of men's hats, notably those of Luton and St. Albans, from which great quantities come, are refusing further orders, the necessary raw material not being obtainable. This change in price has already affected the retail buyers who are being charged up to 3s. per dozen more than last year.

MALDEN Y. M. C. A. IS AFTER 1000 MEMBERS

(Continued from page one)

of one of the teams, whose name is not made public, has guaranteed the last 25 members to complete the 1000 mark.

The executive committee conducting the campaign consists of John F. Neal, Representative Trueman R. Hawley, A. P. Hardy, George E. Hanscome, Alexander Kerr, Myron H. Clark, Frank W. Sawtell, Irving C. Decatur and Nelson L. Allen. There are to be three sets of teams, one for the business men, one for the intermediates and another for the grammar school boys. The team members are:

Business men: Team 1—Harry V. Gould, captain; John H. Driscoll, Julius H. Hill, Edward Cosgrove, Orby Crowell, Frank Tucker, John Donnelly, W. F. MacCormac, William D. Wright and Benjamin L. Beirweiller. Team 2—Herbert E. Smith, captain; Ralph Channell, Pierce H. Wilkins, Dr. E. W. Moore, Roy A. Corey, Fred W. Watts, Louis A. Winchell, Fletcher Hyde, Arthur L. Wight, Fred T. A. McLeod and Freeman Benjamin. Team 3—Myron H. Clark, captain; Clifford E. Page, Stephen B. Boyd, Orville F. Williams, Clarence B. Ilsley, George A. Ricker, Elbridge G. Davis, Bertram O. Scoltock, William M. Bailey, J. Elliot, Knowlton, William A. Hallworth and Harold N. Baker. Team 4, Sylvester H. Scribner, captain; William H. Wing, Louis C. Gates, Walter F. Milliken, Leon D. Magee, Frederick Hilton, William D. McRae, John T. Bailie, Walter J. Grant, A. H. Westhaven, A. P. Milliken and George M. Bailey. Team 5—Trueman R. Hawley, captain; William A. Quain, Irving C. Decatur, Bernice Richardson, Edwin Potter, John Lukey, Richard Raymond, Webster Barrows, the Rev. Edgar Polk, Fred N. Joslin and Ezra B. Stackpole.

Team 6—Herbert T. Lovell, captain, Frank D. Maynard, S. Kenneth Bruce, Arthur Peabody, Romeo Benoit, Paul Dodge, Clarence McLellan, Colin Jordan, Charles N. Peabody and George E. Barnard; team 7—E. Warren Burnham, captain, Stanley Pattison, Arthur Jellison, Harry I. Thornton, Ernest Mason, John H. Cooley, George S. Barens, Gerfield Newcombe, Louis C. Haefner and W. A. Pentheney; team 8—George H. Hartley, captain, Dr. W. W. Hartwell, Benjamin G. Lamont, Harry Barwise, Sylvester Baxter, C. Morris Tredick, George B. Murray, Edwin Troland, Dr. F. W. Plummer and the Rev. William E. Dowty; team 9—Arthur P. Hardy, captain, Fred E. Mason, James C. Hosford, James Donovan, E. S. McGregor, Dr. C. M. Proctor, John V. Kimball, Jerry M. Bowlby, Ernest B. Marsh, Arthur J. Plummer and William E. Nutting; team 10—Alexander Kerr, captain, Leroy J. Covell, Edward H. Hosford, Alexander Ross, James C. McDonald, George E. Hanscome, Carey R. Chester, Paul M. Foss, Dr. Clarence H. Staples and E. P. Bliss; team 11—William B. Gleitsman, captain, Lowell Arey, Richard Ricker, Charles Watts, Leslie Torpey, Austin Kelley, Charles H. McLeod and Stuart Boyd.

Team 12—Frank M. Sawtell, captain; Henry W. King, Howard M. Bartlett, Harry G. Fraser, Parker R. Browne, Charles W. Hill, George H. Corey, Read I. Ripley, Henry W. Upham, Marcus R. Butler, Maurice Stevens, Charles W. Howard, Jr., David P. Cosgrove, Elmer S. McDonald, Dana Hill, Samuel Walker, William F. Cutter and Joseph G. Wright; team 13—Frank E. Hulsman, captain; Ralph Sweetser, Charles Watts, Shirley Watts, Leslie Trickey, Willard Miller, Everett Harlow, Philip Fogg, Elroy Crockford and Ernest Walters. Team 14—William W. Wescott, captain; Warren A. Smith, Clifford P. Smith, Stanley C. Darling, Walter E. Woodward, Ralph N. Brown, Willis A. Fogg, Irving T. Lovejoy, John A. Sylvester and Elmer C. Ireland. Team 15—Clifton B. Arey, captain; Theodore I. Deechamps, Joseph E. Hulsman, Fred S. Peabody, Norman Clifford, Lester Clifford, Fred Parker, Lewis Francis, Leonard Knight and Clifton Leavis. Team 16—J. Lewis Wightman, captain; Harvey L. Thompson, Edwin Dean, Charles Tarbox, Chester Carver, Walter L. Smith, William E. Pittock, Edward P. Pierce, James S. Crandall and the Rev. F. L. Cleveland.

IN THE REALMS OF MUSIC

FAUST AS CONCERT CHARACTER

The Cecilia Society, Arthur Mees, conductor, gave the first concert of its thirty-sixth season in Symphony hall Thursday evening, presenting "The Damnation of Faust," dramatic legend by Hector Berlioz. Dr. Mees made his first appearance directing the Cecilia singers. The soprano soloist was Mme. Caroline Hudson, who responded to the call of the managers at a late moment to sing in the place of Miss Alice Nielsen; the tenor was George Hamlin, the basses Herbert Witherspoon and L. B. Merrill. The men's section of the chorus was augmented by 40 members of the Schubert Club of Malden. The accompanying music was played by men of the Boston Symphony Orchestra.

The concert proved beyond question that the Cecilia Society has an artistic function in Boston which no other organization can perform. Choral music of the type of the Berlioz work is best interpreted by singers of the Cecilian ideal. That ideal is different from what any other body of musicians has ever developed in the city, and is something altogether too good to lose. It was costly to work to in the first place, and should not lightly be let go. A considerable part of the community will have its emotional life constantly enriched if it sustains the Cecilian ideal. Perhaps that part is only a tenth of the whole musical public; but the one-tenth should stand by what it likes, regardless of the behavior of the nine-tenths. Something new is welling up every little while in the artistic life of the city and trying to submerge the old. What has had 35 years' testing ought to be bouyant enough to keep on top.

There are a half dozen or so ways for us to familiarize themselves with the plot which the genius of Goethe made one of the significant expressions of modern civilization. We may read the original poem. We may see an adaptation of it enacted in the theater. We may hear Gounod's or Boito's opera, or we may hear the Berlioz choral piece. Each will have its emphasis. The library reading is likely to leave an overpowering Mephistophelian impression. The theatrical interpretation is likely to present the three figures concerned in the action in satisfactory balance. The French opera will throw the whole weight on the tragedy of Gretchen. The Italian opera will take us into the subtle realm of the superadded episode of Helen. The choral legend will rehabilitate the story on which Goethe founded his poem.

A performance of "The Damnation of Faust" is dominated by the two men in the characters of Faust and Mephistopheles. On Thursday night the audience necessarily gave its chief attention to Messrs. Hamlin and Witherspoon. The Cecilians and Schubertians themselves, banked high and deep on the platform, made a sort of auxiliary audience. When they were not playing the peasant or soldier, the nymph or gnome or villager, they were as attentive to the drama that unfolded itself between the learned doctor and his companion as were listeners on floor or in balcony. Marguerite in the Berlioz work is only a foil to the character of Faust. As a dramatic figure she is somber and gray. Mephistopheles is a buffoon three fourths of the time and a symbolic figure of not very high color the remaining fourth. In contrast with the dull-tinted soprano rôle and the flippant bass rôle, stands the impassioned vocal line of the tenor. In this part and in the orchestral background lies the chief potency of the Berlioz expression.

The vitality of the performance, then, depended on the singing of Mr. Hamlin and the orchestral reading of Dr. Mees. So far as Mr. Hamlin was concerned, the evening went brilliantly in the passages where the demand was the highest. The music as a whole should have been more thoroughly under his command that it was. The tenor's praise stands on his reading of the arias in Marguerite's chamber and in the forest and that was admirable. Dr. Mees could not complain of the readiness of the Symphony men to respond to his directing. In the first part of the evening he ruled them to some brilliant delivery of the Berlioz orchestral declamation. His baton became less masterful as the performance advanced. His choral leading was smooth and scholarly in the old-fashioned way. Dr. Mees has not much of the modern man of music about him, but he is a sincere interpreter and he knows how to make a concert interesting. A year ago the Cecilians gave the impression of lagging far behind their director in interpretive energy; they seem under Dr. Mees to be competent to do more than is asked of them. Soprano tone, round and beautiful, was spent in generous measure on the arias of Marguerite. Bass tone of excellent quality went into the reading by Mr. Merrill of the lines of Brander.

* * *

Mme. Antoinette Szumowska gave the third of her lesson recitals in Steinert hall Thursday afternoon. She presented a Chopin program consisting of the nocturne in F sharp major op. 15 No. 2, etude in F major op. 25 No. 3, prelude in D flat major, ballade in G minor, mazurkas, op. 33 No. 4, op. 56 No. 2, polonaise in A flat major.

"MONNA VANNA"

Mme. Georgette Le Blanc Maeterlinck and a special cast gave a performance in French of "Monna Vanna," a drama in three acts, Thursday evening at the Boston opera house.

Monna Vanna.....Mme. Maeterlinck
Prinzivalle .....Rene Maupre
Guido Colonna.....Jean Durozat
Marco Colonna.....Jean Duval
Trivulzio .....D. Leo
Borso .....Fernand De-Potter
Verdio .....Simon Lyon

The heroine of this, perhaps the most theatrical of Maeterlinck's plays, is called upon to make a sacrifice of herself to save a beleaguered city, with the consent of her husband. She goes, and is respected by the enemy's captain, who turns out to be an acquaintance of her girlhood. They return together to the city, but the husband will not believe Monna's story of her experiences. Disillusioned, she turns to the captain, and they depart together.

Mme. Maeterlinck's interpretation of the title role, which she created in Paris, was found by the audience interesting. Those who had seen her in "Pelleas" found her more at ease in her role of actress, not called upon to intone her words to Debussy music. She has a voice sweet and musical in cadence, and it was evident that she took great pleasure in her role.

M. Duval won approval of the audience by his acting of the heroine's father, a character filled with poetry and wisdom. M. Durozat was sufficiently frenzied in his expression of jealousy. M. Maupre made an ardently youthful Prinzivalle. Minor roles were as well cast.

The settings were appropriate and show careful preparation for the single performance. Mme. Maeterlinck was recalled several times and received floral tributes.

EDITORIAL COMMENTS

A VARIETY of subjects are dealt with in the following editorial comments:

NEW YORK HERALD—New York city, according to the official bookkeepers, now owes a billion dollars and a trifle of $37,811,718.81 more than that magnificent total. The debt of the United States is some $20,000,000 less. The statement is interesting but not significant. The city is perfectly well able to pay what it owes. It has nearly half a billion of cash saved up for that purpose and if the worst should come to the worst it could pay off the remainder by cutting Central park up into building lots. But there will be no necessity for that. The billion will be paid when it falls due, and the city is not so much interested in what it owes as it is in getting the worth of its money.

BUFFALO COMMERCIAL — If the Wright brothers have succeeded, as they claim, in perfecting a device which will prevent aeroplanes dipping or capsizing in the air, they have indeed accomplished a tremendous advance in the evolution of the flying machine. Ability to balance the machine, which it is held must be a natural gift and lack of which has served to restrict the number of successful aviators, will not be required, if the automatic balancing atachment of the Wrights is the success they claim for it. Come into general use, anybody who is sufficiently familiar with mechanics to be able to manipulate an engine, will be able to fly successfully. Its practical worth proven, it will mean the complete establishment of the aeroplane as a mode of safe and pleasant transportation and serve to quickly assemble an army of enthusiasts.

MEXICAN HERALD—It now seems evident that the Reyes attempt at revolution was a blessing in disguise. The utter failure to secure support for an opposition movement by the man who was regarded as Madero's strongest opponent is known in every country of the globe. No positive act of the government could have carried such conviction. The sensational denouement that the only remaining menace to the new government had collapsed was news that flashed around the world in a day. It was an advertisement worth millions of dollars to this country. Mexican securities abroad immediately responded and the upward tendency continues. A single week sufficed to clear the atmosphere both at home and abroad. Local industries and foreign investors are preparing for an active year of work, feeling secure in the belief that the constitutional government counts upon the support of an overwhelming majority of the people, and that the country will soon regain normal conditions even in the few districts still disturbed by bandits.

ATLANTA CONSTITUTION — An ultra-practical plan to increase Atlanta's importance as an industrial center is the project put forward by the Chamber of Commerce, whereby free sites will be granted new manufactures, with other advantages such as have proven profitable in the experience of other live cities. The idea is for members of the chamber to form an association which shall purchase a 1000-acre tract near Atlanta for manufacturing purposes. A portion of this tract will be retained. The larger part will be offered, rent free, to such enterprises as are calculated to help Atlanta and that satisfy the directors of their bona fide intention to locate permanently in this section. To the end of materializing the plan, it is proposed to create an assistant secretary to the chamber, who shall have charge of the movement and who shall, necessarily, be an industrial expert. Atlanta offers an ideal site for manufacturing enterprises of every nature, catering to the entire South. The city's strategic location, its command of raw resources and transportation facilities, together with waterpower projects already developed and in course of development, should make it the most important industrial city in the southern states. The energetic action of the Chamber of Commerce is a practical stride in that direction.

GREEK VASES AT MUSEUM SUBJECT OF CONFERENCE

At the Museum of Fine Arts yesterday afternoon, Dr. Arthur Fairbanks held a conference on the Greek vases of the museum collection. He said there were 1500 vases in the collection, making it the finest in America and one of the five or six best in the world.

In these Greek vases, according to Dr. Fairbanks, we get a connected series of development from 2000 B. C. to 200 B. C. and it is possible, he avers, to date the different styles very closely. Up to 500 B. C. the decoration was done in black on red; after that period, with red on black. He explained how useful these vases might become as historical documents in dating archeological material as it was found in the different strata of the excavations of some ancient city.

As objects of art, Dr. Fairbanks said the vases were of the finest quality in form, glaze and lineal ornament, and the only remains of the Greek painting to which we find constant reference in Greek literature.

After the lecture Dr. Fairbanks conducted the audience into the room of the Greek vases.

WHAT STUDENTS ARE DOING

OHIO STATE UNIVERSITY

COLUMBUS, O.—The Columbus College Women's Club at Ohio State University is planning to incorporate and build a $50,000 clubhouse in the downtown section.

Carl B. Robbins, who coached the Strollers last year in producing "The Schoolmistress," will this year act again in the same capacity for "The Maneuvers of Jane," to be given by the Strollers at the Hartman theater March 22 and 23.

It is planned to include several hundred of the men of the university in the May fete this year, contrary to the custom heretofore. The pageant this year makes this necessary, it being intended to symbolize the claiming of Ohio from the wilds, its formation as a state, and finally its growth and future as one of the individual units of the Union. This is to serve as a forerunner to the centennial to be celebrated in Columbus in the fall, and the plan was presented to the student council by the men in charge of the centennial who worked out the details.

The Glee and Mandolin Club concert has been postponed until March 10 on account of confliction of dates. The club goes to Worthington, O., on Feb. 9, to give a concert.

Ohio State holds second place among the seven institutions in the country that gained over 200 registered students during the last year, having gained 282. Its summer school also holds fourth place in point of increase.

A course in canning cookery, open to forestry and engineering students, will be given next semester by the department of domestic science.

Miss Bertha Kuhler of Clermont county, Ohio, has the distinction of being the youngest girl ever registered in the winter short course in agriculture in Ohio State. Miss Kuhler is a Russian, has been in the United States only [illegible] years, and has a grade school education only, but intends to spend two years at high school and two at Ohio State in the study of agriculture.

UNIVERSITY OF MISSOURI

COLUMBIA, Mo.—The University of Missouri chapter of the Phi Mu Alpha, a national musical fraternity, will enter the competition just announced for the best musical composition, a prize being given by the Sinfonia chapter. The successful composition will be given in public at the annual convention of Phi Mu Alpha in Boston in the spring. The style of the work must be a piece of chamber music, a trio for piano and strings; the composer must be an American.

A short course to run six weeks for preachers has been designed by W. W. Charters, dean of the school of education, at the request of the Rev. Warren H. Wilson of New York who is superintendent of the department of church and country life of the Presbyterian church.

Almost 8000 volumes were added to the library of the university during the year just closed. The general library added 6360 volumes, the agriculture library 748 volumes and 630 were received by the law library. Conditions are so crowded at present that it is thought that appropriations for a new building will be made by the next Legislature.

B. O. Brown was elected president of the Journalist Club at a meeting of students of the school of journalism recently. Other officers are: Vice-president, Ralph Pruyn; secretary, Paul Thompson; treasurer, Rex Magee. Charles McGuirk was elected chairman of the annual stunt committee and Ward Neff editor of the "Yellow Extra."

Dr. W. P. Cutler has received an invitation to meet the National Canner's Association at its annual meeting in Rochester, N. Y., Feb. 5-7 and speak upon foods and dairy products.

A Woodrow Wilson club is to be formed here in the auditorium of the Y. M. C. A. building by the students of the university this evening. Hugh B. Panky, a graduate of Princeton, will call the meeting to order.

The University Glee Club will give a concert in the Auditorium Feb. 9.

Marvin E. Boisseau, a senior in the school of law, will be one of the speakers at the banquet of the Association of Young Republicans of Missouri at the Planters in St. Louis, Feb. 12.

HAMILTON COLLEGE

CLINTON, N. Y.—In the annual debate between the two upper classes of Hamilton College recently, the juniors, upholding the negative, were victorious.

The debate was a preparation for the triangular debates between Colgate, Union and Hamilton, which will be held the latter part of next month. Hamilton will debate the negative against Colgate at Clinton, while the affirmative team will be upholding its side at Schenectady. A debate on the same question has been arranged for the same week with Cornell. The debaters have been chosen by the debate council for all of these debates. The alternates will be chosen later.

UNIVERSITY OF MINNESOTA

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn.—Dr. E. V. Robinson has been appointed head of the department of political science at the University of Minnesota during the absence of Professor Grey, who will soon leave for New York city to take up the work of directing the national civic federation investigation of public service corporations.

Prof. Carl Schleuker, of the German department, has been granted a year's leave of absence.

The Women's Pan-Hellenic Association will give their annual party in Shevlin hall, Feb. 10.

Lieut.-Col. Earl M. Bill, Minneapolis, has resigned from active service in the cadet corps. Promotions to fill vacancies have been made as follows: cadet lieutenant-colonel, Rhea B. Robinson; cadet major, Walter Byer; cadet captain, John Stevenson, all of Minneapolis.

Gustav P. Warber, St. Charles, Minn., agriculture '14, has been awarded a prize by the State Horticultural Society for a thesis, "Agriculture in Ancient Rome," which he read before the society.

Farrington Daniels '10 Minneapolis, has been awarded the Austin scholarship of $500 at Harvard.

Tam O'Shanter, the junior girl's organization, will give a german on Feb. 20. The german will be led by Lillian Lyford.

UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA

BERKELEY, Cal.—Nineteen essays were received at the University of California in the competition for the $1000 of Truxtun Beale prizes, this competition having just closed. Final decision and award of the two prizes of $600 and $400 respectively for the best essays on the social ethics of Tolstoi's "What Is to Be Done?" will be made by Prof. A. G. Newcomer of the department of English of Stanford University; Prof. Leo Wiener, of the department of Slavic languages of Harvard, and Dr. V. C. Mitchell, professor of political economy in the university.

Richard E. Pennoyer of Berkeley, a graduate of the university of the class of 1910, has just been appointed secretary of the United States legation at Montevideo, Uruguay.

Richard Walton Tully '01, has just made the first eastern production of a new play, "The Bird of Paradise," at Rochester, N. Y.

Reports are that the spring festival to be given in April by the women students of the university will be a big undertaking, both in scope and quality. The play to be presented under the oaks on the campus is the result of a competition instituted among the women students by Miss Lucy Sprague, the dean of women, and was written by Miss Anna Reardan, a senior in the college of letters. It is entitled "The Partheneia, a Masque of Maidenhood."

VASSAR COLLEGE

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y.—"The Pillars of Society," by Heinrich Ibsen, will be given in February by Philaletheis as the second hall play at Vassar College.

The Club Francaise will be entertained at the home of Prof. Jean C. Bracq of the French department on Feb. 6. The gathering is to be called "l'Assemblee de Livres" and the guests will wear costumes representing French books.

A new method of electing commencement speakers by which the senior class will be allowed to participate will be tried this year. The class is to choose 12 names from the honor list and from this number the faculty will elect six.

In the February number of the Vassar Miscellany a new department has appeared entitled "Intercollegia." It consists of a review of the work of other cotnemporary colleges.

Semester examinations extend from Jan. 29 to Feb. 2.

Ruth W. Holliday of St. Louis, Mo., has been elected chairman of the junior-sophomore dance, which takes place on Feb. 17.

The class of 1912 has elected Dorothy Baldwin of Tioga, Pa., track manager for this spring.

Associate Professor Stroebe, with a competent staff of German teachers, will direct the summer classes to be given next summer in Berkshire county, Mass., extending from July 6 to Aug. 17.

SMITH COLLEGE

NORTHAMPTON, Mass. — Lawrence house, on the campus of Smith College, will next fall be opened as a cooperative house, with an annual cost to each student of $200. There will be accommodations for 62 students.

Miss Barbour of the Greek department will continue to be resident teacher, but it is not possible at this time to announce the name of the head of the house. Students may transfer to the Lawrence house from other houses or from the Lawrence to other houses.

Greek Club officers for the next semester are: President, Grace Kroll '12 of Hudson, N. Y.; senior executive, Gertrude Belser '12 of Boulder, Col.; secretary and treasurer, Helen Sewall '13 of Worcester.

Officers of German Club for the following semester are: President, Elizabeth Rudolph '12 of Essex Fells, N. J.; vice-president, Lucy O'Meara '12 of Boston; secretary, Dorothy Adams '13 of Washington, D. C.; treasurer, Margaret Slanson '14 of Brooklyn, N. Y.

Miss Mary Eastman, for many years registrar of the college, leaves today for the East where she expects to spend a year.

CORNELL UNIVERSITY

ITHACA, N. Y.—Fourteen men contested in the tryout for the intercollegiate debate team at Cornell University Wednesday night. The team will debate with Columbia and Pennsylvania on the question, "Resolved, That the Sherman anti-trust law be repealed and a law passed whereby corporations doing interstate business be regulated instead of destroyed." The team as selected follows: Affirmative, R. B. Knapp '12, leader, J. A. Sourwine '12, H. G. Wilson '12, Remington Rogers '14, alternate; negative, R. E. Pierce '12, leader, L. E. Neff '12, R. S. Rife '12, F. P. Murphy '12, alternate.

NEW FERRY FOR CHESTER

CHESTER, Pa.—Chester business men are planning to operate a ferry between this city and the town opposite on the New Jersey side of the Delaware river. One steamer has been secured and this boat will carry both passengers and freight.

COLLINS & FAIRBANKS CO.

Clearance Sale of Fine Furs

Our stock consists of only the finest grades of fashionable furs and we quote the following prices on a few ladies' coats to illustrate values and the present prices.

Mink Coat, 36 inches long, $750, Now $550
Mink Coat 36 inches long, $850, Now $650
Mink Coat 45 inches long, $1000, Now $750
Mink Coat 54 inches long, $1250, Now $950
Mink Coat, 54 inches long, very darkest Eastern Mink, let down skins, $3000, Now $2000
Fisher Coat, 54 in. long, let down skins, a beautiful and very durable coat, $700, Now $500

Opposum Coat, 54 inches long, let down skins, $700, Now $500
Raccoon Coat, 54 inches long, let down skins, $400, Now $300
Raccoon Coat, 54 inches long, let down skins, $450, Now $350

Our entire stock priced very low for this Clearance Sale

COLLINS & FAIRBANKS COMPANY
383 WASHINGTON STREET, BOSTON

ARMY AND NAVY NEWS

Today's Army Orders

Orders Jan. 19, directing Second Lieut. K. P. Lord, second cavalry, and Second Lieut. S. Waite, fifth infantry, to report to commanding officer, Ft. Preble, Me., for temporary duty for five days, amended to direct them to report Feb. 17 to commanding officer, Ft. Williams, Me., for temporary duty five days, thence to Ft. Leavenworth, Kan.; Maj. G. O. Squier, signal corps, relieved duty office of chief signal officer March 11, thence to Chicago for duty as chief signal officer, central division.

The following officers are designated to constitute the team of officers to represent the army in the Olympic games, Stockholm, in July: Capt. G. V. Henry, cavalry, unassigned; First Lieuts. B. Lear, Jr., fifteenth cavalry; J. C. Montgomery, seventh cavalry; E. F. Graham, fifteenth cavalry; Second Lieut. J. G. Quekemeyer, fifth cavalry. Capt. E. A. Stuart, second field artilery, to San Francisco. Col. W. L. Pitcher, infantry, retired from active service March 29.

Navy Orders

Lieut. Commander W. M. Hunt, detached command the Warrington, to temporary duty Atlantic fleet.

Lieut. Commander I. F. Landis, detached the Colorado, to Mare island, Cal.

Lieut. Commander Edward Woods, detached navy recruiting station, Atlanta, Ga., to the South Dakota as navigator.

Lieut. J. L. Hileman, detached navy yard, New York, N. Y.; to navy recruiting station, Atlanta, Ga.

Lieut. B. T. Bulmer, detached navy yard, Philadelphia, Pa., Feb. 9, to the Colorado as senior engineer officer.

Lieut. (junior grade) R. W. Mathewson, detached the Warrington to temporary duty Atlantic fleet.

Lieut. (junior grade) Stephen Doherty, to the navy yard, Philadelphia, Pa.

Ensign W. F. Cochrane, Jr., to the Warrington.

Medical Director Oliver Diehl, detached naval hospital, Newport, R. I., to navy recruiting station, Philadelphia, Pa.

Medical Inspector F. S. Nash, detached navy recruiting station, Philadelphia, Pa., to Newport, R. I.

Medical Inspector E. P. Stone, to marine recruiting station, Denver, Col.

Passed Assistant Surgeon M. C. Baker, detached duty Mare island, Val., Feb. 5, to the Colorado.

Passed Assistant Surgeon E. V. Valz, detached duty Mare island, Cal., Feb. 5, to the South Dakota.

Passed Assistant Surgeon H. L. Brown, detached the Baltimore, to Norfolk, Va.

Passed Asst. Surgeon R. E. Stoops, to naval barracks, Port Royal, S. C.

Passed Asst. Surgeon Sankey Bacon, detached naval barracks, Port Royal, S. C.; to the Baltimore.

Passed Asst. Surgeon O. J. Mink, detached the West Virginia, to naval station, Guam.

Acting Asst. Surgeon Oscar Hayes, detached marine recruiting station, Denver, Col., to marine recruiting station, St. Paul, Minn.

Acting Assistant Surgeon M. E. Rose, to marine recruiting station, Buffalo, N. Y.

Chief Boatswain A. T. Webb, detached the New Orleans, to home, wait orders.

Machinist W. H. Lenz, detached the South Dakota, continue at Mare island, Cal.

Machinist F. R. King, detached the Philadelphia, Feb. 3, to the South Dakota.

Machinist Donald McDonald, detached the New Orleans, to home, wait orders.

Paymaster's Clerk M. P. Coombs, appointed paymaster's clerk, Annapolis, Md.

Navy Notes

WASHINGTON—The U. S. S. El and the U. S. S. E2 have been ordered placed in commission at the navy yard, Boston, Mass, as soon as practicable after delivery by the contractors.

Movements of Naval Vessels

Arrived—Cheyenne at Bremerton.

Sailed—Nanshan, from Olongapo for Shanghai.

ART AND ARTISTS

An exhibition of portraits and landscapes by Orlando Rouland opened this morning at Doll & Richards gallery. Mr. Rouland, a native of Illinois, has spent much of his time abroad and received his training under Benjamin Constant and Jean Paul Laurens in Paris and Fritjhof Smith and Max Thedy in Germany. He now has a studio in London and one in New York. He has had a distinguished clientel and the list of his sitters includes Colonel Roosevelt, the Hon. Whitelaw Reid, Paderewski, Thomas A. Edison and Andrew Carnegie.

In the collection shown here a portrait of John Burroughs, the naturalist, is a wonderfully sympathetic likeness and a fine composition with hands that are strong in character and eyes of the child-like clarity that are noticeable in persons who live much out of doors.

A portrait group of four editors of the Century Magazine who collaborated for 37 years is interesting. Richard Watson Gilder, Robert Underwood Johnson, Clarence C. Buell and Alexander Drake.

There is also a portrait of Hamlin Garland and one of James Lane Allen. A portrait of J. J. Shannon, the painter who has become a naturalized Englishman, is one of the best things shown and is painted with decisive freedom. The artist sits on the edge of a table with his palette on his thumb.

Madame Melba appears in a brown gown, some beautiful feathers and a gorgeous string of pearls, but the likeness is not quite convincing. Two fanciful portraits of women called "Catherine" and "Lorna" are attractive in color and well painted.

A group of interesting landscapes show the painter's versatility of style, for each is in a different manner. Two beautiful Texas pictures show a sunset and a group of "Evergreen Oaks." The sunset has the glorious color that we of the East hear so much about, and a fine composition appears in the "Evergreen Oak," with the poetic light of late afternoon very subtly rendered. The exhibition will remain open through Wednesday, Feb. 7.

CABINET OFFICERS FOR PANAMA

WASHINGTON—Two more cabinet officers, upon the proposal of President Taft, are going to visit the Panama canal this winter. Secretary of the Interior Fisher and Postmaster-General Hitchcock will leave on Feb. 14 and spend a week on the Canal Zone.

AMUSEMENTS

9th National
Motor Boat Show
OPENS
TOMORROW EVENING
8 O'CLOCK
And All Next Week
10 A. M. to 10.30 P. M.
Mechanics Building
EVERYTHING IN
BOATS and ENGINES

BOSTON OPERA HOUSE
HENRY RUSSELL, Mng. Dir.
TONIGHT AT 8 — Brozia, Zenatello, Marcoux, Riddez
FAUST — Tomorrow Mat. at 2 — Tomorrow Eve. at 8
HAENSEL und GRETEL — Popular Prices
—AND— CAVALLERIA RUSTICANA
COPPELIA — and I PAGLIACCI
Sunday Evening at 8 — GRAND OPERATIC CONCERT
Monday at 8 — Tetrazzini, Constantino, Marcoux, Fornari
Barber of Seville — Friday at 8, Manon
Wed. at 8, Butterfly
Downtown Ticket Office STEINERT'S 162 Boylston
SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT
TUESDAY EVE., JAN. 30, at 8,
Mme. Maeterlinck's Farewell Appearance
PELLEAS et MELISANDE
in Dramatic form with incidental music by Gabriel Faure. Prices 50c to $2.50.

JORDAN HALL
Wednesday Aft., Jan. 31, at 3.30 P. M.
Mme. Maeterlinck
Will Speak on Maeterlinck's Works
Prices 50c, 75c and $1.00
For Sale at Box Office and Herrick's.

SYMPHONY HALL
BOSTON SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA
Max Fiedler, Con.
Friday Afternoon, Jan. 26, 2:30
Saturday Eve., Jan. 27 at 8:00
Soloist, Katharine Goodson
Tickets Sat. Eve. only.

"THE FOREST RING"
Given by the Children's Players in Copley Hall, Jan. 20, 24 and 27, at 3 o'clock. Tickets on sale at the Women's Educational and Industrial Union, 264 Boylston st., $1.50, $1.00 and 75 cents.

Real Estate Market News ❁ T Wharf Activities ❁ Sailings

REAL ESTATE NEWS

It is a pleasing condition of the real estate market to note the general activity in all sections, instead of being confined to one place, and today the South End has the preference from individual investors, and the field offers many opportunities to men even of small means.

Mary D. Horr has taken title to a five-story brick building on 3000 square feet of land, 471 Columbus avenue, near West Newton street, assessed for $29,500, with $15,800 of it on the land. Florence T. Dean made the deed.

Another property to change hands in the South End is on Reed street near Northampton street, a frame building and 16,954 square feet of land. The assessment is $12,800 which includes a land value of $12,700. Eva L. Ellis and another took title from Matthew Dalton and Mary B. Lewis.

An estate at 6 Dover street near Tremont street, South End, has passed from Catherine E. Larkin and another to John E. T. Magee. There is a ground area of 1168 square feet taxed for $5000 and the total assessment is $8300. Joseph Aigner has placed deeds on record from Ida Klein and Albert W. Wilson in the purchase of a three-story octagon brick dwelling fronting Claremont park near Columbus avenue, South End, which the assesors value at $6900, together with 2100 square feet of land that carries $2600 of this amount.

Through the office of Llewellyn W. Vinal Aleck S. Carver has sold to Herbert L. Ray two two-apartment frame houses at 168-170 Main street, Medford.

The same broker negotiated the sale of 334-342 Cambridge street, Brighton, assessed for $26,300, and 364 Main street, Charlestown, valued at $3600, reported yesterday.

Gennaro Bonelli is the new owner of an improved estate on Endicott street near Thacher street, North End, consisting of a four-story brick residence property on about 960 square feet of land. It is valued at $8200 for taxes, which includes $3300 on the ground. Giovanni Lepore made the deed.

Francesco Infantino has purchased an improved property from Patrick J. Lyons at 67 Palmer street, corner of Palmer place, Roxbury, being a 2½-story brick house and 1490 square feet of land. Total assessed value is $3500 and $1300 of this is carried on the lot.

Mary D. Horr is the new owner of a parcel of acant land, corner of Humphreys and Cottage streets, Dorchester, containing 47,848 square feet, and assessed for $11,900. Florence T. Dean was the former owner.

A small transaction in East Boston was the transfer from John Carr estate to Margaret Ryan of two frame houses located at 13 and 15 New street, corner of Cross street, together with 1574 square feet of land. The entire assessed value is $3200 and $1200 of this is on the land.

The keel of an up-to-date steamer 60 feet long, 14 feet beam and 7 feet depth of hold has just been laid by Adams of Boothbay Harbor, Me. The vessel is being built for Capt. Samuel Hatch, who was engaged in mackerel seining last summer out of Gloucester in the schooner Arabia. Captain Hatch will command the new steamer, which has been named the Sam & Priscilla, and will be engaged in seining. It is expected she will be ready April 15.

Because more off-shore fishermen arrived here for the week ending on Thursday night than in the corresponding week last year the receipts for this week were greater than in 1911, although the number of arrivals was less. Statistics issued today show that 88 vessels came in last week with 2,960,650 pounds of groundfish, while for the same week last year 104 boats arrived with only 2,247,200 pounds.

The work of removing the 450 tons of coal from the lighter Ebony, which sank off the New England Coke & Coal Company's works on Tuesday, is in progress.

HONOR IS PAID TO BURNS' MEMORY BY CALEDONIAN CLUB

For the fifty-eighth time the Boston Caledonian Club in Mechanics building last night celebrated the anniversary of Robert Burns. The pipe and drum band of the Highland Dress Association, with George A. Martin as pipe major, opened the program by marching around the hall.

Mayor Fitzgerald entered the hall and flanked by four bagpipe players marched the full length of the floor. Later he made an address.

Chief James A. Sinclair delivered the address of welcome.

Songs were delivered by Miss Jean Sherburne, Miss Flora Hardy, William Fullerton of New York and W. L. Cockburn, cornet solos by John E. Dyer, violin numbers by Ronald C. Mustarde, selections by the pipe and drum band and several intricate dances by four young women under direction of Miss Irvine. Archie Morrison was pianist.

After supper Chief Sinclair and Mrs. George Scott of Dorchester led the grand march, several hundred couples participating.

SUFFOLK REGISTRY TRANSFERS

The following list of property comprises the latest recorded transfers taken from the official report of the Real Estate Exchange:

BOSTON (City Proper)

Giovanni Lepore to Gennaro Bonelli, Endicott st.; q.; $1.

Matthew Dalton to Mary B. Lewis, Reed st.; q.; $1.

Mary B. Lewis to Eva L. Ellis et al., same; q.; $1.

Ida Klein to Albert W. Wilson, Claremont Park; q.; $1.

Albert W. Wilson to Joseph Aigner, same; q.; $1.

Florence T. Dean to Mary D. Horr, Columbus ave.; q.; $1.

Same to same, pt. 10 ft. pky. from W. Newton st. to Berwick Park; rel.; $1.

William H. Dunbar et al. trs., to Daniel J. Cronin et al., North st. and Fulton pl.; d.; $1.

Daniel J. Cronin et al. to William H. Dunbar et al., trs., Tremont st. and Seaver pl.; q.; $1.

Catherine E. Larkin et al. to John E. F. Magee, Dover st.; w.; $1.

SOUTH BOSTON

Sarah J. Lynch to David Gillespie, W. Second and F st.; q.; $1.

EAST BOSTON

John Carr est. to Margaret Ryan, New and Cross sts.; d.; $798.

Jacob Hoffman to Jennie Eskin, Border st.; q.; $1.

ROXBURY

Patrick J. Lyons to Francesco Infantino, Palmer st. and Palmer pl.; w.; $1.

DORCHESTER

William W. Babcock to Lilla M. Dixon, No. Munroe ter.; q.; $1.

Joseph J. Donahue to Neils P. Madsen, Roosevelt st.; q.; $1.

Florence T. Dean to Mary D. Horr, Cottage and Humphrey sts.; q.; $1.

Herbert L. Ray to Clara M. Kellar, Draper rd., 13 lots; w.; $1.

Hallie C. Blake to Daniel E. Ahern, Hollingsworth st.; q.; $1.

WEST ROXBURY

Annie M. W. Smith to George W. Brown et ux., Belgrade ave.; q.; $1.

HYDE PARK

Julius Rude to Arne Olsen; q.; $1.

Jonathan B. L. Bartlett to Henry McLellan, Parker st.; q.; $1.

CHELSEA

Louis Shapiro to Frank P. Lawrence et al., Blossom st.; w.; $1.

Nathan Weinstein et al. to Nathaniel L. Albaum, Elm st., 5 lots; q.; $1.

Isaac Watchmaker, mtgee., to Nathaniel L. Albaum, same; d.; $16,950.

Nathaniel S. Albaum to Celia Fisher, Elm st.; q.; $1.

Same to Gertrude Fisher, Elm st.; q.; $1.

WINTHROP

Eleanor S. Aiken to H. Martyn McNeil, et al., Madison ave. and Winthrop st.; q.; $1.

H. Martyn McNeil et al. to Eleanor S. Aiken, Winthrop st.; q.; $1.

Caspar Silverman to Nettie Brown, Revere and Taylor sts.; q.; $1.

REVERE

Annie B. West to Charles E. Randall, True st.; w.; $1.

Robert F. Sanderson to Edith M. F. Dodge, Library st.; w.; $1.

James Pappas to Joseph L. Barry, Waverly ave.; q.; $1.

Joseph L. Barry to Demetrious Kolias, Waverly ave.; q.; $1.

BUILDING NOTICES

Permits to construct, alter or repair buildings were posted in the office of the building commissioner of the city of Boston today as printed below. Location, owner, architect and nature of work are named in the order here given.

Ashley ave., 16, ward 1; Maria G. Bianco; auto garage, new wood.

Hutchings st., 30-32, ward 21; C. C. Fulton; dwelling, new wood.

Appian pl., 1, ward 2; Arthur Goldstein; alter.

Saratoga st., 65, ward 2; Margaret T. Gillis; repair.

Lexington st., 291, ward 1; Catherine Simpson; repair.

Meridian st., 70-80, ward 2; Mrs. John K. Erskine; repair.

Everett st., 50, ward 2; Salva De Stefano; alter.

Hanover st., 61, ward 6; Lawrence estate; repair.

Fulton st., 145, ward 6; A. R. Whitfier, Jr.; install elevator.

Tremont st., 1753A, ward 7; Francis C. Welch, trustee; repair.

Barton st., 24, ward 8; Goldie Tattlebaum; repair.

Boylston st., 723-745, ward 11; C. E. Cotting, trustee; alter.

Bellevue st., 40, ward 20; James F. Flaherty; repair.

Talbot ave., 26-30, ward 20; the Dorchester Club; alter.

UNITED SHOE IN CANADA INDORSED

MONTREAL, Que.—"Since the United Shoe Machinery Company has been established in Canada conditions have improved wonderfully, both in the quantity and quality of the work turned out by the machines," said W. Smardon of the Smardon Shoe Company Thursday, before the commission investigating trade conditions as affected by the United Shoe Machinery Company of Canada.

Although called as a witness by the opposition to the company, his evidence to a considerable extent was in its favor. He said he was not in favor of the leasing system and would prefer to do without the tying clause, but on the whole he thought the system of business carried on by the company was satisfactory.

TWO RESCUED IN BACK BAY FIRE

Fire in the three-story brick building, 65-67 Falmouth street, Back Bay, did about $2000 damage early today.

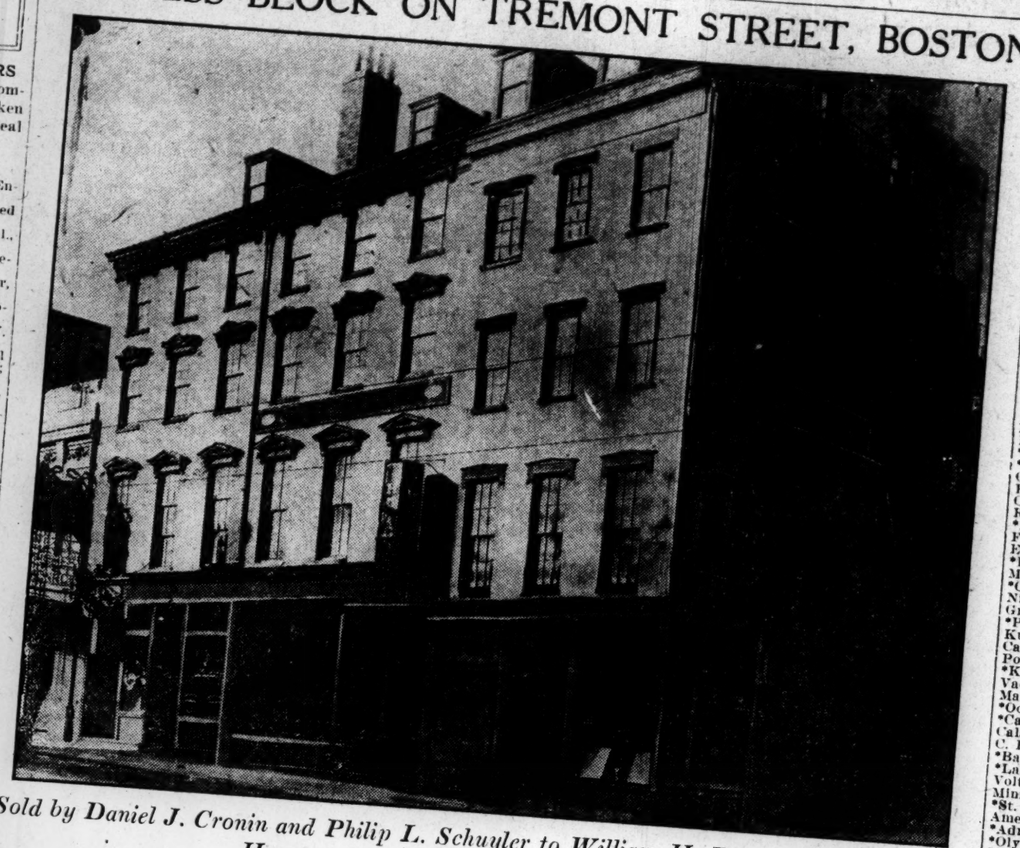
The ground floor is occupied as a laundry by Y. M. Quong, who was away at the time. On the second floor live Daniel Clifford and his aunt, Miss Agnes Conlin. With them was a cousin of Clifford, Mrs. Arthur O'Neil. The third floor is vacant.

Patrolmen Burns and Healey awoke the people sleeping in the house. They carried out Mrs. O'Neil, while Mr. Clifford took his aunt to the street.

ARKANSAS TIMBER SOLD

PINE BLUFF, Ark.—The pine timber on 48,000 acres owned by the Sawyer & Austin Lumber Company in Jefferson and Grant counties has been sold to the R. M. Fletcher Lumber Company, and the oak timber to R. M. Fletcher and the Hampton Stave company, for $200,000.

BUSINESS BLOCK ON TREMONT STREET, BOSTON



Sold by Daniel J. Cronin and Philip L. Schuyler to William H. Dunbar and Esther L. Hammond trustees; Seth T. Snow broker

SHIPPING NEWS

Reports were received here today stating that the barge J B King & Co No 21, bound from Philadelphia to Boston, put into Newcastle, Delaware, today, leaking. The tug Prudence was towing the barge, and also the Elk Garden and George R. Stetson.

The Boston schooner Tifton, Captain Carlsen, reached New York today, according to word received here. She came from Fernandina and encountered fine conditions all the way, despite the report that she was sighted 25 miles off Diamond shoal, apparently half full of water and with part of her deck cargo gone.

Steamship Limon, Captain Blair, sailed from Long wharf today for Central America with a big general cargo. George H. Skillings and F. H. Robertson, of Boston were among the passengers. The Limon carried 200 sacks of rice and a large quantity of foodstuffs in addition to railroad material and general freight. She will proceed direct to Port Limon, Costa Rica, returning to Boston with bananas and other tropical fruit.

With the release of the Bonne-bay fleet of American fishing vessels and its start for home the Newfoundland herring season came to a close for this year, according to reports from the Boston fish bureau today.

Only three arrivals reached T wharf today, but four late arrivals Thursday held over and sold their fares today, making the supply plentiful and keeping down dealers' prices. The arrivals were: Mary F. Curtis 49,000 pounds, Louisa R. Sylva 14,500, and Sadie M. Nunan 11,100. The Valerie with 103,000 pounds, Effie M. Prior 69,000, Onato 63,500, Slade Gorton 63,700, and Actor 3500, all came in Thursday and sold today. Dealers' prices were: Stead cod $7.50 per hundredweight, market cod $3.25, haddock $3.25, pollock $4.50, large hake $6.75, medium hake $4.75 and cusk $3.25.

PORT OF BOSTON

Arrived

Str Grecian, Briggs, Philadelphia.

Str Nantucket, Herbert, Baltimore, Newport News and Norfolk.

Str Belfast, Brown, Winterport, Me.

Str Camden, Clark, Portland, Me.

Str City of Gloucester, Godfrey, Gloucester, Mass.

Tug Swatara, Phillips, Rockland, towing barge Pocopson.

Revenue cutter Gresham, Winram, Bay of Islands, N F, via Halifax, N S, and Gloucester.

Tug Standard, Mugan, New York, towg bg S O Co No 58.

Sch John G Walter (Br), Cameron, St John, N B.

Sch Newell B Hawes, Haassen, Newburyport, Mass.

Sch Edward S Eveleth, Barnes, Newburyport, Mass.

Sailed

Str Penobscot, supposed Newport News; tug Swatara, Philadelphia, twg Pocopson, Macungie and Kimberton; strs Limon (Br), Port Limon; Anglian (Br), London; Boston, (Br), Yarmouth, N S; Kershaw, Baltimore, via Newport News; H M Whitney, New York; Miguel de Larrinaga (Br), do; tug Conestoga, Philadelphia, twg bgs St Nicholas, Barry and Enterprise.

NEW YORK ARRIVALS

Strs Grayson, Mayaguez, P R; El Rio, Galveston; Vandalia, Japan and China; Cubana, Cardenas, towg sch Kineo, Patten.

COASTWISE TRAFFIC

BALTIMORE, Jan 25—Arrd, str Texas, Philadelphia via Norfolk; Willehad, Bremen via Philadelphia; Coastwise, Boston; Somerset, Jacksonville and Savannah.

Cleared, str Everett, Boston.

BEAUFORT, N C, Jan 25—Arrd, tug Margaret, Philadelphia, towg bg Calvin; power yacht North Wind, New York.

Sailed, sch Emma S. Lord, Anderson, Charleston, S C.

BRUNSWICK, Jan 25—Arrd, str Wearside, Fernandina.

CHARLESTON, S C, Jan 25—Arrd, strs George Pyman, Bremen; Belita, Port Antonio; Apache, Jacksonville; Arapahoe, New York.

Sld., strs Peruvian, Liverpool via Newport News; Claverly, Baltimore; Ville de Rouen, New York.

FERNANDINA, Jan 25—Arrd, str Hohenfelde, Savannah.

Sld sch Jennie E Righter, New York.

GALVESTON, Jan 25—Sld str El Sud, New York.

Clrd str Martazan, Rotterdam and Antwerp.

Arrd strs Sandefjord, Tampa; Montoso, Baltimore; Georgia, Trieste; Montauk, Cardiff via St Vincent.

JACKSONVILLE, Jan 25—Arrd, str Onondaga, Boston and Charleston. Sld, strs Quantico, Philadelphia; Tertia, Hamburg via Savannah; sch Geo V Truitt, Jr. New York.

KEY WEST, Jan 25—Arrd strs Halifax, Havana; Gov Cobb, do; Mascotte, do; sch Maud B Krum, Baltimore.

MOBILE, Jan 25—Arrd str Victor, Ceiba; sch Sawyer Bros, Manzanillo.

GRAND OPERA AGAIN BOOMED FOR BOSTON AT CITY CLUB DINNER

More than 125 persons attended the second grand opera night at the Boston City Club Thursday night. There was a dinner and entertainment in which artists of the Boston opera company performed.

One of the features of the gathering was the election of Mme. Maria Gay, the famous contralto of the Boston opera company as an honorary member of the Boston City Club. This is the first time that a woman has been made a member.

Hopeful forecasts of the opera's future in Boston, advocacy of an opera subsidy and praise for Eben D. Jordan, who has contributed liberally to the support of the opera here, characterized the speeches.

The speakers were Mayor Fitzgerald, Joseph Smith, George Perry Morris, the Rev. Harold Marshall of the Universalist church of Melrose, W. R. McDonald, business manager of the Boston opera house; Adolphus P. Beeching, Dr. Frank Donahue, William F. Fitzgerald, president of the recently organized Opera Club of Boston; W. T. A. Fitzgerald and H. Staples Potter.

The members of the opera company who sang were Giovanni Zenatello, husband of Mme. Gay; Max Kaplich, Edward Lankow, Raoul Romito, Bernado Olshansky and Mme. Gay. Alexander Small was the accompanist.

POSTAL BUILDINGS AUTHORIZED

NEWARK, N. J.—At the present time there are 14 towns in New Jersey for which postoffice buildings have been authorized, but only in two of them are buildings under contract. These are Asbury Park and Jersey City.

NEW WAKEFIELD SUPERINTENDENT GUEST OF HONOR

WILLARD B. ATWELL

WAKEFIELD, Mass.—Officers of the new Parents Association affiliated with the Greenwood school will be elected tonight and tender a reception to the new superintendent of schools, Willard B. Atwell, and to Principal Ross Vardon, Miss Lila P. McCormick, Miss Cynthia M. Prentice, Miss Laura A. Hart, Miss Susie E. Long, Miss Mercie M. Whittemore, Miss Mary M. Crane and Miss Florence E. Arnold, teachers of the school.

The association has been organized to create greater interest among the parents in the work of the pupils and teachers, to assist in arranging the curriculum and to encourage out of door sports and the introduction of school playgrounds.

ATLANTIC AND PACIFIC SAILINGS

This schedule is compiled from advance lists, and is subject to change without notice.

Transatlantic Sailings

EASTBOUND

Sailings from New York

California, for Glasgow	Jan. 27
*Philadelphia, for Southampton	Jan. 27
Carmania, for Liverpool	Jan. 27
*Sant' Anna, for Algiers	Jan. 27
*Minnewaska, for London	Jan. 27
*Cincinnati, for Naples-Genoa	Jan. 27
Ancona, for Naples-Genoa	Jan. 27
*Noordam, for Rotterdam	Jan. 27
*Krooniand, for Dover-Antwerp	Jan. 30
*Chemnitz, for Bremen	Jan. 31
Uranium, for Rotterdam	Feb. 1
*Celtic, for Liverpool	Feb. 1
Oscar II., for Copenhagen	Feb. 1
*La Lorraine, for Havre	Feb. 1
*New York, for Southampton	Feb. 1
Mesaba, for London	Feb. 2
Roma, for Tunis	Feb. 3
*Laconia, for Gibraltar-Algiers	Feb. 3
*President Lincoln, for Hamburg	Feb. 3
Caroline, for Havre	Feb. 3
Rochambeau, for Havre	Feb. 3
Caledonia, for Glasgow	Feb. 3
Ryndam, for Rotterdam	Feb. 3
*Prinz Fred. Wilhelm, for Bremen	Feb. 6
Finland, for Dover-Antwerp	Feb. 6
Europa, for Naples-Genoa	Feb. 7
*La Touraine, for Havre	Feb. 7
Minneapolis, for London	Feb. 8
*Oceanic, for Southampton	Feb. 10
Niagara, for Havre	Feb. 10
Graf Waldersee, for Hamburg	Feb. 10
*Prinzess Irene, for Gib.-Algiers	Feb. 10
Kursk, for Rotterdam	Feb. 10
Cameronia, for Glasgow	Feb. 10
Potsdam, for Rotterdam	Feb. 10
*Kronprinz Wilhelm, for Bremen	Feb. 13
Vaderland, for Dover-Antwerp	Feb. 13
Madonna, for Naples	Feb. 14
*Oceania, for Algiers-Trieste	Feb. 14
*Campania, for Liverpool	Feb. 14
Calabria, for Naples	Feb. 14
C. F. Tietjen, for Copenhagen	Feb. 14
*Baltic, for Liverpool	Feb. 15
*La Provence, for Havre	Feb. 15
Volturno, for Rotterdam	Feb. 15
Minnetonka, for London	Feb. 15
*St. Louis, for Southampton	Feb. 17
America, for Naples-Genoa	Feb. 17
*Adriatic, for Gibraltar-Algiers	Feb. 17
*Olympic, for Southampton	Feb. 17
Philadelphia, for Southampton	Feb. 21
Zeeland, for Dover-Antwerp	Feb. 21
*Espagne, for Havre	Feb. 21
President Grant, for Hamburg	Feb. 22

Sailings from Boston

Ultonia, for Liverpool	Jan. 30
*Canopic, for Mediterraneau ports	Feb. 3
Iberian, for Manchester	Feb. 3
Scotian, for Glasgow	Feb. 3
Pannonia, for Liverpool	Feb. 8
Megantic, for Liverpool	Feb. 13
Lake Erie, for Glasgow	Feb. 20
Ivernia, for Liverpool	Feb. 22
	Feb. 27

Sailings from Philadelphia

*Merion, for Liverpool	Jan. 27
Prinz Adelbert, for Hamburg	Jan. 30
Manitou, for Antwerp	Feb. 2
Europa, for Mediterranean ports	Feb. 6
Graf Waldersee, for Hamburg	Feb. 15
Marquette, for Antwerp	Feb. 16
*Haverford, for Liverpool	Feb. 17
Verona, for Medlterranean ports	Feb. 27
Prinz Oskar, for Hamburg	Feb. 29

Sailings from Portland

Numidian, for Glasgow	Feb. 1
Canada, for Liverpool	Feb. 3
Ionian, for Glasgow	Feb. 15
Ausonia, for London	Feb. 17
Dominion, for Liverpool	Feb. 17
Teutonic, for Liverpool	Feb. 24
Sicilian, for Glasgow	Feb. 29

Sailings from Halifax

Royal George, for Bristol	Feb. 7

Sailings from St. John

Tunisian, for Liverpool	Jan. 26
Empress of Britain, for Liverpool	Feb. 9
Empress of Ireland, for Liverpool	Feb. 23

WESTBOUND

Sailings from Liverpool

Empress of Britain, for St. John	Jan. 26
Haverford, for Philadelphia	Jan. 31
Baltic, for New York	Feb. 1
Campania, for New York	Feb. 3
Dominion, for Portland	Feb. 5
Megantic, for Boston	Feb. 6
Empress of Ireland, for St. John	Feb. 9
Carmania, for New York	Feb. 10
Teutonic, for Portland	Feb. 10
Ivernia, for Boston	Feb. 13
Merion, for Philadelphia	Feb. 14
Celtic, for New York	Feb. 15
Canada, for Portland	Feb. 17
Lusitania, for New York	Feb. 17
Empress of Britain, for St. John	Feb. 23
Campania, for New York	Feb. 24
Dominion, for Philadelphia	Feb. 28
Baltic, for New York	Feb. 29
Lake Manitoba, for St. John	Feb. 29

Sailings from London

Minnetonka, for New York	Feb. 1
Minnehaha, for New York	Feb. 10
Minnewaska, for New York	Feb. 17
Minneapolis, for New York	Feb. 24
Mesaba, for New York	Feb. 29

Sailings from Southampton

Minneapolis, for New York	Jan. 28
Kaiserin Auguste Victoria, for New York	
Albania, for Portland	Jan. 28
Kronprinz Wilhelm, for New York	Jan. 30
Oceanic, for New York	Jan. 31
Oceanic, for New York	Jan. 31
St. Louis, for New York	Jan. 31
President Grant, for New York	Feb. 3
Olympic, for New York	Feb. 7
Minnehaha, for New York	Feb. 7
George Washington, for New York	Feb. 10
Philadelphia, for New York	Feb. 11
Minnewaska, for New York	Feb. 14
Amerika, for New York	Feb. 17
Ascania, for Portland	Feb. 18
New York, for New York	Feb. 20
Prinz Friedrich Wilhelm, for N. Y.	Feb. 21
President Lincoln, for New York	Feb. 25
Kronprinz Wilhelm, for New York	Feb. 28
Oceanic, for New York	Feb. 28

Sailings from Glasgow

Cameronia, for New York	Jan. 27
Ionian, for Portland	Jan. 27
Columbia, for New York	Feb. 3
Lake Erie, for Boston	Feb. 3
California, for New York	Feb. 3
Sicilian, for Portland	Feb. 10
Caledonia, for New York	Feb. 10
Numidian, for Boston	Feb. 17
Cameronia, for New York	Feb. 17
Scotian, for Portland	Feb. 24
	Feb. 24

Sailings from Hamburg

Kaiserin Auguste Victoria, for New York	
President Grant, for New York	Jan. 27
Prinz Oskar, for Philadelphia	Feb. 3
Pennsylvania, for New York	Feb. 7
Amerika, for New York	Feb. 10
Prinz Adalbert, for Philadelphia	Feb. 17
President Lincoln, for New York	Feb. 21
	Feb. 24

Sailings from Bremen

Bremen, for New York	
Kronprinz Wilhelm, for New York	Jan. 27
Breslau, for New York	Jan. 30
George Washington, for New York	Feb. 5
Neckar, for New York	Feb. 10
Prinz Friedrich Wilhelm, for N. Y.	Feb. 15
Rhein, for New York	Feb. 20
Kronprinz Wilhelm, for New York	Feb. 24
	Feb. 27

Sailings from Antwerp

Vaderland, for New York	Jan. 27
Zeeland, for New York	Jan. 27
Menominee, for Boston	Feb. 3
Lapland, for New York	Feb. 8
Krooniand, for New York	Feb. 10
Manitou, for Boston	Feb. 17
Finland, for New York	Feb. 22
	Feb. 24

Sailings from Havre

La Savoie, for New York	
Niagara, for New York	Jan. 27
Floride, for New York	Jan. 27
La Provence, for New York	Feb. 3
Chicago, for New York	Feb. 3
Espagne, for New York	Feb. 10
La Touraine, for New York	Feb. 10
Rochambeau, for New York	Feb. 17
Caroline, for New York	Feb. 17
La Savoie, for New York	Feb. 24
	Feb. 24

Sailings from Rotterdam

Potsdam, for New York	
New Amsterdam, for New York	Jan. 27
Noordam, for New York	Feb. 10
Ryndam, for New York	Feb. 17
	Feb. 24

Sailings from Genoa

Verona, for New York	Feb. 6
Berlin, for New York	Feb. 8
Oceania, for New York	Feb. 13
Cincinnati, for New York	Feb. 14
Duca D'Aosta, for New York	Feb. 20
Canopic, for Boston	Feb. 25
Ancona, for New York	Feb. 27
Prinzess Irene, for New York	Feb. 29

Sailings from Fiume

Caronia, for New York	Feb. 1
Franconia, for New York	Feb. 14

Sailings from Trieste

Argentina, for New York	Feb. 10
Alice, for New York	Feb. 24

Sailings from Copenhagen

United States, for New York	Feb. 8
Hellig Olav, for New York	Feb. 22

Transpacific Sailings

WESTBOUND

Sailings from San Francisco

*Sierra, for Honolulu	Jan. 27
*Nippon Maru, for Hongkong	Jan. 30
*Mariposa, for Papeete	Jan. 30
*Thomas, for Manila	Feb. 3
*Tenyo Maru, for Hongkong	Feb. 5
*Lurline, for Honolulu	Feb. 6
*Maltai, for Sydney	Feb. 7
*Persia, for Hongkong	Feb. 7
*Wilhelmina, for Honolulu	Feb. 13
*Sierra, for Honolulu	Feb. 14
*Korea, for Hongkong	Feb. 16
*Honolulan, for Honolulu	Feb. 20
*Shinyo Maru, for Hongkong	Feb. 21
	Feb. 28

Sailings from Seattle

*Kamakura Maru, for Kobe	Jan. 27
*Orteric, for Manila	Jan. 28
*Monteagle, for Hongkong	Feb. 7
*Tamba Maru, for Hongkong	Feb. 13
*Rygla, for Hongkong	Feb. 17
*Marama, for Sydney	Feb. 17
*Titan, for Hongkong	Feb. 21
*Sanuki Maru, for Hongkong	Feb. 21
	Feb. 27

Sailings from Tacoma

*Chicago Maru, for Hongkong	Feb. 3
*Canada Maru, for Hongkong	Feb. 17
*Titan, for Hongkong	Feb. 19

Sailings from Vancouver

Marama, for Sydney	Feb. 21

Sailings from Hongkong

Empress of India, for Vancouver	Jan. 27
Siberia, for San Francisco	Jan. 27
Awa Maru, for Seattle	Jan. 30
China, for San Francisco	Feb. 3
Panama Maru, for Tacoma	Feb. 3
Manchuria, for San Francisco	Feb. 10
Sado Maru, for Seattle	Feb. 13
Nile, for San Francisco	Feb. 16
Empress of Japan, for Vancouver	Feb. 23
Inaba Maru, for Seattle	Feb. 24
	Feb. 27

Sailings from Yokohama

Sanuki Maru, for Seattle	Jan. 31
Protesilaus, for Tacoma	Feb. 3
Tacoma Maru, for Tacoma	Feb. 4
Siberia, for San Francisco	Feb. 6
China, for San Francisco	Feb. 7
Awa Maru, for Seattle	Feb. 13
Manchuria, for San Francisco	Feb. 14
Panama Maru, for Tacoma	Feb. 21
Chiyo Maru, for San Francisco	Feb. 21
Sado Maru, for Seattle	Feb. 27
	Feb. 28

Sailings from Honolulu

Wilhelmina, for San Francisco	Jan. 31
Korea, for San Francisco	Feb. 2
Sierra, for San Francisco	Feb. 6
Honolulan, for San Francisco	Feb. 7
Siberia, for San Francisco	Feb. 17
Lurline, for San Francisco	Feb. 20
China, for San Francisco	Feb. 23
Sierra, for San Francisco	Feb. 28
Wilhelmina, for San Francisco	Feb. 28

Sailings from Sydney

Aorangi, for San Francisco	Feb. 3
Makura, for Vancouver	Feb. 12

*Carries U. S. mail.

DIRECTORY OF Manufacturing and Wholesale Firms

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The Nielsen Mailing Machinery Co., Erie, Pa.

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The General Fireproofing Co., 161 Devonshire st., Boston, Mass.

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Andrews-Burr Paper Co., 54 India St., Boston, Mass.

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Bay State Paper Co., 327-335 Summer St., Boston, Mass.

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The Arnold Roberts Co., 180 Congress St., Boston, Mass.

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Cleghorn Co., 54 Batterymarch St., Boston.

PRINTERS' ROLLERS

Wild & Stevens, Inc., 5 Purchase St., Boston.

WOOL

F. N. Graves & Co., 234 Summer St., Boston.

STEEL CASTINGS

George H. Smith Steel Casting Company, Milwaukee, Wis.

WOODEN BOXES & CORRUGATED PAPER PRODUCTS

George G. Page Box Co., 1-13 Hampshire St., Cambridge, Mass.

RATES

One insertion 12c a line; three or more insertions, 10c a line. No advertisement taken for less than three lines

Classified Advertisements

Answers may be sent to New York Office, 2092-2093 Metropolitan Bldg., 1 Madison Ave., or Chicago Office, 750 People's Gas Bldg, Michigan Ave. and Adams St.

TELEPHONE

Your advertisement to 4330 Back Bay, or, if preferred, a representative will call on you to discuss advertising

RESORTS—FLORIDA

FLORIDA EAST COAST

YOU'RE CONTEMPLATING A TRIP!
YOU'RE IN DOUBT WHERE!

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Ormond.....Hotel Ormond on-the-Halifax
Palm Beach.....Royal Poinciana and Breakers
Miami.....Royal Palm on-Bay-Biscayne
Long Key Fishing Camp Among the Florida Keys
Nassau Bahamas.....The Colonial
Havana, Cuba. Via Key West and P. & O. S. S. Co.

FLORIDA EAST COAST

For Complete Information, Booklet, Tickets and Reservations, apply to the Local Agent or to F. E. C. offices at

243 5TH AVE., NEW YORK — 109 W. ADAMS ST., CHICAGO
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REAL ESTATE—MAINE

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Located about half mile outside the limits of the city of Toledo, one of the best markets with excellent shipping facilities. Seven and one fourth acres of land upon which over 42,000 sq. ft. of greenhouses, nearly all of which are the modern, large high houses, suitable for any crop of either vegetables or flowers. A fully equipped heating plant, inexhaustible well, pumping plant and elevated supply tank. 1000 sq. ft. of mushroom beds in cellar. 265 heavy bearing cherry trees, 135 young cherry trees, 450 bearing currant bushes. About 5 acres of extra early garden land. Also my large steam-heated residence, 7-room tenant cottage, packing house, barn and other buildings. To enable me to devote my time to other business we offer this property, with growing crops and all horses and tools, for $24,000. Will accept $8000 cash, $4000 in desirable exchange property and $12,000 on long time. Address CLYDE A. PRATT, Station "E," Dorr st., Toledo, O.

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Small fruit ranch, edge of town in Sacramento Valley, in first-class condition; modern house; trees 15 years old, heavy bearing, orange, olive, almond, fig, etc. Good income from property; reason for selling, desire to retire from active work. Address DR. M. T. MOORE, Corning, Cal.

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FOR SALE.

In Willamette Valley, Oregon, 10-acre improved fruit orchard, 1½ miles from growing town 2500 population, 26 miles from Portland. L. A. CRAIG, Newberg, Oregon.

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People and money needed to develop this wonderful country; I can sell you good farms or can loan your money to prosperous farmers; particulars on request. NIELS M. LARSON, Lipton, Sask.

STEEL—Structural engineer, established 3 years, wants to represent a steel works for western Michigan; familiar with trade. Address ENGINEER, care Monitor Office, Grand Rapids, Mich.

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NEW YORK—A Teheran despatch to the New York Herald declares that British and Russian governments seem on the point of coming to an agreement regarding representations to be made to Persia, with the view of assuring the present Cabinet of moral support so long as it continues to govern without the Mejliss, and will also offer to assist with a loan and in the railway projects.

The Persian semi-official press favors the railway project. Russia has sent 2400 troops to eastern Persia, principally to Meshed.

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HELP WANTED

MAN AND WIFE, no children, on 30-acre farm in New Jersey; must know about poultry, fruit and vegetables. Address M. A. CORGE, 69 Wall st., New York city.

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AGENTS WANTED, either sex, sell quick selling household necessity. Nets 100% profit. Build big-paying business by devoting all or spare time. Be your own boss—start now. Write for particulars and free sample. Dept. 1013, DUNLAP MFG. CO., Bloomington, Ill.

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WRITE LOS ANGELES, CAL., 423 BYRNE BLDG., W. A. URIE, if you want agent or any service on Pacific Coast; references; bonded Notary Public.

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A POST AS GOVERNESS OR COMPANION to children, by young woman strong in all up-to-date methods; also music; after New York city, New Mexico or Arizona preferred. B 11, 2093 Metropolitan bldg., New York.

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1,000 POUNDS CHOCOLATE SECONDS, slightly scratched, 2 lbs. for 25c
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BUTTER SCOTCH WAFERS, regular 20c. quality, 2 lbs. for.. 25c.
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You have had them before, and we have more than tripled our output on these goods since Christmas.
Our CELEBRATED OLD-FASHIONED BITTER SWEETS, per pound, fancy box 20c
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THOMAS W. DIXSON
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600 Onondaga Bank bldg., Syracuse, N. Y.

MacNEILL, BIRD, MacDONALD & BAYFIELD, Solicitors, Bank of Toronto and Bank of Nova Scotia, 901-909 Metropolitan bldg., Vancouver, B. C.

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H. GRAHAM BLEAKLY
328 Chestnut St., PHILADELPHIA, PA.

WILLIAM C. MAYNE
Attorney and Counsellor-at-Law,
Mutual Life Bldg., Philadelphia, Pa.

WILLIAM E. FREER,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR,
Room 1111, Ashland Block. CHICAGO.

FRANK C. ROGERS
Attorney-at-Law
5 North La Salle Street, CHICAGO.

ELIJAH C. WOOD,
Attorney and Counsellor,
218 LA SALLE ST., CHICAGO.

H. S. DERBY, Lawyer
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ATTORNEYS can frequently secure good non-resident clients by publishing their professional cards in this column.

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DR. C. FRANKLIN HARTT,
1006 Masonic Temple,
Phone Central 5891. CHICAGO.

W. J. CORD,
DENTIST,
901 Victoria Bldg. Both phones. St. Louis.

DR. EVA B. H. NUMBERS,
306 Frost Bldg.,
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Instruction in all music branches.

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Not Later Than Friday Afternoon
To insure proper Classification.

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An excellent method of marking the lesson-sermon.
Saves time, for the marker is quickly and easily placed; once placed lesson study is greatly simplified.
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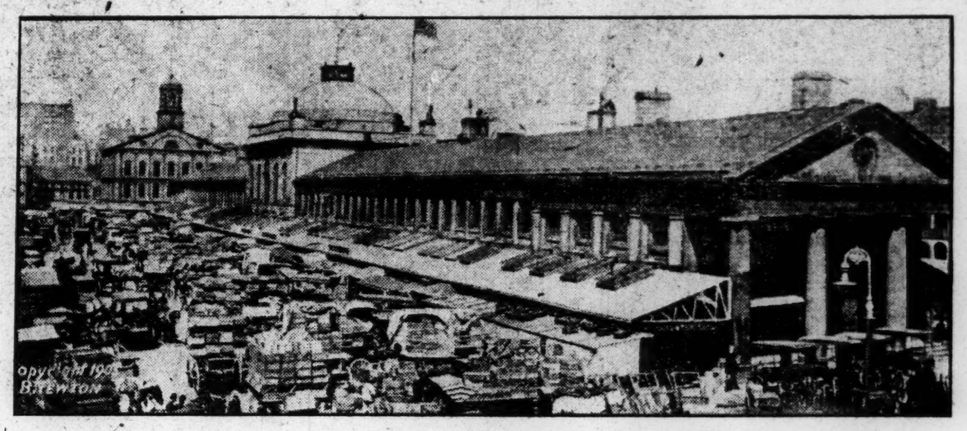
PRINTING

50 OLD ENGLISH visiting cards 30c, no extra for address; 100 business cards 60c; samples free; agents wanted. FORMAN PRINTERY, 95 Bank st., Waterbury, Conn.

Most Famous Market in the World



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Special attention given family orders

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FINE FRUITS AND VEGETABLES.
Telephones, Richmond 1641, Richmond 2407. STALLS 103-110, Faneuil Hall Market, BOSTON.

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W. H. AMES & CO., Inc. — POTATOES

Believing that quality would be appreciated in POTATOES as in other foods, we are placing upon the market through the merchants who are known for the high quality of the goods they carry, the VERY BEST POTATOES obtainable, in ONE PECK CARTONS WHICH EXCLUDE THE LIGHT.
Maine produces the best potatoes. We purchase only the best of the Maine crop. We select only the best of the car. Thus you get the CREAM of the Car, the CREAM of the Crop, the CREAM of the State.
25 and 26 B. & M. Produce Market. CHARLESTOWN, MASS.

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60 North Market St., Opp. Faneuil Hall
Has the best goods obtainable at the best prices. Come, eat and be convinced.

Wilson's Market
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Meats, Poultry, Groceries
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IMMEDIATE DELIVERY.
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FRENCH AND MUSIC practically and correctly taught by an experienced teacher; special attention given to children and beginners. MRS. TURNER, 163 E. 36th st., New York.

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Finest Market in New Egland
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438 to 444 Tremont st., 170 to 174 Mass. ave., 256 to 260 Warren st. (Rox. district), 10 and 11 Harvard sq., Brookline, BOSTON.

Classified Advertisements

For a free advertisement write your "wants" on separate piece of paper and attach it to blank at top of page 2. Space is not given under this classification for persons wanted to handle goods on commission or for soliciting business patronage.

CENTRAL STATES

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE

NURSERY GOVERNESS or companion by educated American; speaks German fluently; understands children thoroughly; excellent needle woman; best references. SUSAN T. BENTLEY, 3850 Indiana ave., Chicago. 27

PLAIN COOKING or second work wanted; no laundry. MISS MARY HARRIS, 2518 Calumet ave., Chicago. 27

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, expert, good business woman, 6 years' experience in Chicago, and last 3 years in New York, desires position. MISS A. CONNER, 5403 Jefferson ave., Chicago. 27

STENOGRAPHER—Experienced commercial and legal stenographer wishes position; law preferred. FLORENCE B. HEAPHY, 745 Monadnock blk., Chicago. Phone Harrison 1564. 27

STENOGRAPHER—Position desired by young lady stenographer; 8 years' railroad experience; can furnish good references. R. M. ANDERSON, 3619 N. Hoyne ave., Chicago. Phone Lake View 5764. 27

YOUNG GIRL desires position in home to assist with housework. Please write or call between 10 and 4 o'clock. S. V. BLOOMGREN, 915 W. 59th st., Chicago, 2d flat, front. 27

SWITCHBOARD—Young lady desires private switchboard position; small salary. MISS M. KING, 925 Foster ave., Chicago. 27

TEACHER—College graduate desires situation in boarding school, as teacher of grammar and English. MISS JESSIE WAYHAM, 4326A Olive st., St. Louis, Mo. 27

TYPIST desires employment copying and research work; will compile genealogies; best references. ETHEL M. WINTER, 624 Belden ave., Chicago. 27

TYPIST—Position wanted as typist in any town in Kansas, Missouri, Oklahoma or California; best of references furnished. MISS CARRIE GORDON, 1828 Washington st., Kansas City, Mo. 27

SOUTHERN STATES

HELP WANTED—MALE

CARETAKER for first-class farm in South Carolina, with implements and buildings; all products given caretaker. J. D. HARBY, box 72, Conway, S. C. 27

FARM HAND wanted, man or boy; state terms with references. Apply by letter only. S. T. ANDERSON, R. F. D. No. 2, box 103, Hampton, Va. 27

FOREMAN AND CUTTER wanted for small harness factory; steady work, permanent job. MILLER & GLEASON, Newport News, Va. 31

JEWELERS—Wanted, 2 manufacturing jewelers for general repair work at once; permanent position. Apply to B. KLEITZ & BRO., Wilmington, Del. 27

SOUTHERN STATES

HELP WANTED—MALE

MANAGER WANTED for large wagon works—A large wagon manufacturing company having influential backing, located southern states and manufacturing high-class tank, stake, express, laundry, delivery and business wagons, is looking for energetic, capable, experienced, progressive man to take entire charge of its plant and business as manager; applicants for the position must have had previous experience in the management or general superintendence of similar plants; good salary and attractive opportunities to the right man. Address SOUTHERN TRUST CO., Houston, Tex. 30

MAN AND WIFE, white, wanted on farm; man for general work, wife to cook, etc.; references required. EDWARD M. SWEENEY, Pine Creek Mills, Va. 1

HELP WANTED—FEMALE

COMPANION-HOUSEKEEPER wanted by lady living alone; maid kept; home and laundry return for services. MRS. TULIAN, 37 6th ave. N., St. Petersburg, Fla. 27

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE

HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATE (19) desires position with business house where there is opportunity of advancement. HERBERT E. WILLIAMS, 1347 Euclid st., Washington, D. C. 27

SALESMAN (A1), DECORATOR AND stockkeeper wants position with good grocery firm in Texas or other mild climate; reference furnished. Address E. INGRAM, Garden City, Kan. 29

YOUNG MAN desires position as clerk in first-class general merchandise, shoe or dry goods store in good business town of 3000 to 10,000 population; well experienced; own printing outfit; able to handle it; will set business to the front. W. B. STACY, Amelia, Va. 27

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE

COMPANION-STENOGRAPHER — Well educated, refined woman desires position as traveling companion; fair knowledge of Spanish; 5 years' experience in office work. MRS. JENNIE M. BENNETT, 209 E. Boulevard, El Paso, Tex. 29

WESTERN STATES

HELP WANTED—MALE

SALES MANAGER—No one considered unless experienced in handling sales force for pharmaceutical house or manufacturing chemists; prefer a man familiar with western territory, that is, Colorado, Utah, Arizona, Idaho, Wyoming; five men on the road at the present time, increased force to 10 within the next year; salary $2400 to $3600 per annum and percentage. THE INTERSTATE EMP. SYSTEM, 220 Kittredge bldg., Denver, Col. 27

WESTERN STATES

HELP WANTED—MALE

FACTORY MANAGER—Prefer experienced in the manufacturing of pharmaceutical preparations but will consider a business man with executive ability familiar with factory details, handling help, etc.; position will interest a man making less than $5000 per annum. THE INTERSTATE EMP. SYSTEM, 220 Kittredge bldg., Denver, Col. 27

STENOGRAPHER wanted, able to take Spanish and English dictation; $40-$50 weekly; half transportation paid to Chile, S. A.; salary to begin on sailing date; yearly contract; apply at once by mail, or in person. AMERICAN STENOGRAPHIC EXCHANGE, 320 Broadway, New York city. 30

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE

ELECTROTYPE FINISHER, first-class, with executive ability wants permanent position; will give references. J. GOLDFINGER, Y. M. C. A., Colorado Springs, Col. 27

WATCHMAKER, ENGRAVER, JEWELER, all-around man, wishes position; best references; age 28. J. A. NORSTROM, Frederick, Okla. 27

MAN, 30, single, with 12 years' business experience, 6 in men's clothing and furnishing store, speaking, reading and writing Swedish, Finnish and English, would like position in store or office. FRED WM. MATTILA, 52 W. 65th st., New York. 29

PACIFIC COAST

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE

CHAUFFEUR—Middle-aged married man (German) wishes position, city or country; makes own repairs, handy with any kind of tools; references. HENRY BRUTT, 20 Flood av., San Francisco, Cal. 27

MAN, 30, single, with 12 years' business experience, 6 in men's clothing and furnishing store, speaking, reading and writing Swedish, Finnish and English, would like position in store or office. FRED WM. MATTILA, 52 W. 65th st., New York. 29

WHARFINGER OR WAREHOUSEMAN, experienced, middle-aged man, single, desires situation; or as watchman; any location. FRANK HILL, 1125 So. E st., Tacoma, Wash. 31

YOUNG MAN, compelled by important circumstances to locate at Los Angeles, Cal., wants to learn trade; machinery or electricity preferred. W. WESLEY MILLER, 26 St. Pauls road, Ardmore, Pa. 27

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER — Position wanted by young lady; thoroughly competent bookkeeper and stenographer, with 5 years' experience; rapid, neat and accurate. MISS GRACE E. CAMPBELL, 555 Yucca st., Hollywood, Cal. 31

PACIFIC COAST

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE

COMPANION—Well-bred, educated, middle-aged woman desires position as companion or chaperon; experienced; eastern and southern California references. MISS IRENE WILLIAMS, box 374, Santa Paula, Cal. 31

NURSERY GOVERNESS, reliable German woman, desires position; prefer taking care of small child; 15 years' experience. GERTRUDE HEILEMANN, 745 Whittier st., Los Angeles, Cal. 31

SALESWOMAN, 1½ years' experience selling to jobbers and dealers, desires position; familiar with Pacific coast territory; A1 references. MRS. T. A. SMITH, 1050 S. Hope st., Los Angeles, Cal. 29

STENOGRAPHER—Competent young woman stenographer and lawyer would like position with reliable firm at Los Angeles, Cal. CLARA PARK, 534 Stimson bldg., cor. 3rd and Spring sts., Los Angeles, Cal. 27

CANADA — FOREIGN

HELP WANTED—MALE

FARMERS wanted; 3 men experienced in raising potatoes, onions, cabbages, etc., on large truck farm; married or single; state experience. W. T. MERRIDITH, Brunkild, Manitoba, Can. 27

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE

ADVERTISER requires work anywhere; formerly 17 years civil service and bank clerk London; good references of recent date; willing worker, any capacity. EDWIN ALFRED HARTWELL, 95A Haverhill rd., Balham, S. W., London, England. 29

CHAIR REPAIRER desires employment mending cane and rush seated chairs. EDWARD MORCROP, care Robertson, 6 Simon sq., Edinburgh, Scotland. 1

YOUNG SCOTCHMAN, temperate, energetic, 15 years' experience stationery, fancy goods, book selling and die stamping, experienced buyer, salesman and window dresser, wants position. M. S. HAY, Finwood Villa, Perth, Scotland. 1

YOUTH (18), refined, desires a post in or near Vancouver in oil or seed merchant's office; good references. ALBERT E. LAYBOURN, Edenfield, Hornsea, East Yorkshire, Eng. 27

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE

ATTENDANT-COMPANION, 35, wants position in England; would not object to travel. MISS GORE, care Miss Gaukroger, 19 Harbreck drive, Blackpool, England. 1

COMPANION — Refined young woman, Irish, seeks post as companion, resident or traveling; good packer and plain needlewoman; best references. MISS JEANNIE GRAHAM, 37 Brookhill ave., Belfast, Ireland. 1

LADY'S MAID, young Swiss woman, desires situation; good seamstress; references. MISS E. BAUMANN, 25 St. James road, Tunbridge Wells, Kent, England. 1

For a free advertisement write your "wants" on separate piece of paper and attach it to blank at top of page 2.

Classified Advertisements

The advertisements upon this page are inserted free and persons interested must exercise discretion in all correspondence concerning the same.

SPACE IS NOT GIVEN ON THIS PAGE TO ADVERTISEMENTS FOR PERSONS WANTED TO HANDLE GOODS ON COMMISSION OR TO ADVERTISEMENTS SOLICITING BUSINESS PATRONAGE

BOSTON AND N. E.

HELP WANTED—MALE

ACME SCREW MACHINE HANDS wanted. LEWIS EMP. AGENCY, 318 Main st., Springfield, J. R. Smith bldg., Holyoke, Mass. 31

ALL-ROUND MAN wanted at once at Hood Farm; must be first-class milker and good teamster. Apply in person to W. H. RANNEY, Supt. Hood Farm, Derry, N. H. 31

ALL-AROUND MACHINISTS wanted in repair shop. LEWIS EMP. AGENCY, 318 Main st., Springfield, J. R. Smith bldg., Holyoke, Mass. 31

ARCHITECT—Young architect wanted for work to be done early in May at Nahant; an old cottage improved and a new one built. Address MRS. C. B. BATES, Valparaiso, Ind. 31

ASSISTANT wanted on poultry farm. A. WILLEY, Hadlyme, Conn. 29

BOOKKEEPER, experienced with construction company preferred; good salary. Address Y. M. C. A., Dept. E, Springfield, Mass. 31

BOOKKEEPER, $20. BRECK'S BUREAU, 55 Franklin st., Boston. 27

BOSS CARDER wanted, Howard and Bullough cards and speeders; married and temperate; $21 week. C. H. Chisholm, Mgr., Dept. Skilled Labor, WOOL & COTTON REPORTER, 530 Atlantic ave., Boston. 30

BOSS WEAVER wanted, Massachusetts mill. C. H. Chisholm, Mgr., Dept. Skilled Labor, WOOL & COTTON REPORTER, 530 Atlantic ave., Boston. 30

BOY wanted for washroom; not under 18 years. SUNSHINE LAUNDRY, 8 Florist., Brookline, Mass. 1

BRIGHT YOUNG MEN wanted from the country to learn rubber business, $6 to $9; references. Apply by letter only. ATLANTIC RUBBER CO., Hyde Park, Mass. 29

BUYER wanted for our basement store, misses' clothing department; splendid opportunity. Apply in person or by letter to JORDAN MARSH CO., Boston. 26

CLERICAL—Young man wanted to do light bookkeeping and general office work. A. SCHLINSKY, 246 Huntington ave., Boston. 27

COLLECTOR, young, $12. BRECK'S BUREAU, 55 Franklin st., Boston. 27

COMPOSITOR, 2s. BRECK'S BUREAU, 55 Franklin st., Boston. 27

COMPOSITOR wanted. LEWIS EMP. AGENCY, 318 Main st., Springfield, J. R. Smith bldg., Holyoke, Mass. 31

DESIGNER wanted, first-class; Jacquard work; good weaver and manager of help; none but energetic workers need apply; state age, experience; Massachussetts mill. C. H. Chisholm, Mgr., Dept. Skilled Labor, WOOL & COTTON REPORTER, 530 Atlantic ave., Boston. 30

DOUBLE SCORER wanted in West Lynn; $12 up. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 26

DROP FORGER wanted; experienced man at drop forging; steady work; good wages; give full information. Address Y. M. C. A., Dept. E, Springfield, Mass. 29

DYER wanted, Massachusetts mill. C. H. Chisholm, Mgr., Dept. Skilled Labor, WOOL & COTTON REPORTER, 530 Atlantic ave., Boston. 30

ENGINEER (2d-class) wanted; $20 week of 7 days of 10 hours each. Address Y. M. C. A., Dept. E, Springfield, Mass. 31

ENGINEER (2d-class) wanted, 6 days; $18; out of town. BRECK'S BUREAU, 55 Franklin st., Boston. 27

ENGINEER (2d-class), $17.50, 7 days, in Randolph. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 26

ETCHER (iron and steel) wanted in city, charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 26

HARDWARE CLERK, $15. BRECK'S BUREAU, 55 Franklin st., Boston. 27

HORSESHOER wanted in Boston; $15 up. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 26

HOTEL BAKER wanted. BRECK'S BUREAU, 55 Franklin st., Boston. 27

IRON MOLDER wanted whose experience includes stove plate molding; give full information. Address Y. M. C. A., Dept. E, Springfield, Mass. 31

JANITOR, experienced, business building. BRECK'S BUREAU, 55 Franklin st., Boston. 27

JOB PRESS FEEDER wanted. LEWIS EMP. AGENCY, 318 Main st., Springfield, J. R. Smith bldg., Holyoke, Mass. 31

JOB PRESS FEEDER. BRECK'S BUREAU, 55 Franklin st., Boston. 27

42-INCH LATHE HANDS. LEWIS EMP. AGENCY, 318 Main st., Springfield, J. R. Smith bldg., Holyoke, Mass. 31

LINEMAN wanted, first-class. LEWIS EMP. AGENCY, 318 Main st., Springfield, J. R. Smith bldg., Holyoke, Mass. 31

LINOTYPE OPERATOR, speed 5000 ems 7 point. Apply by letter. SPRINGFIELD HOMESTEAD NEWSPAPER CO., Springfield, Mass. 1

MACHINISTS' HELPER—Young man to work on light machinery; 86 week to start; opportunity for advancement. Apply after 9 a. m. AUTOMATIC INDIVIDUAL BUTTER CUTTER CO., 5 Union st., Boston. 27

MAN wanted to install electric elevator. LEWIS EMP. AGENCY, 318 Main st., Springfield, J. R. Smith bldg., Holyoke, Mass. 31

MAN wanted for roll covering. LEWIS EMP. AGENCY, 318 Main st., Springfield, J. R. Smith bldg., Holyoke, Mass. 31

MAN OR WOMAN wanted to solicit orders for circular letters; list of names to go by; salary or commission. MISS DREW, 729 Tremont bldg., Boston. 31

MAN wanted with sufficient foundry experience to qualify for foreman's position in iron foundry; give full information. Address Y. M. C. A., Dept. E, Springfield, Mass. 31

MECHANICAL DRAFTSMAN, experienced electricity, $18. BRECK'S BUREAU, 55 Franklin st., Boston. 27

NIGGERHEAD OPERATORS and pulling over operators wanted; union factory. BUCKINS & TEMPLE CO., Milford, Mass. 27

OFFICE CLERK, good writer, $10. BRECK'S BUREAU, 55 Franklin st., Boston. 27

OFFICE CLERK, $9-10. BRECK'S BUREAU, 55 Franklin st., Boston. 27

PAPER CUTTER wanted; experienced man on power paper cutter on stationary paper; give full information of former experience. Address Y. M. C. A., Dept. E, Springfield, Mass. 29

PRESSMEN wanted who understand steel die, plate and stamping press; man who can do general work around printing office preferred. CAPITAL CITY PRESS, Montpelier, Vt. 31

PULLERS OVER wanted, experienced; Rex machine; 12c doz.; in South Boston. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 26

PURCHASING CLERK, young, $10. BRECK'S BUREAU, 55 Franklin st., Boston. 27

REX PULLING OVER machine operator on women's McKay shoes. Apply RICE & HUTCHINS, Inc., South Braintree, Mass. 26

RUBBER SPREADER—Man, experienced, temperate and worker. Apply to ATLANTIC RUBBER CO., Hyde Park, Mass. 30

SALESMAN wanted to sell high grade custom made clothing. Apply to FRED R. BOYCE, 1302 Massachusetts ave., Cambridge, Mass. 27

SALESMAN—Men's neckwear, calling on department stores, Boston, vicinity; state lowest salary. LLOYD A. STRICKLAND, 80 Henry st., Brooklyn, N. Y. 29

SECOND HAND CARDER wanted, $16 per week; one who understands Nesmith combers; Massachusetts mill. C. H. Chisholf, Mgr., Dept. Skilled Labor, WOOL & COTTON REPORTER, 530 Atlantic ave., Boston. 30

SECOND HAND wanted in cloth room (cotton mill). LEWIS EMP. AGENCY, 318 Main st., Springfield, J. R. Smith bldg., Holyoke, Mass. 31

SLATER wanted, with tools in Malden; $3-$4 day. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 26

BOSTON AND N. E.

HELP WANTED—MALE

SLASHER TENDER wanted, $13 per week, 56 hours, with opportunity for promotion; good man; Massachusetts Mill. C. H. Chisholm, Mgr., Dept. Skilled Labor, WOOL & COTTON REPORTER, 530 Atlantic ave., Boston. 30

STENOGRAPHER, young, $12. BRECK'S BUREAU, 55 Franklin st., Boston. 27

STENOGRAPHER—Young man wanted with large firm in Vermont; salary $90 month. Address Y. M. C. A., Dept. E, Springfield, Mass. 31

STENOGRAPHER, capable writing 150 words minimum as average, college man or man educated in economics or with newspaper training, $30 week and advancement. BRECK'S, 55 Franklin st., Boston. 27

STOCKMAN—Wanted, by wholesale shoe house, stockman with practical experience in jobbing business; must be thoroughly capable and able to furnish excellent references; good pay to right man; only those who can absolutely meet these requirements need apply. Apply only between 9 and 10 a. m. AL A. ROSENBUSH & CO., 146 Lincoln st., Boston. 30

STONEMAN—Must be quick, imposition knowledge not necessary; lock up for 24 jobbers; no corrections on stone; steady work for a hustler. LIBRARY BUREAU, Albany and Pacific sts., Cambridge, Mass. 27

STOVE PLATE MOLDERS wanted; permanent every-day job for steady men. Apply at once by letter. PORTLAND STOVE FOUNDRY, Portland, Me. 29

STUDENT wanted—Young man of refinement, to take care of furnace, with other light duties, in return for room and board; part time free for study; only those with highest personal references need apply; call after 7:30 in the evening. MRS. C. H. RICHARDSON, 56 Auburn st., Brookline, Mass. 29

TEACHERS—Men and women wanted for high schools and elementary—all grades; good salaries; no charge till located by us; send for registration blank. AMERICAN TEACHERS' AGENCY, A. H. Campbell, Ph. D., Mgr., Myrick bldg., Springfield, Mass. 31

TOOLMAKERS AND MACHINISTS wanted. LEWIS EMP. AGENCY, 318 Main st., Springfield, J. R. Smith bldg., Holyoke, Mass. 31

UPHOLSTERER wanted in hotel in Boston; $30 month and board. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 26

WELT, McKAY AND TURN LASTERS, heel shavers and scourers wanted at once; an increasing business makes it necessary to put on more help in these departments; good workmen will get steady year-round jobs. THOMAS G. PLANT CO., cor. Center and Bickford sts., Jamaica Plain, Mass. 27

HELP WANTED—FEMALE

APPRENTICE wanted to learn dressmaking; paid while learning. I. L. ROBINSON, 586 Columbus ave., Boston. 27

ASSISTANT—Wanted, talented conscientious girl who will exchange services in home for room and board and vocal lessons. MRS. B. B. CHAPIN, 7 Wellington rd., Brookline, Mass. 31

BILLING CLERK, Fisher, $10. BRECK'S BUREAU, 55 Franklin st., Boston. 27

BINDERY GIRLS, stitch and fold, in Beverly, $8-10. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 26

BOOKKEEPER, $6-8. BRECK'S BUREAU, 55 Franklin st., Boston. 27

BOOKKEEPERS, 2, $10-12. BRECK'S BUREAU, 55 Franklin st., Boston. 27

BOOKKEEPER and stenographer, $8-$9. BRECK'S BUREAU, 55 Franklin st., Boston. 27

BOOKKEEPER and stenographer, Newton, $10. BRECK'S BUREAU, 55 Franklin st., Boston. 27

BOOKKEEPER, assistant, d. e., $7 week, American only. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 26

CANVASSER, 50c. day and com., toilet articles. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 26

CASHIER, depart. store, $7. BRECK'S BUREAU, 55 Franklin st., Boston. 27

CASHIER, $10. BRECK'S BUREAU, 55 Franklin st., Boston. 27

CHAMBERMAIDS, in Boston, $15 month, in institution. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 26

COOK wanted for Newton Center; 4 in family; very little washing; Protestant preferred; $7 a week or more; must have references. EMP. AGENCY, 579 Massachusetts ave., Cambridge, Mass. Tel. 2994-W. 27

COOK and second maid, 4 in family, for Canton; some washing. MRS. PRESTON'S EMP. OFFICE, 486 Boylston st., Boston. 30

COOK, Protestant, for Cambridge; 3 in family; wages $7; some washing. MRS. PRESTON'S EMP. OFFICE, 486 Boylston st., Boston. 30

COOK wanted in family of 3; also do washing and ironing; second maid kept. MRS. R. W. SCOTT, 170 Tappan st., Brookline, Mass. Tel. Brookline 3470. 1

CORSET DEMONSTRATORS wanted, experienced and competent; salary paid. MADAM CLAFF, 462 Boylston st., room 301, Stewart bldg., Boston. 27

DRAPER, experienced, on wash dresses, $7-9, in Boston. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 26

EXPERIENCED OPERATOR wanted on custom corsets; one who is used to making alterations. Apply FRANCIS L. THOMAS, 420 Boylston st., Boston. 30

FACTORY GIRLS, French and Polish, out of town, $5 to start. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 26

FACTORY GIRLS, in Amesbury, piece work. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 26

FACTORY GIRLS, Polish, in Boston, piece work. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 26

GENERAL HOUSEWORK GIRL; 2 adults and baby; for Hingham; some washing; wages $5. MRS. PRESTON'S EMP. OFFICE, 486 Boylston st., Boston. 30

GENERAL MAID, 3 in family; W. Roxbury; some washing; wages $5. MRS. PRESTON'S EMP. OFFICE, 486 Boylston st., Boston. 30

GENERAL MAID, 4 in family, wages $5; woman one day a week for washing; half day every other week for sweeping. Fall River. MRS. PRESTON'S EMP. OFFICE, 486 Boylston st., Boston. 30

GENERAL MAID (Protestant) wanted in Belmont; 4 adults; $5 week; good plain cook and laundress, with good reference. HARVARD SQ. EMP. BUREAU, 13 Boylston st., room 23, Cambridge, Mass. 27

GENERAL MAID and nursery maid wanted in Cambridge; 2 adults and 2 children; must be competent and experienced, with good references; Protestants; $6 and $5 week. HARVARD SQ. EMP. BUREAU, 13 Boylston st., room 23, Cambridge, Mass. 27

GENERAL MAID wanted for Arlington; neat and reliable, with references. HARVARD SQ. EMP. BUREAU, 13 Boylston st., room 23, Cambridge, Mass. 27

GENERAL MAID wanted in Bedford to do plain cooking and laundry (has help with rest of work); 6 adults in family; cars pass the house; good home. HARVARD SQ. EMP. BUREAU, 13 Boylston st., room 23, Cambridge, Mass. 27

GIRLS wanted to learn paper box making; will pay while learning; steady work, good pay. M. B. CLAFF, Randolph, Mass. 27

50— GIRLS WANTED—50

GIRLS wanted (50) to make heels. J. B. RENTON CO., 63 Allerton st., Lynn, Mass. 27

GIRLS wanted to work on Lynn box machines; steady work and good pay. Apply to M. B. CLAFF, Randolph, Mass. 31

HAND SEWERS, experienced, on ribbon roses; apply at once. DAVIDSON MFG. CO., 133 Summer st., Boston. 29

BOSTON AND N. E.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE

HAND COLORISTS wanted at once. Apply with samples to CHASE, 5½ Ashburton pl., Boston. 30

HEAD OF STOCK FOR OSTRICH FEATHER DEPARTMENT wanted; good salary; experience necessary; recommendations and appearance important. Apply to L. Kornfeld, FELIX KORNFELD CO., 65-67 Summer st., Boston. 27

HOME WORKERS wanted to crochet, embroider, knit for store. Apply forenoons, MARY E. PAIGE, 175 Tremont st., Boston. 30

HOUSEWORK—Schoolgirl or middle-aged woman wanted to assist in household duties of small family; comfortable home and wages. Address L. L. MORSE, 963 Valley st., Manchester, N. H. 29

HOUSEWORK, Protestant, to do work for small family in apartment; easy. MRS. ROGERS, 663 Columbia rd., Dorchester, Mass. 1

KITCHEN MAID for private family; city; wages $6. MRS. PRESTON'S EMP. OFFICE, 486 Boylston st., Boston. 30

LINOTYPE OPERATOR wanted; only a swift and accurate operator will be considered. THE ARAKELYAN PRESS, 368 Congress st., Boston. 1

MAIDS wanted for cooking, second, general and nurse work. HARVARD SQ. EMP. BUREAU, 13 Boylston st., room 23, Cambridge, Mass. 27

MAID wanted in Wakefield; good plain cook; no washing; 6 in family (adults); good reference. HARVARD SQ. EMP. BUREAU, 13 Boylston st., room 23, Cambridge, Mass. 27

MAID wanted, experienced, for general housework in family of 2; apply after 5 p. m. MRS. H. SIRCOM, 246 Porter st., Melrose, Mass. 27

MAID wanted, Protestant, for general housework, no washing or cooking. R. D. SCOTT, 15 A Cotten st., Roslindale, Mass. Tel. Jamaica 1098-W. 27

MAID wanted in Watertown; 4 adults (2 home for lunch); want neat, reliable person to do good plain cooking; $5 without or $6 with laundry; Protestant, with good references. HARVARD SQ. EMP. BUREAU, 13 Boylston st., room 23, Cambridge, Mass. 27

MAID wanted for general work; Protestant Dane, Scotch or German preferred; must be good cook and laundress, neat and reliable; family of 4 adults; good wages and good home for right one. MRS. H. H. CUMMINGS, 69 Columbus st., Newton Highlands, Mass. 31

MAIDS, first and second girls wanted; desk, Protestants; for family 2 adults 4 children; wages $20 and $22; no sweeping. MRS. ED. E. RINEHART, JR., Ocean Drive, Shippan Pt., Stamford, Conn. 1

MAID wanted, experienced, for general housework. MRS. W. CRANE, 309 School st., Watertown, Mass. 1

MAN OR WOMAN wanted to solicit orders for circular letters; list of names to go by; salary or commission. MISS DREW, 729 Tremont bldg., Boston. 31

MILLINERY TRIMMERS for in and out of town; call Monday next between 9 and 10 o'clock. JUDKINS & McCORMICK CO., 120 Tremont st., Boston. 29

MOTHER'S HELPER wanted, who desires comfortable surroundings more than large wages; must be very neat. MRS. B. B. CHAPIN, 7 Wellington rd., Brookline, Mass. Tel. Brook. 4332-M. 30

MOTHER'S HELPER wanted, $5 per week. Apply to MRS. M. B. CLAFF, Roel st., Randolph, Mass. 27

MOTHER'S HELPER wanted; middle-aged; one desiring a good home rather than high wages. Phone 671-4 Jamaica. MRS. NICHOLS, Church st., West Roxbury. 1

NURSERY MAID—Bright, capable girl wanted for nursery maid; only one child in family; permanent position. MADAME WHITNEY'S DIRECTORY, 172 Ashmont st., Dorchester, Mass. Phone 963-R Milton. 31

NURSERYMAID — Refined young girl wanted. MRS. S. E. ROSENFIELD, 17 Winslow road, Brookline, Mass. Tel. 1774-W. Take Commonwealth ave. car. 31

OFFICE ASSISTANTS, Charlestown and Watertown, $8-10. BRECK'S BUREAU, 55 Franklin st., Boston. 27

OPERATORS, experienced wanted on women's waists and children's wash dreses; steady work, good pay. R. H. SIRCOM CO., Wyoming station, Melrose, Mass. 31

PARLOR MAID, waitress, 2 family, wages 6, for Taunton; 2 other maids kept. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE, 486 Boylston st., Boston. 30

PARLOR MAID, Protestant, for city; wages $6; 3 in family. MRS. PRESTON'S EMP. OFFICE, 486 Boylston st., Boston. 30

PROOFREADER, job and book, $12-15. BRECK'S BUREAU, 55 Franklin st., Boston. 27

PROTESTANT WOMAN (45-50) wanted to help in family of 2 ladies, one needing care; pleasant, permanent home to right one; 12 miles from South station. MRS. EMILY J. WEATHERBEE, Westwood, Mass., Box 27. 31

REPAIRER, garments, $6. BRECK'S BUREAU, 55 Franklin st., Boston. 27

SALESGIRL, $7-8. BRECK'S BUREAU, 55 Franklin st., Boston. 27

SALESWOMEN experienced in untrimmed millinery desiring to locate for next season may apply to our Mr. L. Kornfeld between 9 a. m. and 12 m; those commanding good salaries only need apply. FELIX KORNFELD, 65-67 Summer st., Boston. 30

SALESWOMAN, exp., wanted; permanent if satisfactory. Apply, with references, T. W. ROGERS CO., Lynn, Mass. 27

SINGER moving picture show, in Cambridge. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 26

SKIRT FITTER wanted, experienced on tailored skirts. SOLOV-HINDS CO., 352 Boylston st., Boston. 30

STITCHERS experienced on white cotton underwear; permanent positions to reliable girls. ROSE MFG. CO., 61 Hanover st., Boston. 30

STITCHER, experienced, piece work. Jewish girls preferred. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 26

STENOGRAPHER, law, $15. BRECK'S BUREAU, 55 Franklin st., Boston. 27

STENOGRAPHERS, 2, $5-$6. BRECK'S BUREAU, 55 Franklin st., Boston. 27

TEACHERS—Men and women wanted for high schools and elementary—all grades; good salaries; no charge till located by us; send for registration blank. AMERICAN TEACHERS' AGENCY, A. H. Campbell, Ph. D., Mgr., Myrick bldg., Springfield, Mass. 31

UPPER STITCHERS, piece work on boots and shoes. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 26

100--WAIST MAKERS--100

100 EXPERIENCED WAIST MAKERS wanted; good pay. R. H. SIRCOM CO., Masonic Temple bldg., Melrose, Mass. 31

WINDING COILS, $6-9, in West Lynn. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 26

WINDER, experienced, cotton yarns, $1 day. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 26

WORKING HOUSEKEEPER wanted for family of 3 adults; good wages; Protestant; references required. Apply to MISS M. L. GREELEY, 41 Pond st., South Weymouth, Mass. Tel. 87-3 Weymouth. 27

YOUNG GIRL wanted, used to power machine, to do general work on custom corsets. Apply FRANCIS L. THOMAS, 420 Boylston st., Boston. 30

YOUNG LADY of good appearance wanted to assist manager. LEWIS EMP. AGENCY, 318 Main st., Springfield, J. R. Smith bldg., Holyoke, Mass. 31

BOSTON AND N. E.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE

ACCOUNTANT, expert auditor and systematizer, wants position. W. K. BUCHANAN, 35 Hawthorn st., Roxbury, Mass. Tel. 3381-W., Roxbury. 31

ADVERTISER desires position requiring effective salesmanship on paper demanding borders and illustrations that appeal; preferably where bookkeeping or window trimming may be desirable. Address F. G. KYLE, 83 Waldemar av., Winthrop, Mass. 30

AMBITIOUS AMERICAN YOUNG MAN (24) desires position with mercantile house; formerly bookkeeper and cashier for stock exchange broker; good references. JASPER A. LANE, 20 Mt. Vernon st., Somerville, Mass. 29

AMERICAN, inventor and thorough mechanic, experienced as foreman, superintendent and chief designer on jigs, sheet metal dies, and forming, binding, drawing, and drop forge dies of every description, complicated and special machinery, desires position; best of references. J. E. KENERSON, 15 Linwood st., Cliftondale, Mass. 29

AMERICAN BOY (16), well educated, wishes position with good business house where he will have opportunity to advance. E. E. PARKER, Princeton st., Medford, Mass. 26

AMERICAN BOY (15) would like position in lawyer or broker's office; has first-class references and is honest and trustworthy. EDWARD F. SMITH, 6 Warrenton st., Boston. 1

AMERICAN YOUNG MAN, high school graduate, some experience in clerical work, desires position where he can earn fair wages. FRANK S. HOLMES, 9 South Broadway, Lawrence, Mass. 27

AMERICAN YOUNG LADY, refined, wishes employment of some kind. ELIZABETH MOORE, Barrington Center, R. I. 1

APPRENTICE, young man, 22, wishes opportunity to learn plumbers' trade. DAVID McCULLOCH, 21 Billings st., Atlantic, Mass. 31

ARTIST—Young man would like position in a large engraving house or printing office to learn the artist trade; has some talent. Address RALPH YOUNG, Box 402, Holbrook, Mass. 1

ASSISTANT TO STEWARD wishes position few hours mornings; am experienced hotel clerk, stenographer and bookkeeper; very small salary asked. C. F. NUTE, room 311, 170 Summer st., Boston. 30

ATTENDANT—Situation wanted as attendant for gentleman; references furnished; interview solicited. WM. YOUATT, 44 Cortes st., Boston. 27

ATTENDANT, experienced, desires position with gentleman; willing to travel; temperate; references. ARTHUR ROBERTS, 89 Shawmut av., Boston. 30

AUDITOR, experienced, wishes position; will open and close books; moderate salary. WILLIAM M. HARTSHORNE, 74 Waltham st., Boston. 27

AUTOMOBILES—Boy, 19, would like mechanical position in auto factory or business as apprentice; no pay to start. M. GREENHOOD, 267 St. Botolph st., Boston. 29

BAKER, German, first-class all-round, would like position, day work preferred; married; 14 years' experience; references. R. M. SCHONHEITER, 38 Broad st., Salem, Mass. 31

BLACKSMITHS' APPRENTICE, age 20, single, residence Concord Jct., fair wages. Mention 6624. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Oxford 2960. 30

BOOKKEEPER, competent, desires position; capable of taking full charge; highest references as to ability and character. EDWARD W. SEAGER, 45 Green st., Lynn, Mass. 27

BOOKKEEPER, capable of taking entire charge, broad, practical experience, no objection to going out of town, desires position at a moderate salary. W. M. HARTSHORNE, 74 Waltham st., Boston. 27

BOOKKEEPER and clerical work (26), single; residence West Somerville; $12; good references and experience. Mention 6555. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Oxford 2960. 29

BOOKKEEPER AND CORRESPONDENT (33), single; residence E. Somerville; $10-$15; will go anywhere; can speak and write French, German, Italian and English; 14 years' experience; college graduate. Mention No. 6619. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Oxford 2960. 30

BOOKKEEPER-AUDITOR desires position; long experience. ALVA S. WOOD, 1 Warren st., Woburn, Mass. 1

BOOT AND SHOE WORKER (23), single, residence Dorchester; $12-$15; 6 years' experience. Mention No. 6538. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Oxford 2960. 30

BOY, 19, would like position in automobile business or garage so as to improve ability in auto business; mechanical position preferred. M. GREENHOOD, 267 St. Botolph st., Boston. 29

BOY (14) wishes position in broker's office; good writer and adder; will also do errands. PAUL MURPHY, 28 Warrenton st., Boston. 1

BOY (16) wants position on farm; good home principal object. HAROLD P. WALDRON, 61 Tappan st., Everett, Mass. 1

BOY (Italian), good moral character, speaks English fluently, desires position in insurance office; start small wages; best of references; grammar school graduate; some high school education. JOSEPH T. W. ROSSETTI, 66 Elmwood st., Revere, Mass. 27

BUTLER-HOUSEMAN, colored, wishes position in private family; references. E. M. GILLIAM, 29 Harwich st., Boston. 30

CARPENTER, age 22, single, residence Springfield, western Mass. preferred, but will go anywhere, good ref. and exp. Mention 6635. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Oxford 2960. 30

CHAUFFEUR wishes position; expert driver on foreign and American cars; 9 years' experience; thoroughly experienced in repairs; excellent references. RALPH L. VAILLE, 615 Tremont st., Boston. 27

CHAUFFEUR—All-round man on foreign and U. S. machines wishes position in private family; go anywhere; best references. R. THORNTON, 5 Willow ave., West Somerville, Mass. 27

CHAUFFEUR (colored) desires position with private family; best references; go anywhere. SAUL INDELL, 60 Allston st., Cambridge, Mass. 27

CHAUFFEUR—Experienced man wishes position in private family or truck driving; best of references. GEORGE ROSS, 1439 Center st., Newton Center, Mass. 30

CHAUFFEUR (27), experienced on carburetor troubles, fair salary, single, residence Winthrop. Mention No. 6591. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Oxford 2960. 29

CHAUFFEUR AND COACHMAN (22), single, residence Boston; fair wages. Mention No. 6608. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Oxford 2960. 30

CHAUFFEUR AND GENERAL MAN (34), willing to make himself useful, married, residence Roxbury; fair wages. Mention No. 6615. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Oxford 2960. 30

CHAUFFEUR would like position driving pleasure car or truck; 5 years' experience on gasoline cars; willing to work in town or out; any state; best reference; strictly temperate; makes own repairs; single. BERNARD H. CARTER, 23 Hovey ave., Cambridge, Mass. 31

CHAUFFEUR wants employment, experienced, obliging, willing to be generally useful; best references; will go anywhere. WILLIAM J. TAYLOR, 87 Franklin st., Allston, Mass. 31

CHEF and 1st-class meat cutter (48), married, residence Brookline; $60 per mo.; unqualified experience and references. Mention No. 6381. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Oxford 2960. 29

CIVIL ENGINEER AND TIMEKEEPER (30), single; residence Amesbury; $60 month and up; good experience and references. Mention No. 6660. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Oxford 2960. 30

BOSTON AND N. E.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE

CHEF, reliable middle-aged French-American; hotel, restaurant, club; will go anywhere; wages moderate; references. S. CONIGLIO, 735 Tremont st., Boston. 27

CLERICAL WORK (21), single, residence Dorchester; $8; good experience. Mention No. 6597. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Oxford 2960. 30

CLERK, collector and advertising solicitor, age 20, single, residence Boston, $8, good exp. and ref. Mention 6573. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Oxf. 2960. 29

CLERK or office assistant, age 22, single, residence West Somerville; $8-10. Mention 6569. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Oxford 2960. 29

CLERK, TIMEKEEPER and shipping clerk (27, single, residence Boston), $10; mention 6567. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 29

CLERK—Experienced man in general office work desires to change position; 14 years in present position; best references from present employer. H. A. PEARSON, 85 High st., Boston. 30

CLERK, collector or any general work, age 29, single, residence No. Boston, $10. Mention 6628. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Oxford 2960. 30

CLERK—Position wanted as clerk in a general store, or office clerk, bookkeeping, cashier, time clerk, etc.; experienced; best of references; any part of U. S. or Canada. R. CAPES, 108 Main st., Marlboro, Mass. 31

COLLECTOR, office work and salesman, age 24, single, residence Boston, $15. Mention 6630. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Oxford 2960. 30

COMPANION—Young man, well educated, good English, also 7 other languages, wants position as valet or companion; willing to go anywhere; highest references. C. HOTOVA, general delivery, Lynn, Mass. 27

COOK, young, colored, can do all-round cooking, good pastry and breadmaker; desires position. GEORGE WASHINGTON, 27 Westminster st., Roxbury, Mass. 31

COOK, third, colored, wishes position, or as butler, porter or do general work around houses. JAMES W. PHIPPS, 17 Claremont Park, Boston. 31

COURIER - CHAUFFEUR, thoroughly competent to conduct European tour, acquainted with all points of interest and places which tend to make a tour interesting, wishes position for season of 1912. LEO GLADMAN, 372 Allston st., Boulevard station, Boston. 30

DECORATOR (Painter and paper hanger), 32, married, residence Jamaica Plain; $20; will go anywhere; good experience and reference. Mention No. 6575. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Oxford 2960. 29

DRAFTSMAN and foreman pattern-maker, age 28, married, residence Winthrop, $18-20, willing to go out of town, exp. in turbine work, electrical transformers and condensers, good exp. and ref. Mention 6633. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Oxford 2960. 30

ELECTRICAL, telephone or mechanical work wanted by experienced man, draw and design; will go out of town. O. D. BRYANT, 30 Batavia st., Boston. Tel. B. B. 5429-R. 27

ELECTRICIAN, all-round man of good habits would work for moderate wages in a permanent place. MANUEL MAGELLAN, 422 Norfolk st., Somerville, Mass. 27

ELECTRICIAN, age 19, single, residence Dorchester Center, $7 and up. Mention 6663. STATE FREE EMPLOYMENT OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston, Mass. Tel. Ox. 2960. 25

ELECTRICIAN and oiler on steamships or power house, age 21, single, residence Dorchester, $15 and up, good ref. and exp. Mention 6636. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Oxford 2960. 30

ELECTRICIAN'S HELPER and telephone lineman (27), married, residence Everett; fair wages; good experience. Mention No. 6605. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Oxford 2960. 30

ELECTRICIAN'S HELPER (19), single, residence Cambridge; $12-$15. Mention No. 6602. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Oxford 2960. 30

ENGINEER (1st-class), 37, single, residence Boston; $1500 per year; good experience and references. Mention No. 6580. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Oxford 2960. 29

EMPLOYMENT of any kind wanted by boy of 19, between 1:30 p. m. and 1 a. m., to help in education; can run elevator, do janitor work, waiter or tend telephone, residence Boston. Mention 6621. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston, Tel. Oxf. 2960. 30

ENGINEER, second class, American, single, having 5 years' institution experience, good on repairs, good reference, wants permanent position. HENRY CALLIS, 31 Charter st., Salem, Mass. 29

ENGINEER (first-class) desires position; 25 years' experience as engineer and machinist; strictly temperate and reliable; best references. A. TOWLE, 145 Cross st., Somerville, Mass. 27

ENGINEER (1st-class), with power station experience (29), single, residence Lynn; $25. Mention No. 6604. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Oxford 2960. 30

EXPERIENCED JANITOR, painter and paper hanger (30), married, residence Cambridge; $15. Mention No. 6593. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Oxford 2960. 29

FACTORY STOREROOM MANAGER, 27, wants position; experienced organizing storerooms, systematizing, executive, correspondent, general clerical; knowledge machinery and machine tools. ARTHUR P. MORLEY, 39 Walnut st., Malden, Mass. 27

FARMER—Situation wanted by first-class American farmer and care of country estate. WM. SLEIGHTER, Kent, Conn. 27

FARMER, young man

For a free advertisement write your "wants" on separate piece of paper and attach it to blank at top of page 2.

Classified Advertisements

The advertisements upon this page are inserted free and persons interested must exercise discretion in all correspondence concerning the same.

SPACE IS NOT GIVEN ON THIS PAGE TO ADVERTISEMENTS FOR PERSONS WANTED TO HANDLE GOODS ON COMMISSION OR TO ADVERTISEMENTS SOLICITING BUSINESS PATRONAGE.

BOSTON AND N. E.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE

YOUNG MAN, 20, mechanically inclined, wants position; salary about $12; good references. HY. DAVIS, 93 Cottage st., East Boston, Mass. 31

YOUNG MAN (19) would like to learn to feed job press; has helped on big cylinder presses 1 year; $6-7 week. BERT JACKSON, 17 Elm st., Dorchester, Mass. 31

YOUNG PARISIAN desires position in private family as butler, decorator or writer; willing to make himself generally useful; good education; can teach French; speaks English; best references. MR. ARMAND, 324 Franklin st., Cambridge, Mass. 30

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE

ASSISTANT, capable and experienced, would like position in or near Cambridge; can furnish references. KATHERINE GUSTAFSON, 7 Pelham Island rd., Wayland, Mass. 1

ATTENDANT, fond of children, wishes position to care for child. MRS. NETTIE R. HUNTING, 1 Salem st., Cambridge, Mass. 27

ATTENDANT—Lady of several years' experience desires position as attendant or to keep house for elderly person. MISS EMILY W. JERNEGAN, 85 West Elm st., Brockton, Mass. 27

ATTENDANT, experienced, temperate, references, wishes position with gentleman. ARTHUR ROBERTS, 89 Shawmut ave., Boston. 27

ATTENDANT, experienced, wishes position with elderly person; would travel. MRS. H. WINCHELL, 339 Pleasant st., Malden, Mass. Tel. 21. 27

ATTENDANT desires employment caring for children at their homes; day or night; references. MRS. W. H. TOMPKINS, 42 Falmouth st., Boston. 27

ATTENDANT wants position; trained; references. MERCANTILE EMP. AGENCY, 579 Mass. ave., Cambridge, Mass. Tel. 2994-W. 27

ATTENDANT - COMPANION, middle-aged, refined woman, capable, experienced; can sew and read well; good references. MRS. L. S. HUNT, 15 Tyler st., Atlantic, Mass. 27

ATTENDANT (40), experienced; $15; residence Worcester. Mention No. 6384. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Oxford 2960. 29

ATTENDANT, experienced, desires position. MISS R. M. SLOAT, 2 Rockville pk. (off Warren st.), Roxbury, Mass.; tel. 2478-W Rox. 29

ATTENDANT—Lady of refinement and practical experience wishes position as attendant or companion. J. IRENE PHILBRICK, 1 Florence st., Cambridge, Mass. 30

ATTENDANT—Young woman, first-class references, wishes employment. NANNIE LANGHORNE, 30 Falmouth st., suite 2, Boston. 31

BOOKKEEPER (30), single, residence Dorchester; $20-$25; 7 years' experience, having complete charge in large business house; excellent references and experience. Mention No. 6616. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Oxford 2960. 30

BOOKKEEPER, high school and business college education, desires position; capable of taking full charge of books. EDITH E. THOMPSON, North Conway, N. H. 27

BOOKKEEPER, 24, with 5 years' experience, can take full charge; $10 to start; good references. MARY McGLINCHEY, Mellon st., Needham Heights, Mass. 31

CANDY SALESLADY OR SODA CLERK (34), married; residence Beachmont; $7-$10. Mention No. 6623. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Oxford 2960. 30

CASHIER or bakery saleswoman (24, single, residence Dorchester), $8; good experience and references; mention 6311. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 30

CHAMBER MAID AND LAUNDRESS, thoroughly competent, wishes position. MISS BELL, Emp. Office, 52 Fayette st., Boston. Tel. 2179-M Tremont. 27

CHAMBERMAID wishes position; eight hours daily; in city. MISS NELLIE CLERK, 97 W. Cedar st., Boston. 27

CHAMBERMAID, Swedish, with references, willing to do some washing and mending. MRS. A. BENSON'S EMP. OFFICE, 80 Pleasant st., Boston. 27

CHAMBERMAID and second maid, experienced, wants position. MRS. STERNBERG'S SWEDISH EMP. BUREAU, 330 Tremont st., Boston. Tel. 2377-R Tremont. 1

CHAMBERMAID, parlormaid or waitress would like work by the hour or day. Address MISS XENIA G. SCOTT, 92 Magazine st., Cambridge, Mass. 30

CLERICAL position wanted by high school graduate (19), with some experience; $7. GERTRUDE M. GOFF, 6 Blackwood st., suite 1, Boston. 31

CLERK—Experienced woman wants position in department store or bakery. MISS G. E. BACON, 18 Sharon st., Boston. 27

CLERKS desire positions. Tel. Fort Hill 3384. Address REV. G. F. DUGIN, pastor Bromfield St. Methodist Church, 42 Bromfield st., Boston (Working Girls' Club). 1

COMPANION—Refined young woman, no remuneration; cultured home; prefer country where maid is kept; sewing, shopping, light housework; highest references. M. N. BENT, 22 Thayer st., Brookline, Mass. 27

COMPANION-HOUSEKEEPER — American woman, middle-aged, wishes position as housekeeper for elderly lady or couple, or as companion for lady. HARRIET F. SMALL, 679 Tremont st., Boston. 26

COMPANION—Situation wanted by middle-aged lady as companion or attendant, or as housekeeper for elderly people or small family. Address MRS. A. A. TAYLOR, 21 Rogers st., Dover, N. H. 29

COMPANION OR GOVERNESS—Young woman of refinement wishes position; can give best of references. HARRIETT COLLVER, 1651 Beacon st., Brookline, Mass., suite 2; mornings. 30

COMPANION or chaperone; woman of education; no objection to country; accustomed to reading aloud. MRS. ELISE T. MARTIN, P. O. Box 72, Topsfield, Mass. 31

COMPANION—Situation wanted by middle-aged woman as companion or attendant, or as housekeeper for elderly people or small family. Address MRS. ABBIE A. TAYLOR, 21 Rogers st., Dover, N. H. 31

COMPANION—Capable and companionable young woman wants position with party traveling in this country or abroad. B. L. WHITE, 405 Massachusetts ave., Boston. 31

COMPANION—Position wanted as companion or housekeeper for middle-aged or elderly lady; references. MISS TUPPER, 38 Church st., Hudson, Mass. 29

COMPANION or mother's helper position wanted by refined English woman in small family; good experience. MISS ALICE E. FULLER, The Maples, Greenwich, Conn. 31

COMPOSITOR, thoroughly experienced on book and newspaper work, also some experience as proofreader, wishes position; references given. MISS HELEN JACKSON, 103 Pembroke st., Boston. 27

COMPOSITOR (book or news), 28, single, residence Everett; fair wages. Mention No. 6596. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Oxford 2960. 29

CONSERVATORY STUDENT wishes position to exchange services at light housework for home and small pay, with privilege of practising few hours daily. MISS S. COATES, 2141 Massachusetts av., Cambridge, Mass. 29

COOK, experienced, at liberty through present employer's going south, wishes position; will also do general work by the day. MARTHA J. COLEMAN, 140 Northampton st., Roxbury, Mass. Tel. Dor. 4218-4. 27

COOK and second, 2 capable colored girls, desire work together; best references. MERCANTILE EMP. AGENCY, 579 Mass. ave., Cambridge. Tel. 2994-W. 27

COOK, Swedish, with 8 years' reference from last place, very neat and of good disposition. MRS. A. BENSON'S EMP. OFFICE, 80 Pleasant st., Boston. 27

BOSTON AND N. E.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE

COOK, Scotch, Protestant, competent, good manager, wishes position; excellent references. Apply at MISS LARKINS, Emp. Office, 82 Berkeley st., Boston. Tel. Tremont 2391-M. 27

COOK, experienced, best references, desires position in private family. MRS. M. A. BLACK, 60 Rosemount st., Hyde Park, Mass. 1

COOK and general maid wants position. MRS. STERNBERG'S SWEDISH EMP. BUREAU, 330 Tremont st., Boston. Tel. 2377-R Tremont.

COOK—Colored woman wishes position as cook, laundress or general maid in private family; home nights. MRS. M. GARDINER, 15 Village st., Boston. 29

COOK—Colored woman wishes position as cook or general maid in private family. HARRIET D. TURNER, 12 Camden st., Boston. 29

COOK—Situation wanted by Nova Scotia woman; best of references. Apply to MISS McCREHAN, Emp. Office, 126 Massachusetts ave., cor. Boylston st., Boston. 27

COOKS, first and second, good manager; best references. MISS BAGLEY'S EMP. OFFICE, 36 Boylston st., room 2, Boston. 27

COOK AND SECOND GIRL—Lady closing her house wishes to find places for her maids. Apply to MISS McCREHAN, Emp. Office, 126 Massachusetts ave., cor. Boylston st., Boston. 27

COOK AND SECOND MAID—Two reliable, capable women, with first-class references. MISS BELL, Emp. Office, 52 Fayette st., Boston. Tel. 2179-M Tremont. 27

COOK AND SECOND MAID wish employment. MRS. STERNBERG, Swedish Emp. Office, 330 Tremont st., Boston. Tel. 2377-R. Tremont. 31

COOK—Position wanted by capable woman as plain cook or housekeeper or attendant; best references. MRS. NELLIE GOODING, 324 Main st., Everett, Mass. 31

COOK, experienced, best references, wants position in small private family. MISS J. RILEY, 63 St. Botolph st., suite 3, Boston. Tel. B. B. 5404-M. 31

COOK and second girl wanted in Cambridge; Swedish Protestant preferred; must have references; $5 and $6 week. MERCANTILE EMP. AGENCY, 579 Mass. ave., Cambridge. Tel. 2994-W. 31

COOK—Capable girl desires work, private boarding house or institution; references. MERCANTILE EMP. AGENCY, 579 Massachusetts ave., Cambridge, Mass. Tel. 2994-W. 31

COOK (down East) wishes position. MISS KING, Emp. Office, 699 Washington st., Boston. 31

DAY'S WORK by the day or hour cleaning and laundry wanted by by capable woman; references. MERCANTILE EMP. AGENCY, 579 Massachusetts ave., Cambridge, Mass. Tel. 2994-W. 31

DRESSMAKER, experienced, competent in all home sewing, wishes position; will also do repairing and altering. MRS. LELIA WHITMORE, 205 Huntington ave., suite 4, Boston. 29

DRESSMAKER wishes employment; experienced cutting, fitting, alterations, etc. MARY A. JENKINS, 75 Pleasant st., Cambridge, Mass. 30

DRESSMAKER, experienced, wants employment. MISS MAUD McLEAN, 128 Charles st., Boston. 31

DRESSMAKER and tailoress, first-class cutter and fitter, 12 years' experience by draft, wishes employment. MISS GALLOWAY, 58 Templeton st., Dorchester, Mass. 31

ELLIOT FISHER OPERATOR and office work (18, single, residence Malden), $9; mention 6606. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 30

FACTORY WORK (25), single, residence Roxbury. Mention No. 6626. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Oxford 2960. 30

FACTORY WORK (25), single, residence Roxbury; $8. Mention No. 6627. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Oxford 2960. 30

GENERAL MAID wishes situation in city or country; excellent references. MISS LARKINS, Emp. Office, 82 Berkeley st., Boston. Tel. Tremont 2391-M. 27

GENERAL HOUSEWORK or cooking wanted by a reliable girl; best references. MERCANTILE EMP. AGENCY, 579 Mass. ave., Cambridge. Tel. 2994-W. 27

GENERAL HOUSEWORK wanted by newly arrived Swedish girl. MRS. A. BENSON'S EMP. OFFICE, 80 Pleasant st., Boston. 27

GENERAL HOUSEWORK or day's work wanted by West Indian; good plain cook, good laundress; reliable. ALICE ROACHE, 140 Harvard st., Cambridge, Mass. 30

GENERAL MAIDS, Norwegian, wish positions. MRS. STERNBERG, Swedish Emp. Office, 330 Tremont st., Boston. Tel. 2377-R Tremont. 31

GENERAL WORK—Woman wants employment by the day. MRS. HOAR, 10 Field st., Roxbury, Mass. 29

GENERAL WORK—Cleaning or mending wanted by the hour or day. MRS. ABBIE WITHAM, Berwick pk., Boston. 29

GENERAL WORK—Young colored woman wishes work of any kind by day or hour, in or out of city; washing to take home; competent worker. A. M. SMITH, 23 Cambria st., Boston; tel. 2807-W B. B. 29

GENERAL WORK—Neat, reliable young woman wants day's work for Monday, Tuesday or Wednesday, or general work a few hours each day. ANNIE WILKINS, 76 Ruggles st., suite 3, Roxbury, Mass. 29

GENERAL WORK—Woman wishes employment mornings cleaning suites in apartment house. MRS. ISABEL HOLLEY, 42 Cedar st., Roxbury, Mass. 29

GENERAL WORK by the day, or laundry to do at home, desired by colored woman. PHOEBE WASHINGTON, Westminster st., Roxbury, Mass. 31

GENERAL WORK—Colored woman desires day's work for Thursday. MRS. L. D. BARNETT, 17 Camden st., Boston. 31

GOVERNESS—Would like position as governess (speak English, German and Spanish), or as companion to elderly lady. MISS FANNIE ABER, 2 Westland ave., Boston. 27

HOUSEKEEPER wishes situation; good manager; best of references. MISS LARKINS, Emp. Office, 82 Berkeley st., Boston. Tel. Tremont 2391-M. 27

HOUSEKEEPER—Woman of refinement wants position as housekeeper or companion; good executive ability; institution work considered; good references. MRS. DYER, 151 Worcester st., Boston. 27

HOUSEKEEPER, capable, trustworthy, experienced, desires position for one or two adults, in Boston or vicinity; references. Address MISS HELEN REED, 29 Temple pl., room 12, Boston. 29

HOUSEKEEPER — Refined, middle-aged lady wishes position as housekeeper in adult family, or to care for apartment. MRS. G. S. WARDEN, 24 Pearson av., Somerville, Mass. 29

HOUSEKEEPER—Position wanted in small family, care of elderly people, or light work, by an elderly woman; Protestant-American; good references. MRS. S. A. CAPPERS, 127 Summer st., Lynn, Mass. 31

HOUSEKEEPER, American woman, desires position; will care for elderly couple; 10 years' experience; will do any light work. LUCY LYMAN, 10 Andrew pl., Boston. 1

HOUSEKEEPER—Reliable, capable woman would like position; city or country; kind to children; best references. MRS. MARY CALDER, care Mrs. Ray, 16 Emerald st., Boston. 1

HOUSEKEEPER wishes position in small family; no children; or with elderly couple. MRS. LYDIA MEHITA, 11 Upton st., Boston. 31

HOUSEKEEPER, reliable young woman wants position; or would take general work in small family; please write. MISS BERTHA BERGER, 55 Millet st., suite 1, Dorchester, Mass. 1

HOUSEKEEPER-COMPANION — By refined middle-aged woman, position of trust, competent to take charge; reading, writing, sewing; good home rather than high salary; best references. MRS. E. J. HOMANS, 56 Webster st., Haverhill Mass. 1

BOSTON AND N. E.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE

HOUSEKEEPER, refined woman, nearing middle age, desires position in small family in Boston or vicinity; very capable and best references. FANNIE JOB, box 73, Zaleski, Vinton Co., O. 1

HOUSEKEEPER-COMPANION, or care of elderly couple; position wanted by reliable Protestant woman; best of references. MERCANTILE EMP. AGENCY, 579 Massachusetts ave., Cambridge, Mass. Tel. 2994-W. 31

HOUSEWORKER—Young American woman desires situation as houseworker in small adult family; excellent references as to ability and character. ELSIE C. BOLTON, 417 Broadway, Chelsea, Mass. 30

HOUSEWORK—American woman wishes position to do general housework or as working housekeeper; will also act as attendant. ALICE STURGESS, 10 Andrew pl. (off East Canton st.), Boston. 30

LAUNDRESS and chambermaid, 2 young girls, neat and willing; references. MISS BAGLEY'S EMP. OFFICE, 36 Boylston st., room 2, Boston. 27

LAUNDRESS, Protestant, first-class; best of references. MISS LARKINS, Emp. Office, 82 Berkeley st., Boston. Tel. Tremont 2391-M. 27

LAUNDRESS wishes employment at home; first-class references. MISS MINNIE WARD, 53 Norway st., Boston. 29

LAUNDRESS desires employment at home. MRS. C. L. ROBINSON, 97 Brookline st., Cambridge, Mass. 29

LAUNDRESS, long experience, good references, wishes position in public laundry or institution. MRS. CUNNIFF, 17 Hamburg st., Boston. 30

LAUNDRESS desires employment at home; private family wash preferred. MRS. S. A. K. TAYLOR, 23 Holyoke st., Boston. 31

LEGAL BUSINESS or social service position (38, single, residence Boston); experienced in law, college preparatory studies, college graduate; understands booking, typewriting and cashiering; managed business for 6 years; mention 6613. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 30

MAID (colored) wishes position; housework or chamber work. B. GIRGNON, suite 2, 106 Lenox st., Boston. 1

MAID—Position wanted by a German Protestant for housework; small family; reliable, trustworthy; $5 week. Address A. W. BRINCKMAN, 11½ Union pk., Boston. 27

MAID (colored) desires position in hotel or private family. MISS MILDRED JONES, 676 Shawmut av., Boston. 30

MAID, Swedish, middle-aged woman, desires position to do plain housework in small family. ELLEN SWANSON, 14 Lawrence st., Boston. 27

MAIDS—Three general; Nova Scotia girls; also one inexperienced; all young, neat, willing; desire employment; will go any distance. MISS BAGLEY'S EMP. OFFICE, 36 Boylston st., suite 2, Boston. 27

MAID—Colored woman wishes position to do light housework in small family; references. MATILDA WALKER, 83 Windsor st., Boston, Mass. 29

MAID—Colored girl, reliable, wishes position as general or second maid, out of city; experienced, references. MISS MABEL BURCH, 10 Willow pk., suite 1, Boston. 29

MAID—Colored woman of experience would like 3 or 4 hours' work daily cleaning suites or chamber work; best references. MRS. HATTIE A. ROBINSON, 29 Sheafe st., Malden, Mass. 31

MAID, colored, wants position at general housework; please write. CLARA MAYO, 26 Buckingham st., Boston. 1

MAID—Neat, trustworthy, experienced Swedish girl, good references, wants position in small family. EDLA BUCKAU, gen. del., Newton Highlands, Mass. 1

MAID (colored), capable, reliable, wishes position; or general work by the day; must go home nights. ELLEN DANIELS, 155 Massachusetts ave., Boston. 31

MAID—Neat, capable, trustworthy English girl, excellent cook and laundress, wishes position; can take charge if required; city or country. MISS KING, Emp. Office, 699 Washington st., Boston. 31

MAIDS (2), Swedish, wish positions. MISS KING, Emp. Office, 699 Washington st., Boston. 31

MAID—A lady closing her home wishes to find situation for her 3 maids (Swedish); cook, waitress and laundress. MRS. MARY K. BELL, Emp. Office, 52 Fayette st., Boston. 31

MOTHER'S HELPER—Refined middle-aged Protestant lady wishes position as mother's helper, to assist with light household duties also; some care of children; best of references. MRS. SARAH B. ORCUTT, Holbrook, Mass. 27

MOTHER AND SON would like position on poultry farm or gentleman's estate; thoroughly experienced; any location. MRS. E. G. HIGGINS, box 129, Hopkinton, Mass. 30

MOTHER WITH INFANT would like position to do general housework or nursery work. MRS. FLORENCE ANTHONY, 18 Stanton st., Maplewood, Mass. 31

NEEDLEWOMAN, experienced especially in children's clothes, wishes employment; references. MISS HELENE HILLS, 59 Georgia st., Roxbury, Mass. Tel. Roxbury 510. 27

NURSERY MAID position wanted by young Protestant girl. MERCANTILE EMP. AGENCY, 579 Massachusetts ave., Cambridge, Mass. Tel. 2994-W. 31

NURSERY MAID-CHAMBER MAID, capable and reliable, experienced plain sewing, wishes position. L. E. UPHAM, 627 Massachusetts ave., Boston. 27

NURSERYMAID — Young colored girl wishes position as nurserymaid for one child; city preferred. MISS M. E. LEWIS, 31 Windsor st., Boston. 29

OFFICE WORK or store work (24), single, residence Boston, $6-$8; mention 6596. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 30

OFFICE WORK (20), single, residence Roxbury; $6. Mention No. 6618. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 30

OFFICE WORK (24), single, residence Boston; $6-$8; good experience and references. Mention No. 6595. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Oxford 2960. 29

OPERATOR on power machine wants position. FLORENCE M. JOHNSON, 57 Windsor st., Boston. 31

PARLORMAID, Swedish, would like situation where butler or waitress is kept; references, MRS. A. BENSON'S EMP. OFFICE, 80 Pleasant st., Boston. 27

PIANIST (19), married, residence Lynn; $8-$12. Mention No. 6620. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Oxford 2960. 30

PIANOFORTE TEACHER, sewing teacher and companion (35), single, residence South Framingham; good references and experience. Mention No. 6631. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Oxford 2960. 30

SALES CLERK AND CASHIER (32), single, residence South Boston; $7. Mention No. 6637. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Oxford 2960. 30

SEAMSTRESS wanted; girl to sew on ladies' tailored suits; apply before 12 o'clock. S. B. MARKIS, 307 Columbus av., Boston. 27

SEAMSTRESS desires employment plain sewing and mending. ELIZABETH WILLIAMS, 178 Northampton st., Boston. 27

SEAMSTRESS, experienced, wishes employment, city or vicinity. MISS CARRIE STIMPSON, 146 W. Concord st., Boston. 29

SEAMSTRESS, experienced, wishes employment in family; does good all-round work in sewing and altering. JENNIE CARR, 552 Columbus ave., Boston. Tel. 2389-J Tremont. 30

SEAMSTRESS desires employment. MRS. MARGARET DUPREE, 33 Holyoke st., Boston. 30

SECOND GIRL wishes position. MISS KING, Emp. Office, 699 Washington st., Boston. 31

SECOND MAID, young Swedish girl, would like situation in private family. MRS. A. BENSON'S EMP. OFFICE, 80 Pleasant st., Boston. 27

BOSTON AND N. E.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE

SECOND WORK wanted by a Protestant N. S. girl; references. MERCANTILE EMP. AGENCY, 579 Mass. ave., Cambridge. Tel. 2994-W. 27

STENOGRAPHER, with both business and literary experience, desires position. Address E. M. MITCHELL, 257 Albion st., Wakefield, Mass. 27

STENOGRAPHER (20), single, residence Boston; $8-$10; excellent references and experience. Mention No. 6589. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Oxford 2960. 29

STENOGRAPHER, over 4 years' experience, desires steady position in Cambridge or Boston; also capable of assisting on books. J. V. MURRAY, 586 Mass. ave., Cambridge, Mass. 28

STENOGRAPHER and multigraph operator, experienced, desires position; high and commercial school education. VICTORIA BLACKWELL, 3 Chestnut pl., Everett, Mass. 29

STENOGRAPHER wanted, able to take Spanish and English dictation; $40-$50 weekly; half transportation paid to Chile, S. A.; salary to begin on sailing date; yearly contract; apply at once by mail, or in person, AMERICAN STENOGRAPHIC EXCHANGE, 320 Broadway, New York city. 30

STENOGRAPHER, practical, accurate, beginner, can read notes and do good work; small salary to start. JENNIE BORTH, Third and Wharton sts., Philadelphia, Pa. 30

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR and office work (25), single, residence South Boston; $9. Mention No. 6594. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Oxford 2960. 29

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR and office work (25, single, residence, South Boston), appearance A1, good experience and references; $9; mention 6594. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 30

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR and stenographic work (19, single), $8-$12; mention 6603. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 30

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR AND CASHIER (21), single, residence Charlestown; $8-$10. Mention No. 6638.. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Oxford 2960. 30

TELEPHONE—Young lady, thoroughly experienced, desires position as switchboard operator. MAUDE L. GLOVER, 13 Edgewood st., Roxbury, Mass. 31

TYPIST, experienced also as multigraph operator, wishes employment. MABEL S. DYER, 32 Elm st., Somerville, Mass. Tel. Somerville 1217-W. 27

WORK TO GO HOME NIGHTS, care of apartment or general housework, wanted by capable woman; best of references. MERCANTILE EMP. AGENCY, 579 Massachusetts ave., Cambridge, Mass. Tel. 2994-W. 31

YOUNG GIRL (18) would like position in general office work with opportunity for advancement, or dentist's assistant; fine experience and very good references. Tel. Haymarket 46. RUTH E. HARDING, 44 Chambers st., Frances Willard House, Boston. 27

YOUNG GIRL, refined, desires position to care for children in or near Hartford. FRANCES RICE, 284 Sigourney st., Hartford, Conn. 30

YOUNG LADY, general experience, both business and in literary work, desires position; would prefer opportunity to get into something where I could make myself invaluable after a time, but will accept anything reasonable. Address E. M. MITCHELL, 257 Albion st., Wakefield, Mass. 27

EASTERN STATES

HELP WANTED—MALE

BOYS (2) wanted; for special delivery work; must be workers, trustworthy and acquainted with New York locations. THE AMERICAN MULTIGRAPH SALES CO., 346 Broadway, New York city. 27

COMPOSITORS—Large and well-equipped printing plant requires additional compositors; steady work and permanent position offered competent men. Apply for application blank to manager THE MAQUA CO., Schenectady, N. Y. 31

SALESMAN—Men's neckwear, calling on department stores, Boston, vicinity; state lowest salary. LLOYD A. STRICKLAND, 80 Henry st., Brooklyn, N. Y. 29

SALES MANAGER wishes position; ability; 12 years' experience; energy; A1 record; will organize and stimulate your selling force, increase output and reduce cost; grocery specialty preferred. P. M. BERRY, Box 72, Cranford, N. J. 1

YOUNG MAN wanted, good English education, thoroughly competent in stenography; one experienced in general office work preferred; a good opportunity for the right young man to progress both in salary and position. If the applicant has a commanding personality, he would after training in the fine china business, be advanced to the road if desired. Address, with full particulars as to experience, etc., POTTERY, P. O. Box 616, Trenton, N. J. 30

HELP WANTED—FEMALE

DRESSMAKER requires an apprentice; white or colored; must be neat. MISS E. HAWKINS, 250 West 84th st., New York city. 31

HOUSEWORK—American wanting a good home more than wages in family of 2; light washing; shore in summer. MRS. E. R. VAN SECKLE, Underhill pk., Tuckahoe, N. Y. 31

STENOGRAPHER wanted, able to take Spanish and English dictation; $40-$50 weekly; half transportation paid to Chile, S. A.; salary to begin on sailing date; yearly contract; apply at once by mail, or in person, AMERICAN STENOGRAPHIC EXCHANGE, 320 Broadway, New York city. 30

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE

ARTIST AND CARTOONIST (30), with over 15 years' newspaper experience, wishes to get into some other business. EDWARD GRINHAM, 535 W. 135th st., New York. 27

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER — Experienced young man wishes position; close attention to business and willing worker. GEORGE H. KLINE, 2139 N. GRATZ ST., Philadelphia, Pa. 31

ATTENDANT—Young man, willing, obliging, experienced, wishes position; willing to travel; references. JAMES DEVOS, 1671 Second ave., New York. 27

BOY (17) wishes position to learn trade; printing preferred; bright, willing and conscientious; references. H. MAYER, 84 W. 103d st., New York. 30

CAPABLE MAN, temperate and industrious, wishes position; any kind of work; best references. A. HOFFMAN, 119 Forsythe st., New York city. 29

CHEF (colored), reliable and temperate, desires position in private house, hotel or railroad. JOHN SMITH, 3 East 132d st., New York. 30

CLERK, hardware and electrical, and buyer would like position; locksmith and mechanic; 15 years' experience; New York preferred; reference. HENRY BAYER, 188 Amsterdam ave., New York. 27

CLERICAL position wanted by young man (30) who has had 10 years of active experience, both office and departmental work; best of references. E. H. ALFRED HAUPT, 601 E. 170th st., New York. 27

CLERICAL—Married man of 36, with 17 years' experience in all lines of office work with manufacturing concern, wishes position; will take anything; references. WILLIAM F. VIEHMIER, R. F. D. 1, Perrysville, Pa. 27

CLERK wishes position in New York; 14 years' experience in office work; 10 years with one concern; can furnish references. EDGAR B. CONOVER, 45 Paulison ave., Passaic, N. J. 1

COLLEGE GRADUATE (28) desires position affording business training; present experience slight; willing to learn; advancement opportunities more important than salary. J. F. HAMAKER, Sloatsburg, N. Y. 31

EASTERN STATES

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE

COMPANION-ATTENDANT wishes position; willing to travel in America or abroad. J. LOUIS ZIEGLER, 324 Genesee st. Rochester, N. Y. 27

DRAUGHTSMAN—Young man (20), mechanical tracer, desires position; references; apply by letter. M. FATON, 305 E. 75th st., New York city. 29

ESTIMATOR OR BUILDER'S MAN — Young man, 25, technical graduate, with 7 years' experience in general contracting, desires position with a concern of good standing; opportunity for advancement more important than salary; references; will leave New York city if inducements warrant. Apply by letter only to H. L. GILKEN, 432 Ft. Washington ave., New York city. 30

GARDENER, single, white, Protestant, good refs., wants position on private place; experienced also with horses. J. CLARK, 32 Colloin st., Germantown, Pa. 1

JOB PRESSMAN desires permanent position; best references. LEWIS HERBERT, 526 S. 7th st., Philadelphia, Pa. 27

MANAGER—Position wanted as hotel manager or assistant; thoroughly competent; 10 years' experience; can furnish best of references; European plan hotel preferred. A. J. IRELAND, 21 E. 21st st., New York city. 27

MAN, 30, single, with 12 years' business experience, 6 in men's clothing and furnishing store, speaking, reading and writing Swedish, Finnish and English, would like position in store or office. FRED WM. MATTILA, 52 W. 65th st., New York. 29

MECHANIC, temperate, industrious, capable, wants any work which can be done sitting down; satisfactory references from former employers. HARRY THOMAS, 318 Pacific av., Jersey City, N. J. 30

NIGHT WATCHMAN—Man (40) wishes position as night watchman, or as attendant. OSCAR OESTERLIN, 1220 North Tenth st., Philadelphia. 27

OFFICE MAN, all-round, experienced (25), married; executive ability; good stenographer; willing to do anything. GEORGE HANKEN, 1019 Longwood av., Bronx, New York. 27

PIANIST, experienced popular orchestra and dance music, wishes employment. Phone Woodland 2923-D. JOHN P. CARROLL, 614 S. 51st st., Philadelphia. 1

PORTER—Capable colored man wants position as porter or any occupation where he can make himself useful. LEON TERRY, 155 W. 132d st., bet. Seventh and Lenox aves., care Brooks. New York city. 31

POSITION OF TRUST wanted by man, 48; good appearance and address, educated, wide business experience, temperate; salary small. E. WALKER, 320 East 42d st., New York city. 31

PRINTER, all-round hand, 16 years' experience, wants steady position. ALFRED S. ALPAR, 1817 N. Darien st., Philadelphia, Pa. 27

SALESMAN—Married man (28), highest references, is seeking advancement as salesman; also can take full charge of shipping department. DAVID JOHNSON, 596 E. 141st st., New York city. 29

SALESMAN, 7 years' road experience, acquainted in advertising line, good references, age 39. ALFRED MONTGOMERY, 430 West 124th st., New York city. 31

SERVICES are offered by a bright and trustworthy German-American married man (40) with executive ability; an expert in the hotel business, as a manager or head bookkeeper. S. OTTO, 328 River st., Hoboken, N. J. 29

STEAM FITTER, first class high or low pressure, wants position; best references; can take charge. JOHN M. HIGGINSON, Jr., 1215 Springarden st., Philadelphia, Pa. 27

STENOGRAPHER, 24, desires position; willing to do clerical work; Underwood or Remington machine. WILLIAM VAN NEST, R. F. D. 12, Rummerfield, Pa. 31

STEWARD, colored man, 12 years' experience clubs and private family; good oysters and salads; wants position; Philadelphia, Boston, New York; A1 references. EDWARD HOWARD, 1518 Stiles st., Philadelphia, Pa. 29

YOUNG MAN wishes position for Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays. LEON T. FISHER, 1138 S. 18th st., Philadelphia, Pa. 27

YOUNG MAN, Hollander, single, with high school education, desires position; speaks English, German and French; best of references; has been a first-class traveling salesman on the other side. WILLIAM BUTTER, 3609 Locust st., West Philadelphia, Pa. 27

YOUNG MAN (26) requires position in any capacity; willing and trustworthy. G. CARTER, 321 W. 48th st., New York. 29

YOUNG MAN, experienced in bookkeeping, selling and advertising, knowledge of auction, printing ink and music business, good education, best references. B. T. KYLE, 145 N. 10th st., Philadelphia. 27

YOUNG MAN, compelled by important circumstances to locate at Los Angeles, Cal., wants to learn trade; machinery or electricity preferred. W. WESLEY MILLER, 26 St. Pauls road, Ardmore, Pa. 27

YOUNG MAN, 18, wishes position of any kind where advancement is offered; good references. WILLIAM GEISLER, 28th st. and 16th ave., Whitestone, L. I., N. Y. 29

YOUNG MAN, 20, active, eager-for work, desires position in automobile garage as mechanic's helper or at anything. ANTHONY SPAINER, 2052 Pitkin ave., Brooklyn, N. Y. 29

YOUNG MAN (22) wishes position with opportunity for advancement; have salesman's ability. GUS WORMECK, 2821 Kirkbride st., Philadelphia. 1

YOUNG MAN (20), high school education, Protestant, wishes position on farm; small wages for light work; references exchanged. JAMES M. LEONARD, 172 Manhattan st., New York. 1

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE

ASSISTANT HOUSEKEEPER wishes position in family; will do plain sewing; first-class references. MISS MARY McCUE, Glenfield, Pa. 27

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER, CASHIER wishes position; middle-aged, experienced, competent; references. MISS P. SOBEL, 242 West 138th st., New York. 29

ATTENDANT—Lady wishes to secure good position for her valued attendant, who is fully competent to take charge of young baby, or to be attendant to elderly lady, or housekeeper; reliable, trustworthy, cheerful, patient and superior in refinement. Write or call, MRS. G. DuBOIS, 105 Riverside Drive, New York city. 27

ATTENDANT—Graduate wants position to take care of infant, full charge; 6 years' experience; salary $8 per week; good reference. LILLIAN M. BAKER, 9 South Troy av., Atlantic City, N. J. 30

CASHIER or clerical position wanted in Philadelphia. BESSIE TAYLOR, 2507 North 20th st., Philadelphia. 30

COMPANION-ATTENDANT — Middle-aged woman wishes position; capable, willing; will accept any position of trust. MRS. MARY R. CLAYTON, 1946 Amsterdam ave., New York city. 27

COMPANION-HOUSEKEEPER for elderly lady, reading, writing, housemother, assistant matron of institution; any position of trust by refined middle-aged woman; best references. MRS. AMELIA KNIGHT, 505 W. 124th st., New York. 27

COMPANION—Refined, educated woman wants position as companion or any post of trust; excellent references. RUTH A. HARPUR, 1940 No. 13th st., Philadelphia, Pa. 31

CUTTER—Ladies' tailoress desires position as cutter (by draft); will assist in fitting or help with sewing; good reference. MISS EDITH E. PENNELL, 146 Lexington ave., Buffalo, N. Y. 27

DAY POSITION wanted by highly educated lady; can teach five languages and music; willing to act as attendant. MARIE LOUISE HABICH, 78th st., East End ave., New York. 27

DRESSMAKER, first-class, 7 years' experience cutting, fitting, remodeling, etc., wishes work by the day

World's Latest News of Finance and Industry

MORE ANIMATION IS SHOWN TODAY BY SECURITIES

Price Movements Irregular and Fluctuations Wide — Weak Tone Is Developed in the Market

BUTTE & SUPERIOR

Trading on the New York exchange this morning was very active. Prices were irregular and fluctuations sufficiently wide to admit of good sized profits to the trader who happened to be on the right side of the market.

Opening quotations were generally below last night's closing prices. There was a fairly good rally immediately afterward, followed by recessions. Reading, Union Pacific, St. Paul and Great Northern preferred were prominent. The reduction of the dividend rate of St. Paul from 7 to 5 per cent basis resulted in that stock opening off a point and during the first few minutes it receded further and then rallied fractionally.

Butte & Superior made its first appearance on the Boston exchange. It opened at 20 and rose more than a point during the early sales. Allouez was an early weak feature. Edison Electric was stronger.

Toward midday stocks became very weak. Gains made in the early trading were nearly all wiped out, and stocks generally were well below the opening figures.

Reading opened up ⅜ at 156¼, advanced to 157⅛, and then sold off nearly two points. Union Pacific opened off ⅝ at 167⅛, advanced ½, and then declined more than a point.

St. Paul, after opening at 107¾ and improving fractionally declined a point. Great Northern preferred opened up ⅜ at 130¾, weflt to 131⅝, and declined to 129½ before midday. Northern Pacific opened off ⅜ at 117½, rose to 118¼, and then sold below 117.

The International Paper issues were strong. The preferred opened off ⅞ at 48⅛, and rose more than three points. American Sugar opened unchanged at 115¾, and improved more than a point.

On the local exchange Butte & Superior lost most of its gain before midday. East Boston Land was conspicuous. It opened unchanged at 14¾, and after advancing a point fell back to around the opening price. New Haven was weak, declining a point below last night's closing to 138 before midday.

New York Central was a conspicuous feature of the New York market, advancing in the early afternoon to 110, after having opened off ⅛ at 108¼. The rest of the list continued heavy and less active.

LONDON—There was a sluggish, irregular movement in security prices in the final transactions which was partly attributable to adjustments. Support was accorded gilt-edged investments, but home rails showed signs of profit-taking.

In the official session the bears on St. Paul shares were forced to retreat, but Americans generally turned weak on the curb with Union Pacific issues conspicuous on the decline.

Chinese were well held. Other sections had a heavy appearance. De Beers off ⅛ at 19⅞. Rio Tintos off 1 point to 88½.

Continental bourses closed steady.

LONDON METAL CLOSING

LONDON—Copper close: Spot £61 18s 19d, futures £62 15s; market steady; sales, spot 200 tons, futures 1100 tons; spot off 1s 3d, futures unchanged. Best selected coppers £66 5s, off 5s. Pig tin firm, spot £193, futures £191, off £1 for both. Spanish pig lead unchanged at £15 12s 6d. Spelter £26 7s 6d, off 5s. Cleveland warrants easier at 49s 10½d.

THE SUGAR MARKET

NEW YORK—Domestic refined and spot raw sugar markets steady and unchanged. London beets steady. January and February up 1½d. to 1s. 3d. May off 1½d. to 1s. 4½d.

THE WEATHER

UNITED STATES WEATHER BUREAU PREDICTIONS FOR BOSTON AND VICINITY: Increasing cloudiness, followed by snow tonight and Saturday rising temperature; increasing northeasterly winds.

WASHINGTON—The U. S. weather bureau predicts weather today as follows for New England: Snow tonight and Saturday; rising temperature.

An area of high pressure central over the eastern sections produced very low temperatures last night in the northern portions of New England. Northfield, Vt., reported 32 degrees below zero. An area of low pressure central this morning over Iowa is causing cloudy and unsettled weather with light snow and rising temperature in the central sections.

TEMPERATURE TODAY

8 a. m. ..... 6 12 noon 13
2 p. m. 15

Average temperature yesterday, 13 11-24.

IN OTHER CITIES

Buffalo	12	Albany	12
Nantucket	20	Pittsburgh	24
New York	24	Chicago	24
Washington	32	Des Moines	26
Philadelphia	4:39	Denver	30
Jacksonville	66	St. Louis	64
San Francisco	58	Portland, Me.	36

ALMANAC FOR TODAY

Sun rises ..... 7:04 High water, 3:45 a.m., 4:07 p.m.
Sun sets 4:49
Length of day.. 9:45

NEW YORK STOCKS

NEW YORK—The following are the transactions on the New York Stock Exchange, giving the opening, high, low and last sales to 2:30 p. m. today:

	Open	High	Low	Last Sale
*Amalgamated	63⅝	64⅛	63⅝	63¾
Am Ag Chem	61½	62	61½	62
*Am Beet Sugar	56½	56½	56¼	56¼
Am Beet Sugar pf	99	99	99	99
Am Can	12½	12½	12⅛	12⅛
Am Can pf	93	93	92⅜	93
Am Car Foundry	52	52	51¾	52
Am Cotton Oil	49½	51	48¾	50½
Am Ice	19½	20¾	19½	20¾
Am Malt	7	7½	7	7½
Am Malt pf	47½	48⅜	47½	47⅜
Am Smelting	71¾	72	71½	71¾
Am Steel Fndry	30	30	30	30
Am Sugar	115¾	117	115¾	117
Am Sugar pf	117	117½	117	117½
Am T & T	140⅜	140⅜	140	140
Am Woolen pf	88⅛	88⅛	88⅛	88⅛
Anaconda	35⅜	35½	35¼	35⅜
Atchison	105¼	106⅝	105⅞	106
At Coast Line	136	136½	136	136½
Baldwin Loco pf	103⅝	103⅝	103½	103½
Balt & Ohio	105½	105½	105¼	105¼
Balt & Ohio pf	91	91	91	91
Brooklyn R T	78⅝	78⅞	78½	78⅞
Bruns D & C I Co	8½	8½	8½	8⅝
Canadian Pacific	232¼	232¼	231¼	231¼
Ches & Ohio	73	73	72¼	73
Chi M & St Paul	107¾	108	107	107⅝
Chi M & St Paul pf	145¼	145¼	145¼	145¼
Chi & N'west	141⅜	141½	141¼	141⅜
Chi & Gt West pf	36	36	35½	35½
Chino	26⅝	26⅝	26⅛	26½
Col Fuel	26¼	26¼	26¼	26¼
Con Gas	139½	139⅝	139⅜	139½
Corn Products	10⅞	10⅞	10¾	10¾
Corn Products pf	78½	78½	78½	78½
Del & Hudson	172½	172½	172½	172½
Del & Lack	545	555	545	555
Denver	22	22	22	22
Denver pf	45	45	45	45
Erie	31	31¼	30¾	31
Erie 1st pf	51½	51½	51½	51½
Erie 2d pf	41¼	41¼	41	41
Gen Electric	158¾	159½	158¾	159½
Gt Nor pf	130¾	131⅜	129½	130½
Gt Nor Ore	41	41½	41	41½
Harvester	108¾	108¾	108½	108½
Int Paper	9¾	10⅝	9¾	10½
Int Paper pf	48⅛	52	48⅛	51½
Int Pump pf	81	81	81	81
Inter-Met	18	18¼	17⅞	18¼
Inter-Met pf	56¾	57⅝	56	57⅝
Int-Met pf Ext	55	56	55	56
Kan City So	27	27	27	27
Kan & Tex	28½	28½	28	28
Laclede Gas	107	107	106¾	106¾
Lehigh Valley	164½	164¾	163	163¾
L & N	152⅛	152⅛	152	152
Miami	24½	24½	24½	24½
M St P & S Ste M	132½	132½	132	132
M St P & SSte M pf	148	148	148	148
Missouri Pacific	40¼	40¼	39⅝	39⅞
N R of Mex 2d Pr	34½	34½	34¼	34¼
Nat Lead	53⅛	54	53⅛	54
Nat Biscuit	147	147	146¼	146¼
Nat Enameling	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛
Nevada Cons Cop	18⅞	18⅞	18⅞	18⅞
N Y Central	108¼	110⅛	108¼	110⅛
N Y N H & H	138	138	138	138
Northern Pacific	117½	118¼	116¾	117
Norfolk & Western	109⅛	109⅜	109⅛	109⅜
North American	78¾	79½	78¾	79½
Pacific Mail	50½	50½	50½	50½
Pacific T & T	49	49	49	49
Pennsylvania	124¼	124½	124⅛	124⅛
Peoples Gas	105⅝	105⅝	105⅝	105⅝
Pitts C C & St L	100⅞	100⅞	100⅞	100⅞
Pressed Steel Car	32⅛	32⅛	32⅛	32⅛
Ry Steel Spring	30	30	30	30
Ray Cons Copper	17⅜	17⅜	17⅛	17⅛
Reading	156¼	157⅛	155⅜	156⅛
Republic Steel	25¼	25¼	25	25
Republic Steel pf	85⅝	85⅝	85⅜	85⅜
Rock Island	24⅞	25	24⅝	25
Rock Island Pf	51¼	51¼	50½	50½
Southern Pacific	110⅛	110⅛	109½	110
Southern Railway	28⅛	28¼	28⅛	28¼
Southern Ry pf	70	70	70	70
Sloss-Shef S & I	41	41	41	41
Tennessee Copper	37¼	37¼	37¼	37¼
Texas Pacific	22½	22½	22½	22½
Texas Company	86¼	87¾	86¼	87¾
Third Av w i	47¼	47¼	47	47
Toledo St L & W	13⅜	13⅞	13⅜	13⅞
Toledo St L & W pf	34¼	34¾	34¼	34¾
United Ry Inv Co	34	34	33½	33½
Un Ry Inv pf	61	61½	60	61½
Union Pacific	167⅛	167⅝	166⅛	167
Utah Copper	55⅞	55½	54½	55
U S Cast I P pf	51	51	51	51
U S Realty C & I	68⅛	68⅛	68⅛	68⅛
U S Rubber	46¾	46¾	46¾	46¾
U S Rubber 1st pf	110¼	110¼	110¼	110¼
U S Steel	66	66¼	65¼	66
U S Steel pf	111¼	111¼	111¼	111¼
Va Iron, C & C	68	69	68	69
Va-Caro Chemical	56½	57¼	56¼	57
Wabash	7	7⅛	7	7⅛
Wabash pf	17¾	17¾	17¾	17¾
Western Maryland	57½	57½	57½	57½
Westinghouse	72	72¼	71¾	72
Western Union	83¼	83¼	83	83
W & L E 1st pf	16	16¾	16	16½

*Ex-dividend.

BROOKLINE MAY VOTE TO WIDEN BOYLSTON STREET

An article calling for the widening of Boylston street in Brookline, from Village square to Cypress street, will be forwarded to Town Clerk Edward W. Baker of Brookline in a few days for insertion in the warrant for the annual town meeting in March.

The proposed widening will entail an expense of $175,000 and will require the removal of many of the stores in Brookline Village, which do business in Boylston street. It is planned to increase the width of the street from 65 feet to 80 feet. The actual road will be 54 feet wide.

A special hearing was held before the board of selectmen recently and considerable opposition to the plan developed. It was decided that the whole problem should be referred to the town for settlement.

PARIS BUYING TELEPHONE

It is understood there has been some revival of buying of American Telephone for Paris account. A block of $500,000 worth of stock went to Paris about a week ago. The shares command a fairly active market on the French parquet.

BANK OF BENGAL ADVANCES RATE

CALCUTTA—The rate of discount of the Bank of Bengal was advanced from 7 per cent to 8 per cent yesterday.

ILLINOIS BRICK IS DOING WELL

CHICAGO—No definite policy concerning the resumption of dividend on Illinois Brick stock has been determined, according to an official of that company, but it is said that the annual report will in all likelihood explain the situation. The document will be submitted to the stockholders at their meeting to be held on Feb. 5. The next regular quarterly meeting of the directors for dividend action is not due until the last Monday in March.

It is understood that the Brick company's statement for the year ended Dec. 31 will make a favorable exhibit as compared with the preceding year, after making allowance for the practical suspension of manufacturing operations during the eight weeks' strike of the brick makers early last summer.

PRODUCE

Arrivals

Str Nantucket, Norfolk, with 52 bbls kale, 312 bbls spinach, 12 cts parsley, 135 bags peanuts, 371 bxs grape fruit, 4 bxs oranges.

Str City of Augusta, Savannah, with 258 bxs oranges, 23 cts vegetables.

Str Grecian, Philadelphia, with 20 bbls potatoes, 100 bxs macaroni, 15 bxs dates.

Str Ultonia, Liverpool, with 375 bxs almonds, 107 bags peanuts, 412 bxs currants, 5290 bags potatoes, 550 cs walnuts, 1100 cs, 1610 bags, 200 half cs onions.

Str Manitou, Antwerp, brought 500 bxs, 25 bbls almonds.

PROVISIONS

Boston Receipts

Apples 642 bbls, cranberries 91 bbls, Florida oranges 3165 bxs, California oranges 2009 bxs, lemons 356 bxs, cocoanuts 25 bgs, raisins 10 bxs, figs 29 pkgs, dates 1030 bxs, peanuts 1243 bgs, potatoes 36,380 bu, sweet potatoes 415 bbls, onions 7026 bu.

Boston Poultry Receipts

Today 1142 pkgs, last year 1197 pkgs.

Boston Prices

Flour—To ship from the mills, standard spring wheat, patents, $5.60@6.00 in wood, clears $4.10@4.70, winter wheat patents $4.75@5.10, straights $4.30@4.80, clears $4.20@4.50, Kansas hard winter patents, in jute $5@5.60, in jobbing lots 25@35c higher; rye flour $5.10@5.80, graham flour $4.05@4.80.

Corn—Car lots on spot, steamer yellow 76c, new No. 3 yellow 74½@75c, new yellow 74@74½c, to ship from the West, all rail, No. 2 yellow 76c, No. 3 yellow 74@74½c, new yellow 73½@74c.

Oats—Car lots, on spot, No. 1 clipped white 59½c, No. 2 58@58½c, No. 3 57@57½c; rejected white 56@56½c; to ship from the West, 38 to 40 lbs clipped white 58½@59c, 30 to 38 lbs 57½@58c, 34 to 36 lbs 57@57½c.

Cornmeal and oatmeal—Feeding cornmeal $1.41@1,44, 100lb bag, granulated $3.80@4, bolted $3.70@3.90; oatmeal, rolled $5.50@5.75 bbl, cut and ground $6.05@6.35.

Hay and straw—Western, No. 1 $27 No. 1 Canadian $25@26.50; straw, rye $21 @22, oat $10@11.

Millfeed—To ship from the mills, all rail, bran, spring $29.50@30, winter $30 @30.50, middlings $27.50@32, mixed feed $30.25@32, red dog $32; cottonseed meal $29@30.75, hominy feed $31.90, linseed meal $40, stock feed $31, gluten feed $33.40.

Butter—Northern creamery, 38½@39c; western creamery, 38c.

Eggs—Fancy nearby hennery, 36@37c; eastern, best, 34@35c; western, best, 34@35c.

Beans—Pea, choice, per bu., $2.65@2.70; medium, choice, hand picked, $2.55@2.65; California small white, $2.85@2.95; yellow eyes, best, $2.50@2.60; red kidneys, choice, $3.25@3.30.

Potatoes—Maine, per 2-bu. bag, $2.40 @2.50; sweet potatoes, Jersey, per basket, $1.75@1.85.

Onions—Conn. river, 100-lb bag, $2.75 @3.25; York state, per 11-lb bag, $2.75 @3.25.

Apples—Per bbl., $1.50@4.

Fruit—Pineapples, per crate, $2@2.50; cranberries, Cape Cod, per bbl., $6.50@10.

DAIRY PRODUCTS

Boston Receipts

Today, 2146 tbs 1050 bxs 115,598 lbs butter, 172 bxs cheese, 2970 cs eggs; 1911, 1189 tbs 260 bxs 70,280 lbs butter, 99 bxs cheese, 1117 cs eggs.

New York Receipts

Today, 6783 pkgs butter, 189 bxs cheese, 5395 cs eggs; 1911, 4885 pkgs butter, 1345 bxs cheese, 7552 cs eggs.

Today's New York Market by Telegram

Butter market firm—Special 38c, extra 37c, held special 37½c.

Cheese market firm—Held special 17c, average fancy 16½@16¾c, best winter made 16½c.

Egg market strong—Extra 1sts 36c, 1sts 34½@35c, referred 1sts 31c.

Other Markets

ST LOUIS—Egg market higher, Jan 25, at 33½c.

CHICAGO—Butter market steady, Jan 25, ex 36c, No 1 pkg stk 24c, rects, 7426. Egg market firm, firsts 32½c, ordinary firsts 27½c to 29½c, rects 1216.

Liverpool Cheese

Canadian colored 74, white 74.

BOSTON STOCKS

BOSTON — The following are the transactions of the Boston Stock Exchange giving the opening, high, low and last sales to 2.30 p. m. today:

	Open	High	Low	Last sale
MINING				
Allouez	40½	40½	40½	40½
Ariz Com ctf dep	3¼	3½	3¼	3½
Butte Coalition	22¼	22¼	22¼	22¼
Calumet & Ariz	61	61½	60⅞	60⅞
Calumet & Hecla	430	430	425	425
Cons Mercur	5c	5c	5c	5c
Copper Range	53	53	53	53
Greene-Cananea	8½	8⅛	8½	8⅝
La Salle	5	5¼	5	5¼
Mayflower	8¼	9	8¼	8⅞
Mohawk	53½	55	53½	55
Nevada Cons	19	19	19	19
Nipissing	6⅛	6⅜	6⅛	6⅞
North Butte	25¼	25¼	24⅜	24⅜
Old Colony Mining	6¾	7¼	6¾	7
Osceola	108	109¼	108	109¼
Quincy	75	75	75	75
Santa Fe	1½	1½	1½	1½
Shannon	9¾	9¾	9¾	9¾
St Mary's	53	53	53	53
Tamarack	30	30	30	30
Trinity	6	6⅛	6	6
Union Copper Land	1½	2⅜	1½	2¼
Utah Cons	16	16	16	16
Utah Copper	55	55	54⅞	55
Victoria	5⅜	5½	5¼	5½
Wyandot	2½	2½	2½	2½
LAND				
East Boston	14¾	15¾	14¾	15¾
Wollaston	2	2¼	2	2
TELEPHONES				
American	140¼	140⅜	140	140⅛
Cumberland	160	160	160	160
New England	161	161	161	161
RAILROADS				
Boston & Albany	221½	221½	221½	221½
Boston Elevated	133¾	133¾	133¾	133¾
Boston & Maine	100¼	100¼	100	100
Boston & Maine pf	149½	149½	149½	149½
Chicago June pf	111	111	111	111
N Y N H & H	138⅜	138⅜	137¾	137¾
Old Colony	186	186	186	186
Rutland pf	64	64	62½	62½
Union Pacific	166½	166½	166½	166½
Union Pacific pf	91⅞	91⅞	91⅞	91⅞
West End com	87¾	87¾	87½	87¾
MISCELLANEOUS				
Am Ag Chem	61½	62	61⅛	61⅜
Am Ag Chem pf	102¾	102¾	102½	102½
Amoskeag	78½	78½	78¼	78½
Amoskeag pf	100¼	100¼	100¼	100¼
Am Pneumatic	4	4	4	4
Am Sugar	116	117	116	116⅞
Am Sugar pf	116½	117½	116½	117½
Am Woolen pf	88	88¼	88	88
Edison Elec	299	299	299	299
General Elec	159½	159½	159½	159½
Mass Elec	22	22⅜	22	22
Mass Elec pf	96	96	96	96
Mass Gas	91	91	91	91
Mass Gas pf	96	96	96	96
Minn G Elec	127	127	127	127
Pullman	161	161	160½	160½
Seattle Elec pf	102	102	102	102
Swift & Co	100¼	100½	100⅛	100¼
Torrington pf	23½	29½	29½	29½
United Fruit	181½	181½	151	181½
Un Shoe Mac	47	47	47	47
U S Steel	65⅞	66⅛	65¼	66⅛
U S Steel pf	110¾	111½	110¾	111½
UNLISTED SECURITIES				
Algomah	6⅛	6⅛	6	6
*Amalgamated	63¾	64⅛	63⅝	64⅛
Am Zinc	25¼	25¾	25¼	25¼
Atl Gulf & W I	8¼	8¼	8¼	8¼
Atl Gulf & W I pf	19	19	19	19
Butte & Balaklava	4	4	4	4
Butte & Sup	20	21½	20	21½
Chino	26½	26½	26⅛	26¼
East Butte	12⅝	12¾	12½	12⅝
Giroux	4⅝	4⅝	4⅛	4⅞
Hancock	33¾	33¾	33½	33¾
Indiana	13⅜	14	13⅜	14
Inspiration	10⅝	10¾	10¼	10½
Inspiration C Cop	21½	21½	21	21
Island Creek Coal	43¾	44	43¾	43¾
Isle Royale	21½	21½	21½	21½
Kerr Lake	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞
Lake Copper	35¾	35¾	35⅛	35⅛
Live Oak	42½	42½	41¾	41¾
Mass El pf'g w	19½c	20c	19½c	20c
Mass El pf stpd	81⅞	82	81⅞	82
Mass Elec pf war	79	79	79	79
New Arcadian	3¾	3¾	3¾	3¾
Ojibway	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛
Ray Cons	17½	17½	17⅛	17¼
Reece Folding Mac	4½	4½	4½	4½
South Utah M & S	75c	75c	75c	75c
Sup & Boston	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛
Tuolumne	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛
U S Smelting	35	35	35	35
U S Smelting pf	48	48	47¾	47¾
Utah-Apex	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛

*Ex-dividend

BONDS

	High	Low	Last
Amer Agri Chem 5s	102½	102½	102½
Amer Tel 4s	90⅜	90⅜	90⅜
Atchison adj 4s stamped	91⅝	91⅝	91⅝
C B & Q Jt 4s reg	97⅛	97⅛	97⅛
Chicago Junction 5s	101½	100½	101½
K C F Scott & Mem 6s	117½	117½	117½
Mass Gas 4½s	99	99	99
N E Cotton Yarn 5s	98	98	98
N H con 6s	131½	131½	131½
Seattle Electric 5s	104¼	104¼	104¼
United Fruit 4½s	96¼	96	96¼
Western Tel 5s	100	100	100

RAILWAY EARNINGS

BUFFALO, ROCHESTER & PITTSBURGH

December		Increase.
Operating revenue	$739,149	*$45,229
Net oper. revenue	331,333	*40,003
Surplus	145,557	*43,753
From July 1—		
Operating revenue	4,861,085	*76,155
Net oper. revenue	1,494,383	*278,942
Surplus	903,724	*338,907

COLORADO AND SOUTHERN LINES

December:		Increase
Oper. revenues	$1,271,571	*$286,661
Oper. income	405,814	*180,768
Surplus	15,495	*115,568
From July 1—		
Oper. revenues	7,734,600	*1,389,480
Oper. income	2,589,076	545,311
Surplus	1,405,544	*341,241

NATIONAL RAILWAYS OF MEXICO

Third week January	$1,248,660	*$23,007
From July 1	35,885,411	253,229

INTEROCEANIC RAILWAY OF MEXICO

Third week January	$154,414	$13,080
From July 1	4,631,464	156,432

COLORADO & SOUTHERN

Third week January	$255,853	*79,977
From July 1	8,467,006	*1,570,526

*Decrease.

NEW YORK CURB

NEW YORK—Curb market firm: B & O 4½s 101@101⅛, Nipissing 6⅞@7, Inspiration 10⅜@10½, Butte Coalition 22¼ @ 22⅜; Greene Cananea 8⅝@8⅝.

BOSTON & ALBANY BOND ISSUE FOR NEW CONSTRUCTION

Directors of the Boston & Albany Company have approved an issue of $1,000,000 bonds. These bonds will not be sold at once, but are expected to be issued, subject to approval of the Massachusetts and New York state authorities, on such terms and at such a time during the current year as the management deems most advantageous.

The proceeds, together with the funds still in hand from the last bond issue will suffice to finance all construction requirements up to Jan. 1, 1913. The expenditure involved in the improvement program for the current calendar year approximates $1,465,000, the principal items being completion of bridge and signal work and of the Worcester betterments, extension of four-tracking eastbound between Ashland and South Framingham, and building of passing tracks and sidings at various points.

Boston & Albany has recently been allotted 12,500 tons of open-hearth 100-pound steel rails, to be received this year from the Lackawanna Steel Co. This will permit replacement of remaining 95-pound rail, making Boston & Albany's entire main line 100-pound rail. The requisite financing is provided for in this year's rail budget of the lessee company, the New York Central.

It is figured that Boston & Albany's new state line tunnel, for which $150,000 was appropriated in 1910, but which has cost somewhat less than that sum, will more than pay the interest charges on its cost.

The last issue of Boston & Albany bonds, $2,000,000 4s of 1935, was sold in the summer of 1910. Since the lease, a dozen years ago, the road has issued a total of $14,500,000 bonds for property additions and improvements, bringing its bonded debt up to $21,985,000. As it has $25,000,000 stock outstanding it is thus within about $3,000,000 of its borrowing capacity under Massachusetts laws.

CHICAGO BOARD

(Reported by C. F. & G. W. Eddy, Inc.)

Wheat—	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
May	1.02	1.02¼	1.01⅜	1.01⅝
July	.95⅞	.95⅞	.95¼	.95⅝
Sept	....	....	....	.93⅞b
Corn—				
Jan	.64⅞	....	....	.64½
May	.67⅞	.68	.67¼	.67½
July	.67⅜	.67⅝	.67	.67⅜
Sept	.67¼	.67⅜	.67¼	.67⅜b
Oats—				
Jan	.50¼	....	....	.50½
May	.50⅝	.51¼	.50¾	.50⅝
July	.46	.46¼	.45⅞	.45⅞
Sept	.40⅞	.41⅛	.40⅜	.40⅞
Pork—				
May	16.30	16.30	16.22	16.25
July	16.47	16.50	16.42	16.42
Lard				
Jan	9.20	9.40	9.15	9.15
May	9.40	9.42	9.40	9.40
July	9.50	9.55	9.50	9.55

THE GRAIN MARKET

C. F. & G. W. Eddy, Inc., of the Boston Chamber of Commerce received the following from their Chicago correspondent:

Wheat—Very steady markets in wheat during the morning with quiet and steady cables. The Argentine news was of a probable early settlement of the strike, although conditions are still serious. The exports were small, being less than the estimates. Indian and Australian shipments were also moderate and the indications for world's exports outside of North America were only half of last year. In the Northwest the receipts at Minneapolis showed quite a falling off.

There was a gain of 400,000 bushels in Minneapolis stock for the week, largely due to the changing of the Great Northern elevator from a private to a regular elevator. Weather map showed further snow in the lake region and eastern Ohio valley.

Corn—Fairly active with prices strong at the opening, showing further advance and carrying the market close to the previous high record of the season. On the advance profit taking was general and the market reacted. Receipts this week have increased quite heavily and this has had some little influence on speculative sentiment.

Oats—The market was active and firm early with corn, but at the advance met quite general speculative profit taking and prices showed some reaction. Cash oats continue firm with prices very well held in all the markets.

NEW YORK METAL MARKET

NEW YORK—At the metal exchange trading continued quiet. Tin off ¼c in the bid and ½c in the asking price. Copper was off ⅛ in the bid and spelter was 10 points lower. Quotations are: Copper, spot to March 13.75@14; lead 4.40@4.50, spelter 6.35@6.55, and tin 43.25@44.

COTTON MARKET

NEW YORK — The cotton market opened steady, 4 to 6 points higher: January, 9.36@37; February, 9.38; March, 9.46@47; May, 9.64; July, 9.74@75; August, 9.79; September, 9.80; October, 9.86@87; November, 9.89; December, 9.93@94.

LIVERPOOL — Spot cotton active, prices steady. Middlings 5.55d, unchanged. Sales estimated 12,000 bales, receipts 46,000, including 43,200 American. Futures opened quiet and steady, 1½ to 3 off. At 12:30 p. m. quiet, unchanged to 1½ off from previous close: Jan.-Feb. 5.28; March-April 5.32; May-June 5.36½; July-Aug. 5.39; Oct.-Nov. 5.32½.

PRIVATE BANK SUPERVISION

CHICAGO—Illinois Bankers Association executive committee voted against state supervision of private banks.

Manufacturers of HARD and FLEXIBLE FIBRE

DIAMOND STATE FIBRE COMPANY
ELSMERE DEL. U. S. A.

For Electrical Insulation and Mechanical Purposes

Made in SHEETS, RODS TUBES, WASHERS, DISCS and Special Shapes

Mottled Fibre. A Substitute for Rawhide.

WE MAKE A SPECIALTY of Trunk Fibre in all of the standard Trunk colors. Angles and bands, plain and creased. Strap Loops, Corners for Suit Cases and Telescopes. Prices and samples on application.

NEW YORK BONDS

Following are the transactions in bonds on the New York Stock Exchange, giving the high, low and last sales today.

	High	Low	Last
Am T & T col	90¾	90¾	90¾
Atchison cv 4s	107	106½	107
Atch cv 4s 1960	101½	101½	101½
Atchison gen 4s	99¼	99¼	99¼
Atlantic Coast Line 4s	95½	95½	95½
Baltimore & Ohio 4s	98⅜	98⅜	98⅜
Bethlehem Steel 5s	95¼	95¼	95¼
Brooklyn 4s	85¾	85¾	85¾
C B & Q 4s	97½	97½	97½
Ches & Ohio cv	93¼	93¼	93¼
Del & Hudson cv	98¾	98¾	98¾
Denver fd 5s	89⅛	89	89
Erie gen 4s 96	89¼	89¼	89¼
Erie cv B	76¼	76¼	76¼
Illinois Central fd	96½	96½	96½
Interboro Met 4½s	83¼	82⅞	83⅛
Int Mer Mar 4½s	67½	67½	67½
Int Pump 5s	90	90	90
Japan 4½s	93⅜	93⅜	93⅜
Kansas & Texas 4s	97	97	97
Lake Shore 4s	93⅞	93⅞	93⅞
L & N 4s	99¼	99¼	99¼
Met 5s w i	58⅞	58⅞	58⅞
Missouri Pacific cv	89½	89½	89½
Missouri Pacific 4s	73¾	73¾	73¾
N Y Central 4s	93	93	93
N Y City 4¼s	102¾	102¾	102¾
N Y City 4½s	107¾	107¾	107¾
N Y City 4s 1957	100⅛	100⅛	100⅛
NY City 4s 1959	100	100	100
N Y N H & H 6s	132	132	132
Northern Pacific 4s	100½	100½	100½
Norfolk & Western cv	108½	108½	108½
Pac Tel & Tel 5s	100	100	100
Reading gen 4s	98½	98¼	98½
Rock Island fd	90½	90⅜	90⅜
Rock Island 4s	72½	72½	72½
Southern Ry 4s	78⅞	78⅞	78⅞
Southern

Latest Market Reports :-: Events of Interest to Investors

CENTRAL LEATHER BEGINS TO MAKE BETTER SHOWING

Present Selling of Security Reflects Unfavorable Two Years' Operations for the Company

FINANCIAL POSITION

Central Leather preferred selling on an 8 per cent income basis, is the direct reflection of two unfavorable years in succession. This is something altogether without precedent. In fact since its organization the company never until 1910 had failed to earn its full preferred dividend. But the dividend was not earned by $836 in 1910, and the 1911 deficit, while not fully determined, will certainly be at least 50 per cent of that in the previous year.

But conditions have decidedly bettered in the last six weeks. December was a very good month and showed a profit that cut down the deficit after dividends for 11 months by at least 30 to 35 per cent. This improvemnet has continued into January and gives every promise of holding despite only fair conditions in the shoe industry.

The situation is perhaps best summarized by the statement that, although Central Leather is running its tanneries at only a little better than 60 per cent of capacity, its shipments out of its warehouses of sole leather are 70 per cent to 75 per cent of normal. Of course this means that accumulated stocks are being drawn down and that money tied up in hides in process or in finished leather is being converted into cash.

That this is the case is proved by the very heavy reduction in bank loans which the company has been making. Millions of bank loans have been paid off as they matured, and the company is understood to be carrying less than $10,000,000 of bank money against $16,000,000 a year ago. The strong credit of the corporation is measured by the statement that it is refusing year money at 4 to 4½ per cent.

Central Leather is not going out of business, however. It is merely doing business in a little different way. During years past when a real leather market existed, the company carried big stocks because it sold in a big way protecting large buyers who did not hesitate at 100,000 side purchases. For the last two years, a 10,000 side sale has been a matter of comment. With the shoe trade buying on a hand-to-hand basis, the big company must liquidate its stocks and sell closer to actual production.

A large stockholder in Central Leather thus summarizes the trade position of the company: "Central Leather has been through the fire for two years and has probably tested leather markets at their greatest depression in 20 years. Conditions are rapidly mending. In fact the company is making good money on the basis of actual costs of hides now coming out in leather. Selling on a replacement basis it is breaking about even. A little further advance in leather means a profit based on this extremely conservative method of calculation. The company has had good-sized stocks of cheap hides and they will count in the 1912 income account. The 7 per cent preferred dividend is safe. In fact it has never been in real jeopardy."

Leather experts believe that the trade has become educated to the fact that a higher range of hide and skin prices the world over is here to stay and that this means a permanently higher leather market. The advance in hides in 1910 was ridiculed. In 1911, despite the drastic curtailment in the history of sole leather, the high level of hides was regarded as a temporary phenomonon.

But there are very few leather producers or leather consumers who do not today think that the level of hides has permanently advanced. Two years' readjustment to this idea is what has cost sole and upper leather tanners so much money. But if, as many believe, the trade has accepted the inevitable, the sole leather industry in 1912 should get back to a commercially profitable basis.

In the last six months some encouraging advances have been made. Union backs are today 33 to 35 cents against 30 to 32 cents six months ago. Hemlock packer hides are 27 and 28 cents. In August they were 25 cents.

In time higher leather means higher priced shoes.

INCREASED INQUIRY FOR COKE

PITTSBURGH—There is increased inquiry for furnace coke for delivery in February and beyond. The largest inquiry before the trade at present involves a maximum of 72,000 tons, for shipment over the next 12 months, while three or four inquiries ranging from 1000 to 3000 tons each, for February shipment are noted.

PIG IRON MARKET QUIET

NEW YORK—During the last few days iron consumers in New England have closed for about 5000 tons of foundry iron. The market at present is quiet, most buyers having closed during December for immediate requirements, and they are now taking inventories prior to entering the market for further tonnage.

PROSPEROUS YEAR IS ENJOYED BY BONDING COMPANY

At the annual meeting of the Massachusetts Bonding & Insurance Company, President Jasper N. Keller of the New England Telephone & Telegraph Company was added to the directorate.

The annual report shows assets were increased approximately $200,000 in addition to the increase of $750,000 paid in by issuance of new capital stock last June, making net assets at present time nearly $2,250,000.

Besides transacting bonding insurance and acting as surety, the company also does burglary and theft insurance. During the past year it has completed its home office and agency organization for the transaction of the liability lines, including automobile and plate glass insurance. Its operations extend all over the country; last year it entered eight new states.

During the year the company showed a larger percentage of gain than many of the older companies engaged in the same line of business, every department showing a substantial gain.

On Dec. 30 last, the company had a surplus to policyholders of $1,628,797. The officers are T. J. Falvey, president; John T. Burnett, secretary-treasurer; Charles W. Fletcher, comptroller.

SHOE BUYERS

(Compiled for The Christian Science Monitor, Jan. 26)

Among the boot and shoe and leather dealers in Boston today are the following:

Allentown, Pa.—J. J. Hauser, U. S.
Baltimore, Md.—G. T. Mills of G. T. Mills & Co., Tour.
Baltimore, Md.—M. Halle of S. Halle & Sons, Adams.
Binghampton, N. Y.—J. G. Burns, U. S.
Chicago—E. F. Carpenter of Guthman, Carpenter & Telling, 166 Essex st.
Chillicothe, O.—A. S. Culter of Culter & Scip, U. S.
Cincinnati, O.—John Gates of John Gates & Co., Tour.
Cincinnati, O.—Mr. Strenker of Smith Casson Co., Essex.
Cleveland, O.—Fred Roth of Whitney, Wabel & Co., Youngs.
Davenport, Ia.—Mr. Price of Star Shoe Co., Essex.
Denver Col.—H. C. Burnham, Essex.
El Paso, Tex.—C. A. Hirsh and S. Ullman, Essex.
Erie, Pa.—W. J. Hostettler, Parker.
Evansville, Ind.—W. B. Hinkle, U. S.
Indianapolis, Ind.—T. E. Welch, U. S.
Indianapolis, Ind.—C. H. Crowder of Cooper, Crowder Shoe Co., Brew.
Jacksonville, Fla.—R. L. Vaughn of Hutchinson Shoe Co., Tour.
Los Angeles, Cal.—Stanley Norris of Muse, Farris & Walker, Brew.
Louisville, Ky.—M. J. Streng of Streng, Thalheimer & Co., Lenox.
Lynchburg, Va.—D. Otty of Geo. D'Witt Shoe Co., Tour.
Lynchburg, Va.—R. P. Beasley of Beasley Shoe Co., Tour.
Lynchburg, Va.—W. C. Goode of Craddock, Terry & So., Tour.
Minneapolis, Minn.—H. A. Cool of Chase Supply Co., U. S.
Minneapolis, Minn.—D. T. Patten of Fireman-Patterson Shoe Co., Lenox.
New Orleans, La.—C. M. Keiffer of Keiffer Bros., Lenox.
New Orleans, La.—Ed. Levy of A. Schwartz & Son, Essex.
New Orleans, La.—W. J. and A. Martinez of W. J. Martinez & Bro., Tour.
Omaha, Neb.—G. Hinckley of Brandeis Co., Essex.
Omaha, Neb.—C. S. Hayward of Hayward Bros., U. S.
Philadelphia—G. F. Grieb of J. F. Grieb & Sons, Adams.
Pittsburgh, Pa.—G. H. Hilligen of J. Hilligan & Co., U. S.
Pittsburgh, Pa.—W. L. Stewart of Stewart Bros. & Co., Adams.
Portland, Ore.—C. J. Mettler of Fithian Barker Shoe Co., Adams.
Portland, Ore.—J. A. Dougherty of Dougherty Shoe Co., Tour.
Richmond, Va.—Hawes Coleman of Wingo, Elliott & Crump, Parker.
San Francisco, Cal.—Chester Williams of Williams, Marvin & Co., 135 Lincoln st.
San Francisco, Cal.—A. Dernham of Buckingham & Hecht, 159 Lincoln st.
San Francisco, Cal.—A. Cohnreich of Friedman & Cohnreich, Brew.
Scranton, Pa.—J. M. Temko Shoe Co., U. S.
Washington, D. C.—E. Hahn of W. E. Hahn & Co., Adams.

LEATHER BUYERS

Cincinnati, O.—L. V. Marks of L. V. Marks & Co., 130 Lincoln st.
Cincinnati, O.—Henry Sachs of Sachs Shoe Co., 207 Essex st.
Conway, Mass.—C. F. Dewolfe, U. S.
Holland, Mich.—J. E. Telling and Fred Tilt of Holland Shoe Co.
Lynchburg, Va.—John Craddock and John Edmonds of Craddock, Terry & Co., Tour.
Omaha, Neb.—John Shannohan of F. P. Kirkendahl & Co.
Portland, Me.—F. D. Sterling of Portland Shoe Co., U. S.
Richmond, Me.—G. A. Hawkes, U. S.
St. Paul, Minn.—Harry A. White of C. Gotzian & Co., Essex.
St Louis, Mo.—Frank Rand of Roberts Johnson & Rand, Tour.

NAVAL STORES

NEW YORK—Turpentine is without important demand and the market is reported dull and easy with the quotation further reduced to 51½ cents ex-yard.

Rosin—Business continues slow and unimportant, with the tone of the market easy and quotations more or less nominal. The New York Commercial quotes:

Common 6.90, Gen. Sam E 7, graded B 7.15, D 7.20, E 7.20, F 7.25, G 7.30, H 7.40, I 7.45, K 7.75, M 7.90, N 7.95, WG 8.10, WW 8.30.

Tar and Pitch—Market dull, with quotations nominally unchanged at $5.75@6 for tar and $4,25@4.50 for pitch.

SAVANNAH—Spirits turpentine dull at 48 cents. Sales none; receipts 258, exports 537, stocks 28,783. Rosin firm. Sales 3000, receipts 1479, exports 5655, stock 123,315. Prices: WW $7.60, WG $7.50, N $7.40, M $7.35, K $7.10, I $6.55@6.70, H $6.55@6.67½, G $6.55@6.65, F $6.55@6.62½, E $6.50@6.60, D $6.45@6.47½, B $6.40@6.45.

WILMINGTON—Rosin steady; good easy $6.10. Spirits weak. Machine 47 cents. Tar firm $4.80. Turpentine firm; hard $3.50, soft $4.50, virgin $4.50.

LONDON—Turpentine easy at 35s.; rosin, American standard, quiet at 17s. rosin, American fine, quiet at 19s.

EGYPT HAS 15,000 PUPILS

There are nearly 15,000 pupils in the government schools of Egypt.

REPUBLIC STEEL EARNINGS REPORT FOR SIX MONTHS

Gross Business Makes Favorable Comparison With Other Periods but Net Profits Are Smaller

UNFILLED TONNAGE

The half-yearly report of the Republic Iron & Steel Co. for the six months ended Dec. 31 last has been issued. The following is a comparison of earnings with the corresponding period of the year previous:

	1911.	Decrease.
Net earnings	$1,470,813	$480,642
Other income	.....	40,956
Total income	$1,470,813	$521,598
Depre. plant and mat.	302,702	130,975
Net profits	$1,168,111	$390,621
Interest on bonds	369,339	*78,457
Balance	$798,772	$469,078
Preferred dividends	875,000	.....
Deficit	$76,228	*$469,078
Previous surplus	5,362,446	*407,786
Total surplus	$5,286,218	$61,292

Chairman John A. Topping in his remarks to the stockholders says:

The gross volume of business for the six months ended Dec. 31, 1911, compares favorably with best previous periods when greater market activity ruled, but the average price for shipments made are the lowest for any period in the history of the company. The shrinkage in values indicated is the natural result of the restricted demand incident to disturbed conditions of general business. The increase in gross volume of business we obtained is due entirely to additions to our capacity and the greater diversity of products manufactured. Had it been possible to have operated the works to full capacity a substantial increase in volume of business would have resulted.

All important new additions or extensions to works mentioned in previous reports have now been completed. The last of the improvements authorized were the 90-inch plate mill and the 14-16-inch continuous merchant mills, and these mills were placed in operation during the month of December, 1911.

Substantial reductions in costs were generally effected and present operations reflect greater efficiency and lower costs than at any previous date in the history of the company. The net profits, however, show reductions as compared with a similar period for 1910, as a result of low prices naturally incident to conditions above stated.

While full maintenance charges have been made, some reduction in depreciation charges was thought proper in view of previous liberal allowances on this account. All provisional funds, however, have been fully maintained. The net profits applicable to dividends are $798,772 and the net surplus as of Dec. 31, 1911, is $5,286,218.

The Hazelton Steel Tube Company notes amounting to $1,475,000 and guaranteed by this company, maturing April 15, 1912, the board of directors deemed it advisable to provide for the payment of these notes in advance of their maturity, as well as to provide for various construction contracts nearing maturity by an issue of $3,000,000 one-year collateral notes.

The deductions from working capital on account of new construction during the six months ended Dec. 31, 1911, increased the capital assets $1,345,865, leaving the balance of net working assets as of Dec. 31, 1911, $12,510,214.

The report shows that the unfilled orders of finished and semi-finished products on Dec. 31 last amounted to 414,431 tons, as compared with 293,734 tons on the corresponding date in the previous year and with 481,425 tons on June 30 last. The unfilled orders of pig iron on Dec. 31 last amounted to 158,392 tons, as against 102,077 tons on June 30, 1910, and 76,168 tons on the corresponding date of 1910.

The general balance sheet as of Dec. 31 last shows total assets and liabilities of $83,165,983, an increase of $6,999,859.

OUTLOOK IN THE NORTHWEST

MINNEAPOLIS—Vice-President Washburn of Washburn-Crosby Company says: "I believe we are going to have a quiet period in general business, but the fundamentals up here have been never sounder. The Northwest learned a severe lesson from two partial crop failures, and good farming is going to be done next year as never before. Also there are preliminary signs of a season of more moisture in the ground than in 1910 or 1911.

"The export trade in flour is practically non-existent. The general trade is quiet. People have to have bread however, and we are likely to keep on grinding at a good rate of production, but conditions make it harder to make money. Other business men are finding it the same."

LYNCHBURG BONDS

LYNCHBURG, Va.—An issue of $550,000 4½ per cent 34-year improvement bonds has been sold by the finance committee of the council to Townsend, Scott & Son of Baltimore and Breed & Harrison of Cincinnati jointly at 100.583.

A FAIR DEMAND FOR SHORT TERM NOTES PREVAILS

NEW YORK—From the investor's point of view, there is little attractiveness in the present bond market except perhaps in short term notes or in long term bonds that in previous years have not been considered as in the high class investment groups. High class railroad bonds such as are legal for savings banks offer too small a yield to appeal to the individual investor or to banking institutions.

Investors and banking institutions have been and are cautiously buying short term notes. An illustration of this was the last report of comptroller of the currency, which showed that national banks had increased holdings of securities from Nov. 10, 1910, to Dec. 5, 1911, by over $170,000,000. It is stated by an officer of one of the most prominent national banks in the city that this increase was largely represented by short term notes.

The fact that high grade railroad bonds are not as active as should be expected in a period of such easy money as at present prevails does not mean that the market is not in a position to receive new issues of such bonds. Bankers state that there could not be a more opportune time to offer such issues, but qualify this by adding that the road issuing them would have to report a good showing and that the bankers would have to offer them at attractive prices.

LARGER TRADE FOR STEAM PUMP

NEW YORK—During the past few months International Steam Pump Company has actively taken up the selling of its pumps for use in western beet sugar making plants and has made large expenditures developing this trade in connection with the cane sugar industry in Porto Rico, Cuba and other points in the tropics.

A branch office has also been opened in Mexico, and an active campaign is being conducted in South America where International had not previously operated, but where there is a considerable field for development. In South Africa, the company is specializing in mine pumps. In the southwestern portion of the United States there is an increasing demand for pumping machinery for irrigation projects and the Janesville works have also been shipping special high pressure pumps to southern California for use in piping oil. The new branch office at Los Angeles is handling this business.

With the largely increased capacity, the company is in an excellent position to take advantage of revival in general commerce, which without doubt would result in a more profitable level of prices.

DIVIDENDS

The Elizabeth City Cotton Mills declared a semi-annual dividend of 10 per cent.

The National Lead Company declared a regular quarterly dividend of 1¾ per cent on its preferred stock, payable March 15.

The Massachusetts Cotton Mills declared a regular semi-annual dividend of 4 per cent, payable Feb. 10 to stock of record Jan. 25.

The Union Cotton Manufacturing Company has declared the regular quarterly dividend of 1½ per cent, payable Feb. 1 to stockholders of record Jan. 25.

The Philadelphia Company declared the regular semi-annual dividend of 2½ per cent on preferred stock, payable March 1 to stock of record Feb. 10.

The Pittsburgh Drygoods Company has declared regular semi-annual dividends of 3½ per cent each on its preferred and common stocks, payable Feb. 1.

The Duluth Superior Traction Company declared regular quarterly dividends of 1 per cent on preferred and of 1¼ per cent on common, both payable April 1 to stock of record March 15.

The Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway Company has declared a semi-annual dividend of 2½ per cent on its common stock. This is a reduction of 1 per cent from the previous payment, and places the stock on a 5 per cent basis. The regular semi-annual dividend of 3½ per cent was declared on the preferred stock.

The United Power & Transportation Company of Philadelphia has declared a dividend of $1.40 a share, payable Jan. 30 to stock of record Jan. 26. The previous disbursement, which was paid on July 1 last, was $1.10 a share. The dividend just declared insures the payment by the Interstate Railways Company of the interest due Feb. 1 on its bonds.

CLEVELAND ILLUMINATING CO.

NEW YORK—The Cleveland Electric Illuminating Company first income account for year ended Dec. 31 shows gross earnings $2,683,146; net earnings, $890,985, and surplus, after dividends, $109,371.

ONE EFFECT OF DULL BUSINESS

NEW YORK—The president of a prominent financial institution, which does not as a rule lend on mortgage, admits that it is lending a substantial amount on country-house property.

BOSTON LOANING RATES

Boston loaning rates for stocks this morning were: Amalgamated, 3 and 2; Telephone, 2; Steel, 2; Union Pacific, 3; North Butte, 2; Chino, 2 per

FEAR ASSOCIATION MIGHT BE UNDER TRUST INFLUENCE

Belief Expressed That Only Obstacle to the Passing of Currency Reform Legislation by Congress

DEFECTIVE SYSTEM

BALTIMORE, Md.—Irving T. Bush of the Bush Terminal Company, New York, and one of the leaders of the business men's campaign for banking and currency reform legislation, speaking here Thursday night before the Merchants and Manufacturers Association, said that he believed the only obstacle to legislation in this session of Congress was the fear of the people that the "money trust" would capture the proposed National Reserve Association and use it for its own selfish ends.

"The whole proposition of banking and currency reform," said he, "when you strip it of its legal technicalities and bring it down to the basis of homely common sense, is so simple that, when the people understand it every one will say, 'Why hasn't it been done before?' I think the general public is willing, after having approved the general plan proposed by the national monetary commission, to leave to the committees of Congress, when they have heard the expert judgment of the country, the question of passing or changing the details of every section of the bill except one—the one covering control.

"Concerning that section, the entire community is from Missouri. What we want is a financial republic. I mean a cooperative control of the banking and currency system, of the people, by the people and for the people—an electric control, representative in the highest sense of the best banking and business intelligence in the country. This, it seems to me, is what the monetary commission has sought to establish. Will not such a control be democratic in principle, and form, in reality, a financial republic? Will it not be so in the limelight of public criticism as to be perfectly safe?

"By saying we must continue to endure our defective banking system because we cannot elect a safe control, we admit that government by the people is a failure, and we are not ready to do that.

"The burden of a defective banking and currency system is borne by the business and industry of the country and not by the banker. I do not wish you to understand that the business men who organized the National Citizens League believe that any legislation can be enacted which will prevent panics. So long as human nature remains as it is, periods of over-speculation will be followed by periods of business depression. We must pay the penalty. We can, however, enact laws which will prevent the money panic. The same changes in our banking and currency system which will prevent the money panic will increase the operating efficiency of the whole banking machinery and will put us on a basis of financial equality with our foreign competitors.

"The central control now proposed is less central in its power than that which exists today. At present the idle money of the country flows to Wall street and is there put to work for speculators. It drifts, through sheer force of circumstances and because there is no central reservoir, or no method of retiring it, into the hands of a few institutions. The new system will end all that. It centralizes effectiveness and decentralizes danger of control."

THE EXCHANGE OF STEAMSHIP STOCK

In exchanging shares of the old Eastern Steamship Company for stock in the new Eastern Steamship Corporation holders will suffer a temporary loss of income. They get 50 per cent in 5 per cent bonds and 50 per cent in new 6 per cent preferred, which does not become cumulative until after 1913. There will not be a two years' wait, however, during which holders of the old Eastern stock will have to take half as much return as they were getting. The present plan is to put the $3,000,000 corporation preferred on a dividend basis in August, so that there will be only about six months' 50 per cent loss of income.

Eastern Steamship Corporation will spend during 1912 a total of at least $500,000 in repairs and betterments to steamers. This will all come out of earnings or depreciation charges. The bulk of it will go into the steamers of the Maine Steamship Company.

The fleet of the old Eastern Steamship Company is in splendid condition— in fact, it is probably a fair statement that the effort for two or three years will be to bring the Metropolitan and Maine Steamship fleets up to the Eastern Steamship standard.

CHICAGO PNEUMATIC TOOL CO.

CHICAGO—The Chicago Pneumatic Tool Company has been the buyer of its own 5 per cent bonds on the recent advance from 90 to 94. The purchases are for the sinking fund and the discount is a liberal one on bonds which are to be retired at par. Under the terms of its mortgage the company must retire $50,000 bonds annually

TRADE OF UNITED STATES WITH CUBA UNDER RECIPROCITY

Commerce With the Island Has More Than Doubled in Less Than a Decade—Share of Business Participated in by Other Countries

WASHINGTON—Trade of the United States with Cuba in the year just ended aggregated $168,000,000, having more than doubled during the reciprocity period. The exports to the island, according to the figures of the bureau of statistics, department of commerce and labor, were about $62,000,000 in value, having trebled under reciprocity, and imports from the island were $106,000,000 in value, having doubled during the reciprocity period. The reciprocity agreement with Cuba went into effect Dec. 27, 1903, the exports from the United States to that island in that year having been $23,500,000, against $62,000,000 in 1911, and the imports therefrom $57,250,000, against $106,000,000 in 1911.

The increase in imports from Cuba during the decade has occurred chiefly in sugar though a shortage in the crop of last year caused a material decline in the imports when compared with the immediately preceding year. In 1910 sugar from Cuba totaled 3,673,000,000 pounds with a value of over $100,000,000; in 1911, about 3,192,000,000 pounds, valued at a little over $76,000,000; in 1903 just prior to the reciprocity period, the total was 1,994,000,000 pounds, valued at $37,500,000. Imports of Cuban iron ore have doubled since 1903, the total for that year having been $1,500,000, compared with $3,000,000 in the year just ended. Bananas, cabinet wood, pineapples, molasses and copper ore are the items next in importance, with importations ranging from $1,000,000 down to $500,000 annually.

On the export side, our trade with Cuba covers a much larger range of articles, chiefly manufactures and various food products, such as flour and other breadstuffs, meats, lard and lard compounds and egg. Iron and steel manufactures head the list, having grown from $2,500,000 in 1903 to $8,000,000 in 1907 and approximately $12,000,000 in the year just ended. Under this head are included locomotives and other machinery, wire, pipes and fittings, steel rails, builders' hardware and numerous other articles.

Boots and shoes have sextupled in value of exports since 1903, having risen from $500,000 value in that year to $3,250,000 in 1911. Of passenger and freight cars the exports are also increasing, having practically doubled in five years. In 1903 our exports of cotton cloths to Cuba were but little more than $250,000, while last year they were valued at $1,666,666.

Of lard the exports to Cuba have increased from $1,500,000 to $4,000,000 in the period 1903-1911; of flour from $2,000,000 to $4,000,000; of corn from $666,666 to $1,500,000; of vegetables from $500,000 to $1,500,000, pickled or salted pork from $250,000 to $750,000; and bituminous coal from $1,250,000 to $2,750,000.

The foregoing are but representative of the growth which has occurred in many other articles, such as milk, chemicals, fertilizers, furniture, paper manufactures, mineral oil and scientific instruments, the exports of which in 1903 had not, in some cases, attained sufficient importance to warrant their separate enumeration in the monthly summary by the bureau of statistics.

Not only is the United States increasing its trade with Cuba, but it is supplying a larger share of the commerce of that island than ever before. In the calendar year 1910, according to the official figures of that island, the United States supplied 52.5 per cent of the imports, compared with 43.8 per cent in 1900, and 41.4 per cent in 1903, the year immediately preceding reciprocity; and of the exports from Cuba in 1910 85.8 per cent were sent to the United States, as against 68 per cent in 1900 and 77.9 per cent in 1903.

Meantime both Spain and the United Kingdom have lost in the share which they supply of the imports into Cuba and are also taking a smaller share of the exports from that island.

Of the total imports into Cuba, the share of the United Kingdom was, in 1900, 15.7 per cent; in 1903, 16.1 per cent; in 1910, 11.9 per cent; Spain, in 1900, 14.6 per cent; in 1903, 14.3 per cent; in 1910, 8.4 per cent; Germany, in 1900, 4.5 per cent; in 1903, 5.9 per cent; in 1910, 6.3 per cent; and France, in 1900, 4.9 per cent; in 1903, 6.6 per cent; in 1910, 5.3 per cent.

Of the exports from Cuba, there was exported to the United Kingdom 11.1 per cent in 1900, 8.4 per cent in 1903 and 7.1 per cent in 1910; to Spain, 1.7 per cent in 1900; 1.9 per cent in 1903, and 0.5 per cent in 1910; to Germany, 11.3 per cent in 1900, 6.8 per cent in 1903 and 2.4 per cent in 1910; and to France, 2.6 per cent in 1900, .5 per cent in 1903 and 1 per cent in 1910.

From the foregoing it would appear that every leading country except the United States had in 1910 a smaller part in the foreign trade of Cuba than in 1900, while during the same period a marked increase occurred both in the share which we supplied of the total imports into, and share which we took of the exports from Cuba.

LIVE STOCK AND GRAIN MOVEMENT

CHICAGO — The movement of grain and livestock this year has been satisfactory, considering car shortage and defective power caused by cold weather. Primary receipts of corn since Jan. 1 exceeded 14,000,000 bushels by the end of last week, compared with 12,200,000 bushels a year ago. Last week's local livestock receipts were 5806 cars, compared with 6531 a year ago and 5699 two years ago, while combined receipts at six markets showed a slight increase in sheep receipts, a slight decrease in cattle and a substantial increase in hogs.

Combined receipts for 1912 at six markets were 477,000 cattle, 1,471,000 hogs and 718,000 sheep, compared with 485,000 cattle, 1,023,000 hogs and 700,000 sheep a year ago and 497,000 cattle, 994,000 hogs and 506,000 sheep two years ago, when car congestion was severe.

All western markets combined received 712,000 hogs last week against 440,000 a year ago, and provision specialists marveled at the strength of the hog markets under weight of the enormous run.

Withdrawals of grain from local elevators last week included 544,000 bushels of wheat, 123,000 bushels of corn and 423,000 bushels of oats.

CLEARING HOUSE

New York funds sold at the clearing house today at par.

Exchanges and balances for today compare with the totals for the corresponding period in 1911 as follows:

	1912	1911
Exchanges	$27,447,805	$27,843,731
Balances	1,830,710	1,585,217

The United States sub-treasury shows a credit balance at the clearing house today of $20,288.

NORTH CAROLINA LUMBER

CHARLOTTE, N. C.—Grandin Lumber Company has purchased from Yadkin Lumber Company and other parties 600,000 acres of timber in Wilkes, Watauga and Caldwell counties, for about $1,000,000.

All Classes of Readers Find

Something Worth While
in the Special Pages of

The Saturday Monitor

Workers
Thinkers, Talkers
Mechanics, Artists, Writers
Actors, Playgoers, Teachers, Students, Motorists
Sport-Lovers, Musicians, Public Officials,
Business Men, Housewives
Girls, Boys

EVERY ONE OF THEM SPECIALLY CONSIDERED IN PLANNING THE

MONITOR SATURDAY

NEWS BY CABLE AND CORRESPONDENCE

GERMAN IMPERIAL POST CLOSES YEAR WITH BIG SURPLUS

Introduction of Machinery in System Is a Factor in Establishing Record and Post-Check Is Profitable

DETAILS INTEREST

(Special to the Monitor)

BERLIN, Germany—One of the institutions of whose flourishing financial condition there can be no possible doubt is the German imperial post. The results of the past year are reported to be especially gratifying.

The financial year of 1910 showed at its close a clear surplus of 72,200,000 marks, and thus exceeded all previous years, although the record of the past five years has proved far from unsatisfactory. Not a small portion of this success is owing to the saving of manual labor in consequence of the introduction of machinery in all offices of any importance throughout the country.

The post-cheque system, which was only introduced in 1909, has also contributed its share to the revenue. The central telephone station at Hamburg is now the largest in the world, being furnished with over 80,000 connections. The Berlin head telegraph office, which is also one of the world's largest centers employs close upon a thousand clerks. It possesses 570 wires for inland and 60 for foreign service, including 30 wires for simultaneous telephone and telegraphic use.

Among the various systems in use are the Hughes (171 wires) and the Morse (120 wires). There are 645 telegraph apparatus in all. The number of telegraphic messages which passed through the Berlin head office last year is 26,700,000, the cablegrams to London alone averaging 3000 daily. The network of underground telephone wires is now in greater Berlin very extensive, the length of the cables having increased from 346,625 miles in 1905 to 640,240 in 1910.

MARKET PRICES IN N. S. W. LISTED

(Special to the Monitor)

SYDNEY, N. S. W., Aus.—The following are the latest quotations from the Sydney markets:

Wheat—3s. 7d. to 3s. 8d. a bushel.

Flour—£8 15s. seconds to £8 per ton.

Bran—£5 10s. per ton.

Pollard—£6 per ton.

Oats—2s. 11d. to 3s. per bushel.

Barley—Malting 4s. 6d. to 5s., feed 3s. to 3s. 3d. per bushel.

Maize—3s. 9½d. to 3s. 10½d. per bushel.

Chaff—Wheaten £4 5s. to £4 15s per ton.

Lucerne—£3 to £3 5s. per ton.

Broom millet—£24 to £26 per ton.

Butter—Selected 120s., good 108s. to 116s., seconds 100s. to 108s. per cwt.

Cheese—Prime loaf 6¾d. to 7¼d. per pound, good 6d. to 6½d. per pound, special 7d. to 8d. per pound.

Bacon—Sides 7½d. to 8½d. per pound, flitches 6½d. to 7½d. per pound, middles 8d. to 8¼d. per pound, shoulders 6d. to 6½d. per pound, hams 10d. to 11d. per pound.

SHAKESPEARE TO BE HONORED

(Special to the Monitor)

LONDON—A great commemoration service is to be held in Southwark cathedral on April 23, the anniversary of Shakespeare's birth, and the occasion will serve for the unveiling of the monument to the poet, which is to be placed beneath the Shakespeare window in the south aisle.

LIGHTHOUSES SHOW SURPLUS

(Special to the Monitor)

LONDON—The total income from lighthouses in the United Kingdom and British lighthouses abroad for the year 1910-11 was £536,450, whilst the expenditure was £500,823.

BISHOP OF LONDON PERFORMS THE DEDICATION OF THE NEW ANGLICAN CATHEDRAL AT KHARTOUM

The significance of the dedication of the new Anglican cathedral at Khartoum and the rapid growth of civilization in the upper reaches of the Nile are described by the Monitor's special correspondent, who draws a picture of past and present in the Sudan.

(Special to the Monitor)

KHARTOUM, Sudan—The bishop of London, Dr. Winnington-Ingram, on the invitation of Sir Reginald Wingate, Sirdar and and Governor-General of the Sudan, today performed the dedication ceremony of the new Anglican cathedral at Khartoum, the capital of the Sudan.

The significance of this event and the rapid growth of civilization in these upper reaches of the Nile are brought very forcibly to one's notice when one realizes that it is not 15 years since the reconquest of the Sudan by Lord Kitchener in 1898.

The new cathedral is built within a stone's throw of the spot where at that time General Gordon's old palace was thronged with a howling mob of dervishes. On this spot a new palace rears its stately head, and within a few yards is the imposing Gordon Memorial College, where some of those same dervishes afterward became loyal and earnest students.

British Built Mosque

There is also, in the same town, a magnificent Muhammadan mosque built by the British and a striking tribute to the religious tolerance and breadth of view in colonial government.

The new cathedral, which is an imposing building in the Sudan's own special style of architecture, Moorish, Saracen, Gothic and Byzantine blended together in one harmonious whole, is the outcome of the present Governor's perhaps exceptionally steady interest and watchful care over this branch of the work and the energetic and self-sacrificing labors of Bishop Gwynn, whose life's work as a missionary has been entirely spent in the Sudan.

It is a far cry from the present magnificent cathedral to the upper room in the Governor's palace, where Mr. Gwynn, as he then was, conducted a service which the present writer was privileged to attend less than 10 years ago, but those who have had opportunities of studying on the spot the steady single-mindedness of the work of civilization in these arid regions will not be surprised at the growth.

SUDAN CENTER IS PICTURESQUE

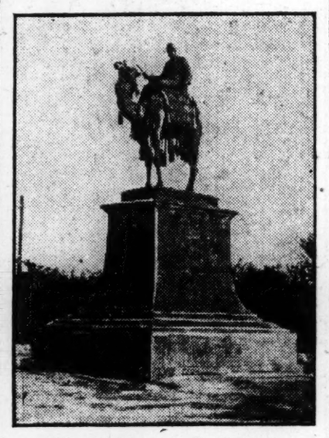
(Copyright by G. N. Morhig)

Front avenue of Khartoum just above junction of Blue and White Nile

Khartoum Important

Khartoum was founded in 1823 under the rule of Mehemet Ali. It is situated on a low tongue of land just above the junction of the Blue and White Nile, and as the starting point of caravans to the interior it rapidly became a place of great commercial importance doing an active trade in ostrich feathers, gems, tamarinds and other native products.

After a long season of prosperity Khartoum suffered with the rest of the Sudan from the revolt of the Muhammadan population against the armies of Egypt. Early in 1884 General Gordon was sent out by the British government to try to restore order. But a month after he reached Khartoum the town was besieged by the troops of the Mahdi, the leader of the Sudan revolt, and, after holding out for nearly 10 months, the place was taken by the enemy two days before the arrival of the rescue army sent out from England. Khartoum was not deserted, both the Mahdi and his successor, the Khalifa, having made their capital of Omdurman, which remained the headquarters of the dervishes until they were finally dispersed by General Kitchener's forces in 1898. Khartoum has now recovered its prosperity and is rapidly increasing in size and importance. Among its many fine public buildings the most noteworthy is the Gordon Memorial College for literary, scientific and technical instruction which includes a training college for teachers and has an endowment fund of £100,000.



(Copyright by G. N. Morhig)

THE GORDON STATUE, KHARTOUM

AEROPLANE FLIGHT IS MADE FROM DECK OF BRITISH WARSHIP

(Special to the Monitor)

LONDON—The aeroplane flight recently made by Lieut. C. R. Samson of the royal navy, from the deck of the Africa, was the first that has ever been made from the deck of a British warship.

The machine was taken alongside the Africa in a government tug, from which it was transferred to a special platform, which had been constructed for the occasion, extending from the forebridge just above the 12-inch gun turret and projecting a few feet over the stem of the ship.

Along this Lieutenant Samson dashed at full speed amid the cheers of the ship's company and, quickly rising, circled over the battleship and then proceeded to the Royal Aero Club's flying ground at Eastchurch, where he descended. Horace Short, the designer and builder of the biplane used, watched the experiment from the bridge of the Africa. The aeroplane had been fitted with floats in case it should be found necessary to descend onto the water.

POLICE STRICT IN GERMAN ELECTION

(Special to the Monitor)

BERLIN, Germany—The result of the elections has been awaited with keenest interest in all circles. The chief point aimed at by the Conservative-Center block has been the suppression of the Social Democrats, and they have become almost aggressive in their denunciations. A memorable meeting was called lately by deputations of the clerks and workmen in the state service.

One of the most striking features of these elections has been the rigid attitude of the police authorities. Herr von Jagow, the Berlin chief of police, has refused permission to the big newspapers to announce by means of illuminated letters the result of the elections to the public from the roofs of the buildings, a method that was very general four years ago. Processions and other street demonstrations are this time likewise forbidden.

PERSIAN AFFAIRS ARE IN BALANCE

(Special to the Monitor)

TEHERAN, Persia—The question of the successor to Mr. Shuster is of the utmost importance to the country, and, as has already been explained in these columns, Mr. Mornard could scarcely be expected to continue the policy established by Mr. Shuster. The latter was determined to do all in his power to place the finance of the country on a better footing and so to facilitate the development of Persia.

The treasurer-general in this country exercises very considerable power, and it will be in the hands of Mr. Shuster's successor to continue the good policy adopted by him or to be party to the designs of those anxious not to encourage the independence and general development of the country but to support the policy of Russia which, unless checked, will inevitably result in the permanent control of a portion of the country at least by that power.

CRETAN MOVEMENT GAINS

(Special to the Monitor)

ATHENS, Greece—It is reported from Canea that the insurrectionary movement has gained ground, and that the island is now governed by an insurrectionary committee—the former Cretan executive committee, under a new name. The Venezelists and the whole of the Christian population have joined the movement. Measures will be taken to insure the despatch of Cretan deputies for the next parliamentary session.

EMIGRATION FLOWS TO AUSTRALIA AIDED BY STATES' FUNDS

(Special to the Monitor)

LONDON—According to the latest statistics with regard to emigration from England to Australia during the past year, the following figures show the emigrants who have had nominated passages, or whose passages have been directly assisted by the governments of the different states: Queensland, 12,861; New South Wales, 10,270; Western Australia, 10,255; Victoria, 5340; South Australia, 1040.

The whole of the above emigrants have made use of the £12 passage, and it is estimated that at least 40,000 persons, over and above these, have emigrated to Australia paying the full unassisted £16 rates.

With regard to the question of assisted emigrants it is understood that the £12 rate barely covers expenses, but that the companies are nevertheless willing to place a certain number of cabins in advance at the disposal of the states.

Owing to the uncertainty as to how long the system of state encouragement of emigrants may continue, the companies do not feel able to do more at present unless a three years contract is signed.

As a result of the discussion of the question, it is understood that all the states will agree to signing a contract for three years in the near future. It is expected that this arrangement will lead to the employment of an additional number of vessels.

VELO-SKI IS NEW BOB-SLEIGH WHICH HAS HANDLE BARS

(Special to the Monitor)

GENEVA, Switzerland—A new sport has been devised at Grindelwald in which almost all the visitors are taking part.

A machine has been invented by Herr Buhler which is a kind of bicycle toboggan or bicycle bob sleigh, with handle bars by which it can be guided over the steep slopes or toboggan runs. It has much the effect of a free wheel bicycle and rushes down the sides of the mountains at 50 or 60 miles an hour, and its rider in order to stop it is obliged to resort to a plunge into the drifts.

Herr Buhler is overwhelmed with orders for his machine and finds it difficult to supply them. At present the velo-ski has only been built for men, but the ladies who are quite as active in Alpine sports as the men have requested the inventor to lose no time in supplying one for them which can be ridden in a narrow skirt. The bicycle bob requires a considerable amount of practise before the rider becomes proficient in its use.

CARMARTHEN SEAT TO BE CONTESTED

(Special to the Monitor)

CARMARTHEN—The appointment of Llewelyn Williams to the recordership of Swansea has necessitated him seeking reelection for his seat in the Carmarthen district. The seat is a Liberal stronghold, and at the last election Mr. Williams was returned unopposed. In January, 1910, he defeated Lord Tiverton, the Liberal Unionist candidate, by 2232.

In the present instance the Labor party have determined to contest the seat and have chosen as their candidate Mr. Vivian, a retired gas manager. The Unionist candidate is H. C. Bond, but whether he will fight the seat now, or wait until the general election has not yet been decided.

UNIVERSITY COLLEGE TO BUILD

(Special to the Monitor)

DUBLIN, Ire.—The governing body of University College, Dublin, have decided to proceed with the erection of new buildings. University College is one of the three constituent colleges of the national university, the other being at Cork and Galway.

OPINION IN FRANCE CRITICIZES EULOGY OF GERMAN RULER

Temps Considers Recent Efforts to Stop Growing Antagonism of British Taxpayer to Be Fruitless

NAVY COST IS FELT

(Special to the Monitor)

PARIS—The recently published tribute to the German Emperor by Lord Lonsdale, which has received so much notice in the English and German press, has called forth a considerable amount of criticism in France. The French opinion on this subject is specially valuable on the grounds of its impartiality and breadth of view.

The Temps, which may be taken as voicing the general opinion of the country, states that the Lonsdale interview, as well as the recent messages of the British ministers, Lord Haldane, Mr. Harcourt and Mr. McKenna, to the International Arbitration League are regarded in France as of very questionable value from the point of view accompanying any good results.

Many attempts, it says, have been made to disarm the growing distrust of British public opinion towards Germany by words of conciliation, but each time these efforts have produced an effect precisely contrary to that desired. These unfortunate results have been due not only to the injudicious character of the interventions, but also to the contrast, often emphasized by disagreeable coincidences, between actual word and deed.

The last German naval program, for instance, which the British regarded from the outset as a menace to England, was voted on the morrow of the famous speech delivered by the Emperor at the Guildhall, where he captivated his hosts by the charm of his eloquence as well as by his promises of friendship.

From this to the insinuation that the German sovereign had sought to lull British vigilance, was merely a step, and the Temps fears that this recollection may prejudice the "rapprochement" which Lord Lonsdale is seeking to bring about. It adds that the English are no longer caught by words.

At the very moment when they are being reminded that the Emperor is a grandson of Queen Victoria, they are witnessing a violent campaign, conducted by nearly all parties in Germany, against British policy, and what is still more serious and more pronounced, nothing is talked of but the approaching modification of the German naval program with a view to a fresh increase of the German fleet.

Such a modification, the Temps alleges, would affect not only the security but also the pocket of Great Britain, and it may be affirmed, without risk of being contradicted by events, that the smoothest imperial phrases will not advance the cause of peace one iota, so long as this visible and substantial menace hangs over the British taxpayer.

BUTTER EXPORTS FROM VICTORIA, AUS., TOTALED

(Special to the Monitor)

MELBOURNE, Vic., Aus.—Exports of government-inspected butter from this state for the week ended Nov. 30, 1911, totaled 1002 tons, valued at approximately c. i. f. £100,200 and sent as follows: United Kingdom 993½ tons, eastern and other ports 8½.

For the period from July 1, 1911 to Nov. 30 the butter exports totaled 9875 tons, valued at approximately c. i. f. £1,036,875, and sent to: United Kingdom 9171¾ tons, South Africa 192¼ tons, eastern and other ports 511.

In last November the total export of butter was 4682 tons as compared with 4657¾ tons in November 1910.

ADELAIDE WOOL SALE SPIRITED

(Special to the Monitor)

ADELAIDE, S. Aus.—There was a large attendance of English and continental buyers at the fifth of the Adelaide series of wool sales held on Nov. 20. The bidding from the start was spirited, and for all good wool competition was very keen, with the result that the prices showed an advance of from a farthing to a halfpenny per pound. Southeastern lots sold exceptionally well. Out of a total of 27,868 bales offered, 26,158 bales were disposed of.

LONDON COUNCIL TRAMWAYS HELD TO BLAME FOR DELAYS

(Special to the Monitor)

LONDON—The Roads Improvement Association, an incorporated body embracing in its membership the Royal Automobile Club, the Cyclists Touring Club, and various other similar associations, has presented a memorial to the Board of Trade complaining of the congestion of traffic occasioned in some of the main thoroughfares owing to the methods by which the London county council tramways are worked.

The memorialists point out that in many instances the tramway lines are situated in roadways which are thoroughfares for vast traffic of all descriptions. Much of this traffic is of a commercial character and delay in its passage involves serious pecuniary loss.

Moreover the increase in speed and consequent facility in passage of traffic secured by the introduction of the motor lorry and other vehicles propelled by mechanical power, is to a large extent neutralized by the obstruction caused by the tramcars.

The memorial goes on to specify four main causes of obstruction:

The frequent and close running of an unnecessary number of tramcars during those periods of the day when tramway traffic is small.

The congestion at junctions of tramway lines.

The stoppage of tramcars abreast on parallel lines.

The badly regulated manner in which certain of the track repairs are carried out.

With regard to the last mentioned cause of complaint, it is explained that repairs are frequently carried out on both lines at the same time, and the materials and tools required are spread over an excessive amount of roadway.

The memorialists urge that the London county council should not be allowed to monopolize the roadway in this manner and that any extensive repairs which are necessary should be carried out at night.

INDIA HAS FULLY MET KING'S HIGHEST HOPES

His Majesty Declares That His Satisfaction Will Be Still Greater if Lasting Good Comes From Tour

PRESS ENTHUSIASTIC

(Special to the Monitor)

BOMBAY, India—The departure of King George and Queen Mary from Bombay on the conclusion of their Indian visit was marked by the brilliance and enthusiasm which characterized their arrival little more than a month previously.

Their majesties traveled straight through from Calcutta, with the exception of a halt for a space of one hour at Nagpur, the capital of the Central provinces. On reaching Bombay they drove in state to the Apollo Bunder, where the Governor, Sir George Clarke, read an address on behalf of the Bombay legislative council.

After King George had made a suitable reply their majesties stepped forward to the entrance of the pavilion under which they were standing, and received a great ovation from the people who had gathered to catch a last glimpse of their sovereign.

Their majesties then went on board the launch which was waiting, and made at once for the Medina amid the strains of "Auld Lang Syne" and the boom of a royal salute. The extraordinary enthusiasm which has been manifested throughout the royal visit prevailed on this occasion also, and Bombay's sendoff to the royal couple was a fitting termination to a memorable tour.

Commenting on the royal visit the Advocate of India describes it as "a family gathering of a great section of the human race, a domestic incident unprecedented in the world's history," and says that a note of joyous enthusiasm reigned throughout.

The Pioneer is of the opinion that as their majesties come to review their impressions of the visit their last thought is likely to be one almost of awe at the discovery of the immense influence they exercise personally over the vast population of India.

The vernacular press also refers to the royal visit in the warmest terms. "Five weeks ago," writes the Jamejamshed, "it was Bombay's proud privilege to welcome George, Emperor of India. Today we bid farewell to George, the conqueror of hearts," while the Sanjvariman feels that the black clouds which have been hovering over the country for some time past have disappeared and that a new era has been opened.

That the King himself is thoroughly satisfied with the results of his visit is shown by the telegram which he despatched to the prime minister on the eve of his departure from India. In it his majesty expresses the belief that his highest hopes have been realized and that the success of his visit has exceeded all expectations.

From every part of the country he writes, all classes, races and creeds have united in receiving Queen Mary and himself with unmistakable signs of enthusiasm and affection. The satisfaction which his visit has given him will, his majesty says, be still greater if time proves that it has conduced to the lasting good of India and of her empire at large.

LONDON UNIVERSITY ISSUES PROGRAM OF SPECIAL LECTURES

(Special to the Monitor)

LONDON—The University of London has just issued a program of extension lectures for the coming term including a series of courses on various branches of history, literature, economics, architecture and science to be held at a large number of metropolitan and suburban centers.

A course on "The Influence of Greek Philosophy on Medieval and Modern Thought" will be delivered by Philip H. Wicksteed in the University buildings, South Kensington. Kaines Smith will also lecture there on "Greek Art and National Life."

In the city William H. Hudson will lecture on literature and Alfred Milnes on economics. A series of lecture-demonstrations in historic buildings have been arranged for Saturday afternoons, full particulars of which may be obtained on application to the university.

PART OF CLIFF FALLS

(Special to the Monitor)

LONDON—Another gap has been made in "the white walls of old England" by the fall of some hundreds of tons of cliff just below Langdon battery near Dover. The debris extends some way out to sea in a causeway from 30 to 40 feet in width, and the extensive fissures which are to be seen at other points would appear to indicate that further alterations in the appearance of the cliffs at this part of the Kentish coast may be expected

EFFICACY OF THE CLASSICS IS AGAIN TOPIC FOR DEBATE

(Special to the Monitor)

LONDON—The subject of classical study has again come up for discussion. Though it is admitted there is considerable waste of effort in the training of boys at the great public schools, opinions differ as to the practical value of learning dead languages.

Neville Chamberlain, second son of Joseph Chamberlain, speaking to the Modern Language Association at Birmingham said:

"I cannot conceive of anything more calculated to inspire one with a wholehearted enthusiasm for some other training than when one is receiving a classical education. I am not sure whether I could not have achieved equally good results from a prolonged study of jig-saw puzzles."

Dr. Aveling, however, said that "Latin formed part of the education of George Elliot and Thackeray, and they produced the finest style in our literature. Dickens knew no Latin, while Anthony Trollope was well versed in Latin and had a good acquaintance with Greek. Matthew Arnold knew the classics, but J. M. Barry does not make that claim. Mr. Gladstone could quote accurately without a note, but John Bright's classic was the Bible. Milton was deeply read in the 'dead masters,' but it is doubtful whether Shakespeare had anything but a superficial knowledge of them."

A vigorous fight as to whether Greek shall be abolished is still waged in the Universities of Oxford and Cambridge. The day may come when the question will be referred, and will have to be decided by the board of education, public opinion seeming to run counter to the educational beliefs of professors and scholars. It should be said though that even among the learned there is no unanimity of opinion as to this vexed question.

The Monitor
ON
SATURDAY
Is Now Running

Two Pages for The Boys and Girls
In Which Appear

The Busyville Bees
comical illustrations by Floyd Triggs, with a story in verse by M. L. Baum, embodying information about flowers in a very delightful manner.

Wonder Book of Nature
Illustrated stories of Remarkable Caves; of Volcanoes and Strange Mountain Forms; of Natural Bridges, Great Waterfalls, Lakes and Glaciers; of Wonderful Plants, Birds, Beasts and Fishes.

Junior Philatelist
A department (bi-weekly) on postage stamp collecting and all matters relating to this entertaining pursuit, which teaches both history and geography.

The Camera Contest
is still open, and a dollar award is made each week to the youthful Monitor photographer who sends in the most acceptable picture of children at play, school scenes, historic places, picturesque views, quaint houses, city or country scenes, either characteristic or unusual. (Blue prints not available.) Address "Children's Page," The Christian Science Monitor, Falmouth and St. Paul streets, Boston, Mass.

Poems, Puzzles and Short Stories
are also printed on these pages on Saturday and a great variety of other matter both entertaining and instructive.

The Monitor has a Children's Department every day, but devotes more room to the young people on Saturday than on other days.

Anniversary Invitations
Ward's For All Occasions ENGRAVED OR PRINTED 57-63 Franklin St.

THE HOME FORUM

VISIT TO AN IRISH COTTAGE

Something of Irish cottage life is shown in the following sketch contributed by a correspondent of the Monitor. This intimate glance into a typical home of the Irish peasantry was afforded when circumstances changed the plans of a party taking a trip up the river Shannon.

ONE doubtful morning in late autumn a party of 12 started in a rowboat towed by a motor boat. Their intention was to picnic on the shore of a lake leading out of the Shannon. About halfway there the weather developed into what the Irishman calls "a soft day," so all agreed willingly to the proposal made by the hostess, to turn back a short distance and have lunch under cover of a cottage, in which the signal man of the railway lived; then to proceed later to the lake if the weather looked more hopeful.

The man and his wife received the party with the innate courtesy of the Irish peasant, which is always marked by entire absence of false modesty or undue familiarity. This cottage consisted of a tiny kitchen with one bedroom leading out of it, while a dresser covered with china occupied one side of the kitchen wall.

In the large open grate there was a black pot, buried in the middle of the fire, which contained soda bread in the process of baking. This pot was immediately removed and to keep the bread from being spoiled pieces of red hot turf were placed on its lid, while the kettle was set on the fire for our benefit. As soon as the couple had done all they could for the comfort of their uninvited guests they withdrew into the rain, so as to leave more room inside the cottage.

Before we set out for home, as we were obliged eventually to do, the day having remained "soft," the dame showed us with great pride a small gramophone which she and her husband had bought with their savings. They bought it, she explained, that their only son might entertain his friends at his own home instead of going outside for all his amusements on winter evenings—a wisdom which struck me as being born of the mother-love, and the simple way in which it was told made us hope that the venture would prove to be entirely successful.

Praise for Industrial School Work

In the manual arts section at a meeting of Indiana State Teachers' Association, John L. Ketcham of Indianapolis, one of the leading manufacturers of the city, addressed the section. "For 31 years," he said, "I have been a manufacturer, and my office a distance of one block from school No. 52. I watched it grow from nothing to two large buildings, with an attendance of nearly 1000 pupils. The school is in a manufacturing district; few of its graduates go to high school, none go to college—they have to go to work. Hence, the wisdom of the teachers giving these boys and girls a good start for their life's work. I often visited the school. I took with me on one occasion a very skilful carpenter, who had a successful experience of 30 years in his calling. I showed him the work done by the boys. One piece interested him. He saw that he could not beat the workmanship of this boy of 14. This is a typical case. The same skill prevails in all departments. On another occasion I gathered together 10 heads of manufacturing industries in the neighborhood and took them to enjoy a lunch provided by the girls. The menu was as complete as any made by a French expert. The cooking and serving were equal to the best given by the hotels in our large cities; the souvenirs at each plate showed originality in artistic skill."—Journal of Education.

Cheery Disillusioned Artist

At almost any rehearsal you will find, whether in the cast or not, a singer of the other end of the list. He is a man with many years of experience, disillusion, disappointment, who has come through his tragedy sunny and apparently happy. A singer with a prodigious memory, he seems to know every note of every opera that has been written. Assured that his voice will never make him a star, and having accepted that fate, he is content to take any role at a moment's notice; he has even stepped into the cast in the middle of the opera, when a tenor's voice failed, and finished the performance without a moment's notice.—Music.

The French are experimenting with salt for keeping down dust on the highways.—Indianapolis News.

The Bluebird

Before you thought of spring,
Except as a surmise,
You see, God bless his suddenness,
A fellow in the skies
Of independent hues,
A little weather worn,
Inspiriting habiliments
Of indigo and brown.

With specimens of song,
As if for you to choose
Discretion in the interval,
With gay delay he goes
To some superior tree
Without a single leaf,
And shouts for joy to nobody
But his seraphic self!

—Emily Dickinson.

Walter Pater wishes to find in music "the musical charm—that essential music which presents no words, no matter of sentiment or thought separable from the special form in which it is conveyed to us."

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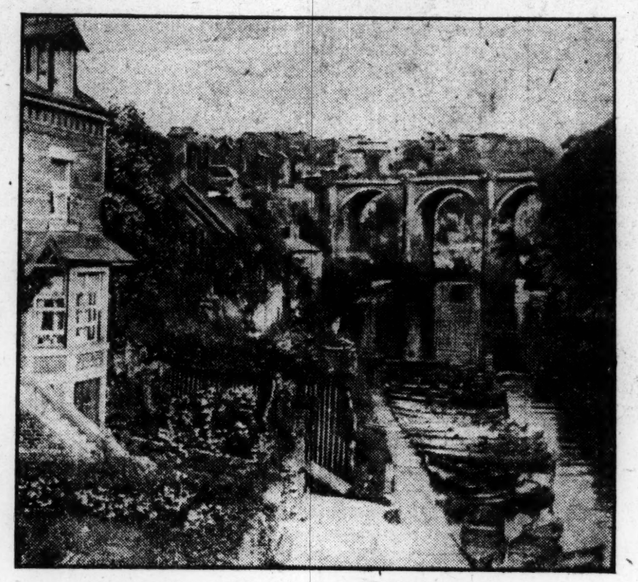
BIT OF RHINE SCENERY IN ENGLAND

KNARESBOROUGH is one of the most picturesque towns in Yorkshire, Eng. It stands high above the river Nidd, amidst scenery which has been likened to the Rhine and Switzerland. From evidences of early earthworks the site is a very old one and dates back to the time when cave and rock shelters formed the principal dwellings. Caves hewn out of the solid rock and protected in front by a rude wall of masonry are still used, and until quite recently were inhabited, as they must have been for many hundred years.

Knaresborough castle occupies a splendid position on the edge of a steep cliff overlooking the river. The barony of Knaresborough or Chenansbury as it was called was held at one time by Serlo de Bury, the great commander of William the Conqueror, and the earliest discovered record relating to the castle is in 1130. In 1307 Piers de Guveston held the wardenship of the castle. The four knights who made away with Thomas a Becket took refuge there in 1170 and were retained prisoners for a year, then pardoned after a pilgrimage to Jerusalem. It shared the fate of many another old castle, for during the civil war it was besieged and after a stubborn resistance taken by Lord Fairfax.

Since the time of Edward the Confessor it has been crown property. All that remains of the old place now are a few fragmentary ruins, the walls of the keep being the only part of it which is in a fair state of preservation.



(Photo specially taken for the Monitor)

KNARESBOROUGH CASTLE OVERLOOKING THE RIVER NIDD

"YE SHALL FIND REST"

WRITTEN FOR THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

WHAT more beautiful or assuring words in the Bible than the statement of the Master, "Come unto me all ye that labor and are heavy laden and I will give you rest. Take my yoke upon you and learn of me; for I am meek and lowly in heart; and ye shall find rest unto your souls." Human beings in all generations have been seeking rest from the anguish and weariness of the flesh. Even the psalmist David with all of his understanding, cried out, "Oh that I had wings like a dove; for then would I fly away and be at rest."

How is it possible for mortals to come unto the Christ that they may find this promised rest? By recognizing that man has no life but God; by knowing that "the Father worketh hitherto and I work," but of myself I "can do nothing"; that the divine Mind is the one creator and imparts to man the consciousness of life, intelligence and wisdom; that man does not create but reflects, neither does he possess because of his begging or pleading, but by reason of his scientific knowing.

One of the heaviest burdens that this coming unto the Christ, the recogntion of spiritual causation, lifts man out of is the belief that he, as a personality, is essential to the accomplishment of any purpose or work. Everything is self-existent in Truth. Only the Father knows the needs of each individual idea. Man's work is to recognize this fact and to learn to be obedient to the law of reflection, that he may be that for which he was created, a transparency for Truth.

Along with this burden of self-imposed responsibility man is heavily laden with the beliefs of fear, anxiety and worry. He thinks it necessary to plan and outline, thus unconsciously holding himself to the boundaries and limitations of the human mind, and then he struggles to free himself from the chains of his own forging.

He is prone to go beyond today's demands until he stumbles and falls over some unseen obstacle, or, discouraged and weary, to lag behind, beginning tomorrow with today's unfinished tasks, instead of patiently and lovingly solving each day's problems at the right time and in the right way. Emotional enthusiasm, untempered by experience, tempts him to undertake something which he cannot sustain, and like Peter he cries out in fear, "Lord, save me;" and receives the rebuke of "Oh, thou of little faith;" or lulled to sleep by the sluggishness of the senses, he is beaten with many stripes because of his selfish desire to serve that which he has outgrown, and his consequent lack of obedience to that higher understanding which has been given to him. The "Peace, be still" of the Master quiets his fear, rebukes his ambition, his self-love and self-will, and he rejoices to "bear fruit that the Father may be glorified."

The cruel burden of sorrow, that follows as a result of looking to the finite and material for the enduring and infinite, is lifted by the understanding that "Now are we the sons of God," and that in this family in which God is the Father-Mother, death never enters, neither sorrow nor crying.

The poverty of the senses, the burden that no one escapes, is healed by the consciousness of what constitutes true substance. To be able to rejoice in the abundance of love and health and strength which is man's rightful inheritance is to know no lack. To be obedient to the message of "Give and it shall be given unto you," is to be always conscious of the possession of those things that the Father knoweth ye have need of. To "seek first the kingdom of God and his righteousness" is to know that all these things are added unto you.

The "meek and lowly" Nazarene's proof that "Clad in the panoply of Love, human hatred cannot reach you" (Science and Health with Key to the Scriptures, by Mary Baker Eddy, p. 571), so illumines consciousness that gradually one leaves behind him his hate and his prejudice, his envy and his jealousy, the most overwhelming of all the burdens, that he may serve Love only.

"Glory be to God, and peace to the struggling hearts! Christ hath rolled away the stone from the door of human hope and faith, and through the revelation and demonstration of life in God, hath elevated them to possible at-one-ment with the spiritual idea of man and his divine Principle, Love" (Science and Health, p.45).

Joy of Bloom

NO one passes a lily in blow, an apple orchard in the May, a clover field swept with red, or a good garden lying at his feet, but that some reflection of it enters his mind. It would be difficult for any man to imagine a flowerless world; and if he conjured it in his dream he would find himself sitting in some oasis of greenery and bloom.

There is much speculation as to why flowers ever came into the world or what necessary utility they are to plants. I think there must be something more than mere utility to the plant that brought blossoms into existence. But why ever they came, they are joyful things and they are parts in the journey of life. To know a flower well and to grow it well are more than botany and gardening. The songs of birds, the feel of winds, the flow of streams, the appeal of flowers are so real that we are not likely to forget them or to lose them; but the flowers excel them all in the ease and completeness with which we may adapt them to personal needs and incorporate them into a process of life.—Liberty H. Bailey.

Christian Unity

Score some more gains for Christian unity. No, we are not talking now about any great international commissions or high-sounding convention resolutions. But we think that such a combination as has come to pass of the Baptists and Congregationalists in Willington, Conn., is an excellent example on the small scale of what ought to take place on a much larger scale and what we believe eventually will. These good Christian people down in Connecticut, after struggling on for many years apart, will now worship together, employ one pastor and study in the same Bible school, dividing their benevolent contributions between their respective denominational societies. Note, also, another instance of the uniting of Baptist and Congregational forces in Mannsville, N. Y. Let the good work go on.—Congregationalist.

As our heavenly Father has freely helped us in Christ, so we ought freely to help our neighbors by our body and our works, . . . so that we may be mutually Christ's and that the same Christ may be in all of us; that we may be truly Christians.—Martin Luther.

CHILDREN'S DEPARTMENT

Bootblack's Success

A lease has been signed by which two Greeks in Chicago have agreed to pay $3300 a year for a space eight feet square, in which to polish shoes. One of the men, now only 21, came to America five years ago. He has been polishing shoes ever since. Recently he bought a lot of land in the city for $7500, and on it put up a two-story brick house that cost $3500. When an immigrant, coming to this country without friends, and unable to speak the language, can do that, there is no need of an American boy's saying that "a fellow doesn't have any chance these days."—Youths Companion.

Wonders of Neptune

UNDER the heading of "In Neptune's Kingdom," a lecture to children was given at the London Institute. The youngsters were fairly delighted with the marvels of the seashore as revealed by F. Martin Duncan. He told them of thrilling incidents in the life of the oyster, the whelk, the limpet, the starfish and the cockle. The fact that a cockle has a very large and useful foot came as a surprise to every one. When the tide is coming in, the cockles, which have spent the ebb-tide on the shore, may be seen rising to meet it. They go leaping and bounding forward over the sand until they reach the water into which they plunge with manifest contentment.

Winter Strawberries

Some one wrote to the Portland Oregonian early in January to say that he had seen wild strawberries in bloom out of doors that day. The winter up to that time had been so mild that the blossoms ventured out on the open hillside, where the sun lay all day long.

Picture Puzzle

Found on the editor's desk.

ANSWER TO ZIGZAG PUZZLE

SOAP
OWLS
FLAT
FOOL
MOLD
GOLD
WINK

HOWARD PYLE'S FIRST PICTURE

HOWARD PYLE, the illustrator, gave this interesting account of his first successful venture as an artist to James B. Morrow, who quoted the painter in the St. Louis Globe-Democrat: "I had been in New York for a year and a half, perhaps, when I painted my first important picture. It was made in black and white and called "The Wreck in the Offing." I spent weeks on that picture. When it was finished 5 cents was the total sum of my remaining cash resources. I knew the idea was worth $15 even if the picture were rejected. But I neglected to consider that the art editor might be absent. It was a shock, therefore, when I found that he had gone home for the day. However, I left the picture. Walking back to my studio, miles away, I stopped to see Frederick Church, who was always kind to young artists, but I could not bring myself to the point of letting him know that I was penniless. I told the young men who shared my studio that I had lost my appetite. But when they had gone to the restaurant I searched my old clothing and found half a dollar; it paid for my dinner that night, my breakfast next morning and my carfare back to Harper's.

At last I faced the art editor. My picture, big as a house, was standing on his desk. I felt sure the minute I saw it that it had been declined. "Mr. Harper," the art editor said, "has looked at your picture and likes it. Indeed, he intends to give it a double page in the Weekly."

"Since that eventful morning," Mr. Pyle continued, "my ways have been in pleasant places. I was paid $75 for 'The Wreck in the Offing,' and the first thing I did was to take a friend to Delmonico's for luncheon. I want to add that I thought I foresaw the time when illustrating would be a very important part of art life in this country. I never lost confidence in my early judgment, and I am glad I have seen American illustrating a dignified and major factor in our national art evolution."

August Edouart an Artist in Silhouette

The silhouette is the step-sister of photography, the poor relation of the miniature; cheap portraiture was a novelty at the end of the eighteenth century when Etienne de Silhouette lived. By the beginning of the nineteenth century the masses had discovered the charm of personal portraiture and prince and peasant thronged the studios of the clever silhouettists, groping, had they but known it, for the still cheaper sun picture that Daguerre was making ready. In 1839 Daguerre was in Paris registering his appliances for the taking of apothecary's pictures, as the sage of Brentwood calls them. In the same year August Edouart, the clever French artist, landed in the United States and began that tour which resulted in the formation of the most extraordinary pictorial record that any nation has inherited.

These portraits, of which no fewer than 3600 have recently been discovered, seem to be of great value, for not only is each portrait marked at the back, in Edouart's fine pointed handwriting, with the name of the sitter, the date and place of its taking, but methodically kept list books and indices corroborate the details and often give others.

So says a writer in the Bookman and illustrates his article with cuts of these interesting portraits, showing the dress, after the customs and manners of the time and characteristic glimpses of well-known people.

Arawak Pottery in Jamaica

Interesting discoveries of ancient pottery used by the Arawak Indian tribe of Jamaica, B. W. I., have been made on Liberty hill, St. Ann's, overlooking Don Christopher's cove, the inlet where Christopher Columbus spent 12 months in 1503. It is possible that the Liberty hill Arawaks supplied Columbus and his companions with food while he was at anchor in the creek. It is also likely that this same pottery was used in the preparation of provisions for the great navigator and discoverer. The find was made in widening a road to facilitate the turning of motor cars.

With calm, brave purpose every day renew
And let each moment planned and precious be,
And thou shalt find thou hast just time to do
What God requires of thee.

—Caroline Ticknor.

PRAISE FOR COLONEL GOETHALS

IT is certainly not an argument for democracy that the best governed portions of the United States are those under the administration of an individual or a commission, thinks a writer in the New York Herald, who is citing a recent book on Panama. The Canal Zone is practically under the government of one man, Col. George W. Goethals, who, in his way, is as great an autocrat as Nicholas II. Mr. Edwards says; "How free Americans accept this condition of things is at first a matter of wonder. One is used to thinking that if we were deprived of jury trials and the right to vote we would begin to shoot. But down here the only right which has not been alienated is the right to get out." Of course, this absolutism would be unendurable were it not for the almost universal feeling that Colonel Goethals is just. Every Sunday morning he holds, as did the Caliphs of Bagdad, a court of justice, where any one with a grievance may bring it to the colonel's attention. Mr. Edwards' account of one of these courts is most entertaining, the complaints ranging from that of a man who wanted the money his wife had earned (but he didn't get it) to that of a Spanish laborer, who was helped to prepare a claim for damages.

In the author's opinion honesty prevails in this enormous undertaking; there is practically no graft. "No department of our government has been so continually under fire as the isthmian canal commission, and none has come through with fewer scars." And Mr. Edwards goes on to point out that the hundreds of young men getting their first professional experience under Colonel Goethals, in an atmosphere of honesty and professional enthusiasm for "the job," will prove a noticeable leaven in our national life.

Slogans of the Cities

An amusing article in Harpers Weekly tells of some town slogans. "Keep boostin' Houston" was popular for a long while in one portion of Texas while a Missouri editor composed the slogan "Boom Hume." "Topeka Kan., Topeka Will" was the happy outcome of a prize competition in that city some time ago. "What Walla Walla Wants is You" has a rollicking call, continues the author. But "Mott is the Spot" has a complacency which wins his heart, and "You for Utica" is one of the best.

Rider Haggard's Incentive

Stevenson's "Treasure Island" is said to have been responsible for starting the recently knighted Rider Haggard on his career as a novelist. Traveling with his brother from Norfolk to London, he bought a copy of the book to while away the tedium of the journey, and, having finished it, remarked: "Well, I think I could write a better boys' story than that." "If you think it's so easy as all that, why don't you try," his brother mockingly replied. "I will," said the future knight. A few weeks later he had completed the manuscript of "King Solomon's Mines," of which over 100,000 copies were sold during the first five years. His brother, Col. Andrew C. P. Haggard, D. S. O., has also won distinction as a novelist. His new book, dealing with life on Vancouver island, will shortly appear under the title of "Two Worlds: A Romance."—New York Sun.

Third Novelist of Family

Lucas Malet, whose new novel, "Adrian Savage," was published a short time ago, is the third novelist of her family. Her uncle, Henry Kingsley, who wrote novels of colonial life, is considered by some critics an even better writer than her more famous father, Charles Kingsley. It will be remembered, of course, that her brother, Maurice Kingsley, who was not a writer, lived nearly all his life in America. It is probable that Lucas Malet's work is the most cosmopolitan of the three. Her long stays on the continent have given her the remarkable insight into French characteristics which have enabled her to make so convincing the Gallic charm of some of the personages in "Adrian Savage."

The longest concrete span in the world is in the Monroe street bridge, in the city of Spokane, Wash. The Spokane bridge outclasses the famous Rock River bridge at Cleveland, O., by just one foot, as the span is 281 feet. It cost $500,000. The bridge itself is 791 feet in length and crosses the Spokane river.—Los Angeles Express.

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THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

"First the blade, then the ear, then the full grain in the ear."

EDITORIAL

Boston, Mass., Friday, January 26, 1912

One Phase of the Judicial Recall

A WESTERN contemporary, generally broad-minded in its views, disposed to fairness always, yet radically inclined with relation to some important questions of present interest, like the proposition to subject the judiciary to the recall, in a recent issue takes occasion to extol a sitting judge who has made a ruling agreeable to its views. This, to most people, will be a great deal more agreeable information than if we had called attention to another of the recent severe newspaper criticisms of the bench, but it is doubtful if praise under the circumstances is more assuring than criticism would be.

There need be no question as to the honesty of the commendation. It may be taken for granted that the contemporary in question is moved by the purest motives in giving its approval to the ruling of the court. Yet in the last analysis this approval stands for no more and no less than the opinion of the newspaper which bestows it. There is nothing to show that it is indorsed or that it is likely to be indorsed by the local contemporaries of the publication. It carries with it no assurance that when the judge now praised so heartily shall at a future time make a ruling pleasing to those contemporaries the newspaper now so closely in accord with the court will continue to be so.

It is not difficult to broaden this matter out so that it may embrace the section of public opinion or sentiment which the newspaper referred to represents. That a judge shall make a ruling or hand down an opinion in any case upon which public thought is centered that will prove equally satisfactory to plaintiff and defendant and to the partizans of each is, of course, out of the question. The judge who undertakes to please rather than to interpret the law as he reads it and understands it will very soon find himself entangled in inextricable difficulties. Under certain heated conditions he might command the praise of those favored by his decisions, but if it was suspected even by them that he was playing for mere applause rather than striving to do his duty regardless of what men might think or say he would lose their confidence.

Any ordinary observer of events, past or present, will be able to place a fair estimate upon the value of that kind of public opinion which is rooted in the emotions. The verdict, judicial or political, that is cheered today is likely to be condemned a year hence. Unless it is based upon right, it will not stand, though it were hailed by the loudest huzzas of the multitude when first handed down. The real effect of a court's ruling may not be felt until long after the case which occasioned it is forgotten. Neither the law nor the court of justice is for this minute, this month or this year. Subject to the influence of popular approval or criticism—dominated by what usually passes for public opinion—their administration might be hazardous to life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness. The safer way is to make good laws only, see that they are administered intelligently and impartially, and sustain those who are entrusted with their interpretation and execution.

THEY are going to push the railway from Saskatchewan to Hudson bay "full steam ahead" from this time forward. It is a great enterprise and it will open up a new world for the tourist as well as a new avenue of trade.

MR. SHUSTER says he could have stayed. What he was most interested in at a certain stage, no doubt, was whether he could leave.

The Elder Republic

AS THE oldest and largest of nations with a continuous republican form of government, the United States has exceptional responsibilities and duties at times when nations long under monarchical rule revolt and either win, or seem to win, the right to govern themselves. Conditions in China are still too chaotic to say what the outcome there will be. Scarcely any light as yet has been shed on the maneuverings of diplomats and the strategy of nations for gaining selfish ends, be the outcome what it may. Superficially viewed, it would seem as if nominally there had been quite remarkable harmony of conservative action by the western nations and also by Japan; and this in the face of conditions that are perpetually changing and difficult to fathom.

That either a Manchu or Chinese dynasty ever will rule again over a considerable area of China seems fatuous. A democratic ideal has captured the minds and hearts of the people, and also of the scholars and merchants. In some form or other, most of China, possibly all, seems likely to accept an American rather than a Japanese or German model of government; and this very largely owing to the fact that the master thinkers of the revolutionary movement have come in touch with American educators. Moreover, the diplomatic record of the United States with China has been so fair and generous as to inspire confidence in adopting a form of self-rule that fruits out in fraternal governmental action. America cast her bread upon Chinese waters without any thought of such a return as now awaits her, if she will remain true to her traditions.

Chinese republicans have no reason to expect that the United States will act in the matter of recognition of the new republic as if ultimate international ends were as naught. A variety of reasons, justifiable in the main, and part and parcel of an altered status of the United States as a world power, have compelled both Congress and the state department recently to be slower in giving formal benediction to "republican" movements throughout the world than was the case during the first hundred years of the national career. The United States, when isolated, could make rules of the game for herself and amend them immediately as necessity arose. That day is past.

But if the United States need not be precipitate neither need she be tardy. Every moral, tactical, economic and political reason imaginable seems to dictate that Secretary Knox should so instruct Minister Calhoun as to enable the United States to retain the respect and confidence of the past and also to keep a status that will enable America to shape the policy of a potentially mighty race walking in new ways. It is not a time for subtle craft or furthering the interests of American commerce and railway construction; it is a time for sincere, sensible diplomacy of a fraternal type.

The Lawrence Strike

THE relative good order, which, up to date, has been maintained in the city of Lawrence, through vigorous action of the militia and discreet advice of the strikers' leaders, has enabled the public to weigh the facts of the case with more calmness and less partizanship than ordinarily is possible in a crisis of the kind. Viewing the matter entirely apart from the persons involved, and looking at the conflict as symbolical of conditions that may arise at any time in any of the great textile centers of New England with their diverse populations, the more thoughtful students of the situation, will, we believe, agree that controversy arises because of inability of the disputants and society at large to agree upon certain fundamentals.

The wage scale of the employees put over against the dividend rate of the mill owners inevitably calls up on the one hand the problem of remuneration adequate to maintain life according to American standards, and on the other the legitimacy of income from investments legal in form but often representing no actual investment of wealth. Society is loath on the one hand to attempt to determine arbitrarily that labor never shall be paid less than a given sum, and on the other hand to place a definite margin of profit to investments that are genuine. Yet the public conscience is alive to aspects of both of these phases of the industrial problem as it never was before; and there is reason to believe that in the course of time a public policy will be worked out that will express a moral conviction.

One phase of the controversy has shed light on an issue about which there is a diminishing difference of opinion. "Promoted" emigration from Europe for the sake of procuring "cheap" labor has gone on long enough. The pay the immigrant receives may often be less than he has been promised; but even where promise and income agree, he soon finds that social conditions, cost of living and standards of expenditure make his margin of saving small if he is to be assimilated with the land of his adoption. With far too many of those workers who are thus disillusioned there comes either deliberate choice of a scale of living which is not tolerated by ordinary American communities or a resort to lawless methods of changing economic conditions.

Out of this Lawrence strike, therefore, one consideration is emerging with notable distinctness. This is, that people from other lands, unfamiliar with American conditions and unacquainted with American social ideals and responsibilities, are being rushed into the country in numbers that are far too large. Clearly, Lawrence is now feeling the truth of this statement, just as other parts of the country have had the truth of it driven home to them in times past. Whatever else may be said of the Lawrence affair, no one can properly deny that it constitutes a startling call for that long-needed restriction of American immigration which would be merely common justice, not only to Americans but to the immigrants themselves.

Monumental Municipal Finance

WHEN the year 1912 made its entrance it found the gross debt of New York city $20,000,000 larger than the national debt. A billion plus thirty-seven million dollars is the nominal sum on which contemporary metropolitan taxpayers have to pay interest. Making due allowance for the sinking fund and amortization devices, which reduce the net debt considerably, it still remains true that the American metropolis, in its effort to adjust its modes of transportation to present-day needs, in its construction of immense reservoirs in the Catskill regions, in its equipment of the schools with palatial structures and in the expansion of its highways and parks, has taken on obligations from which a city less wealthy and less certain of further rise in values would have abstained out of ordinary prudence. Had there not been a legal borrowing margin fixed by the state Legislature, no doubt the indebtedness would have become even greater than it is; for an era of city planning has come. Men of vision and courage are in charge of many of the city departments, and Mayor Gaynor has a broad view of urban expansion as well as a strict eye for prudent financiering. There are some constructive planning tasks that must be assumed now or never; there are others that will be less costly now than later. With city credit good so that interest rates are low, and with a proper system of retiring indebtedness in operation, a city often is called upon to countenance a temporarily high scale of expenditure in order to save money for subsequent generations.

Of course, much of the present debt represents excessive cost of administration, and this in turn is due to failure to eject as well as to curb Tammany and its spoilsmen. Under a system of selection of administrative officials such as obtains in Berlin or Glasgow much of the present running expense of the city would be cut out by efficient and honest service. But conditions in this respect are better in New York than they used to be. Direct and open looting of the treasury is not common. The taxpayer is getting more of his money back in good government than he used to get. Fiscal affairs are in the hands of competent officials. Public rights and municipal income are being conserved in construction and operation of new subways. Plans for extension and operation of the enlarged dock system call for methods that will produce income for the city. The ideals of Tweed, Croker and Murphy are passing. Consequently, a statement of such vast indebtedness does not bring with it the old-time alarm.

LET us hope that Henry Watterson, Kentucky's candidate for the presidency, may not hint in any way that the support of the Louisville Courier-Journal is more likely to harm than to help him. Or in case he should drop a remark to this effect, inadvertently or premeditatively, let us hope that he may not invite Dr. Wilson and Colonel Harvey down to Louisville to hear it.

Congress and Culture

A MAJORITY of the men sent to Congress by the American people are not deputed to serve because of their attainments as scholars, or as patrons of the fine arts, or as servitors of beauty. But neither are a majority of members of the British House of Commons, the French House of Deputies or the Reichstag of Germany so deputed. With the international trend of legislation affecting both foreign and domestic policies and making steadily toward elevation of economics to the place of primacy, it may be questioned whether even in Paris or Berlin the chances for the man of the study, the studio and the salon are quite so good as they once were. Mr. Balfour in England has stepped aside in order that a man of commerce may rule where he, a philosopher, and an amateur physicist and caustic critic like Lord Salisbury have been wont to marshal the party of privilege. No one will contend for a moment that either Asquith or Lloyd-George has the same glamour for the bookish man that was found in Lord Rosebery and Gladstone and that still makes Lord Morley by far the outstanding example in British political life of the union of political efficiency with the wisdom that transcends that which comes from dwelling exclusively in contact with "practical" men and being busy about gaining pounds and shillings.

Because Congress shares with other legislative bodies today a disposition to concentrate its attention on the mundane, economic and material sides of national life, being forced to by social changes that cannot be ignored, it does not follow that it is exempt from consideration of measures that originate in other quarters than the marts of trade and manufacturing. The republic needs beautiful raiment as well as food, shelter and warmth. All wise projects for civic recognition of art should be favored, and also everything that will broaden the range of education. Charters for societies or corporations that are to conserve patriotic, educational, artistic or literary ends and establish national standards in these realms should be granted readily without subjecting them to suspicion and formal attack that often only serve to display the ignorance, vulgarity and spurious patriotism of the critics. It is bad enough to be small, provincial and dogmatic in matters of taste; it is worse to glory in such limitations, and try to elevate the hostility against art, culture and beauty to the rank of a form of patriotism.

These remarks are apropos the reintroduction of bills incorporating the National Academy of Arts and Letters and the lesser organization, the National Institute of Arts and Letters. Motives prompting the organization of these societies are not undemocratic. Congressional recognition is not necessary for their existence. Incorporation by a liberal state is possible. But there are many reasons why the nation should give its favor to societies, voluntary in origin and self-perpetuating in character, that will attempt to do what the Academy in France has done for generations in conserving standards of taste and in promoting the higher intellectuality of the people.

Woman and Feathers and Furs

A WOMAN who frankly confesses that she has been an offender writes, in one of the fashion magazines, against the continued practise of wearing the feathers of birds and the skins of fur-bearing animals simply to satisfy vanity. She holds that neither feathers nor furs are essential to comfort or to style; that there are innumerable ways in which comfort and style may be conserved and promoted without them. It is her opinion that both are used mainly because they represent money expenditure, simply for display, and, therefore, that the wearing of them is not in line with good taste.

A very noticeable change has taken place in recent years with regard to the wearing of feathers. The Audubon Society has proceeded along rational lines, and the arguments it has brought forward have been so convincing that many who were at first disposed to regard the movement against bird destruction for millinery purposes as being purely and somewhat weakly sentimental, became convinced that it was based on sound economic and moral principles. Every community in these days contains a fair percentage of people who are adverse to the slaughter of wild birds for their plumage. The opposition to it is growing so rapidly and so steadily that it would be a pity to have it checked, as good movements often have been, by the mistakes of the overzealous.

The ends sought by those who advocate radical reformation along the lines indicated here can hardly be attained save through education of public thought to the point where these reforms shall be popularly acceptable and popularly demanded. Education, rather than agitation, is the great need of the hour in this as in many other respects. And education of the kind essential should begin with the children.

Detroit Will Think It Over

DETROIT has voted down by referendum what was known as the Thompson plan for a settlement of the street railway question. It got its name from the mayor, who has for years been a strong advocate of the reforms and changes it proposed. Among other things it provided for a three-cent fare and universal transfers at once, ten miles of car line extensions this year and ten-mile extensions annually hereafter, and the privilege of municipal purchase of the system on six months' notice any time within the next twelve years and ten months. A strong supporter of the plan, previous to the election, held that rejection would mean five-cent fares for an indefinite period, no transfers from three-cent lines without a five-cent fare, no extensions of lines, no improvement of service, endless litigation, turmoil, agitation, political intrigue, corrupting influences in the city government. Both sides of the question were put before the public plainly and in vigorous language. It can hardly be said that either party neglected a single point of advantage. The people of Detroit have been listening more or less patiently to traction controversy for the last twenty years. Discussion of the street railway question there has been as incessant and apparently as endless as in Cleveland, as hopeless as it once seemed to be in Chicago. The people were at length given an opportunity to pass upon it, and the result is contrary to the expectation of the advocates of radical reforms and changes.

There is no reason why a pessimistic view should be taken of the situation. Chicago has settled its traction question; it is on the high road to a solution of its entire urban transportation problem; and the situation at times has looked blacker there than it can possibly look today in Detroit. Cleveland is moving steadily toward a permanent settlement of its street railway question, and all the country knows what the people of that city have passed through. Nothing has been lost to the cause of sanity and righteousness by Tuesday's result in Detroit. The main thing is that the opportunity of employing the referendum did not sweep the public off its feet. It seems to have taken the matter coolly, to have registered its verdict calmly. This of itself is worth a great deal to Detroit. People who cannot be stampeded in the circumstances that have prevailed in that city during the last few weeks are hardly likely to make any serious mistakes. They will settle their traction question in due time, and they will settle it right.

THERE appear to be goin's as well as Cummins in Iowa.